#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

$\boxtimes$	Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934			
	for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024.			
		OR		
	Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934			
	for the transition period from to			
	Commission Fil	e Number: <u>001-34765</u>		
	Teucrium Co	ommodity Trust		
	(Exact name of registre	ant as specified in its charter)		
	Delaware		27-0724963	
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
		ite 215 Burlington, VT 05401 executive offices) (Zip code)		
		) <u>540-0019</u> number, including area code)		
	ate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities E as been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$ No	xchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12	months (or for such shorter period that the registrant v	was required to file such reports), and
	cate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted purtrant was required to submit such files). $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$ No	suant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.40	95 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or	for such shorter period that the
	cate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting pany," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	ng company or an emerging growth company.	See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "acceler	rated filer," "smaller reporting
	Large accelerated filer  Non-accelerated Filer  □	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company		
If an	emerging growth company, indicate by a check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for	complying with any new or revised financial	accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13	(a) of the Exchange Act. $\square$
Indi	eate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). $\Box$ Yes $\boxtimes$ No			
Indi	cate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the last practicable date.			
				Total Number of Outstanding Shares as of November 11, 2024
	rium Corn Fund			3,425,004
	rrium Sugar Fund rrium Soybean Fund			1,525,004 1,275,004
	rium Wheat Fund			24,900,004
	rium Agricultural Fund			412,502

Item 6. Exhibits

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## Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements.

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## TEUCRIUM COMMODITY TRUST COMBINED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	 September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2023
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 233,333,719	\$	292,237,362
Interest receivable	256,632		410,596
Other assets	50,691		5,362
Equity in trading accounts:			
Commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	2,854,932		2,367,012
Due from broker	20,905,606		30,935,806
Total equity in trading accounts	23,760,538		33,302,818
Total assets	\$ 257,401,580	\$	325,956,138
Liabilities			
Management fee payable to Sponsor	\$ 194,225	\$	276,900
Other liabilities	126,719		242,982
Payable for shares redeemed	657,430		-
Equity in trading accounts:			
Commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	9,228,773		10,888,842
Total liabilities	\$ 10,207,147	\$	11,408,724
Net Assets	\$ 247,194,433	\$	314,547,414

#### TEUCRIUM COMMODITY TRUST COMBINED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

Description: Assets	Yield Cost F		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares		
Cash equivalents							
Money market funds							
U.S. Bank Deposit Account		4.700%	\$ 32,441,635	S	32,441,635	13.12%	32,441,635
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		4.832%	64,705,441		64,705,441	26.18	64,705,441
Total money market funds			\$ 97,147,076	S	97,147,076	39.30%	
	Maturity Date	Yield	Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Principal Amount
Commercial Paper				_			
Bell Canada, Inc.	November 4, 2024	4.830%	\$ 9,947,112	S	9,955,044	4.03%	10,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 3, 2024	5.770%	4,932,516		4,998,430	2.02	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 8, 2024	5.559%	2,479,146		2,497,346	1.01	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 29, 2024	5.460%	4,950,122		4,979,156	2.01	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	November 21, 2024	5.296%	4,948,000		4,963,167	2.01	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	November 21, 2024	5.253%	2,475,275		2,481,725	1.00	2,500,000
CNH Industrial Capital LLC	October 31, 2024	5.163%	9,932,268		9,957,668	4.03	10,000,000
EIDP, Inc.	November 15, 2024	5.140%	4,950,202		4,968,438	2.01	5,000,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 4, 2024	5.355%	4,934,376		4,975,208	2.01	5,000,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 8, 2024	5.206%	4,943,222		4,973,030	2.01	5,000,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 21, 2024	5.142%	7,418,990		7,446,344	3.01	7,500,000
Glencore Funding LLC	October 31, 2024	5.234%	4,948,600		4,978,584	2.01	5,000,000
Glencore Funding LLC	December 18, 2024	4.750%	4,948,760		4,949,408	2.00	5,000,000
Glencore Funding LLC	December 20, 2024	4.751%	9,891,033		9,896,223	4.00	10,000,000
L3Harris Technologies, Inc.	October 24, 2024	5.303%	4,955,136		4,983,356	2.02	5,000,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 15, 2024	5.176%	9,859,328		9,880,366	4.00	9,900,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 17, 2024	5.104%	4,980,440		4,988,822	2.02	5,000,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 17, 2024	5.104%	 4,979,741		4,988,822	2.02	5,000,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$ 106,474,267	S	106,861,137	43.22%	
Total Cash Equivalents				S	204,008,213	82.52%	

	Number of Contracts			Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts				
United States corn futures contracts				
CBOT corn futures MAR25	1,	,007 \$ 852,1	132 0.34%	\$ 22,216,938
CBOT corn futures MAY25		845 628,6	527 0.25	19,044,188
United States soybean futures contracts				
CBOT soybean futures MAR25		175 376,0	0.15	9,524,375
United States sugar futures contracts				
ICE sugar futures MAY25		215 274,4	403 0.11	5,068,840
ICE sugar futures MAR26		226 209,3	343 0.08	5,047,213
United States wheat futures contracts				
CBOT wheat futures MAY25	1,	,344 514,3	389 0.21	41,378,400
Total commodity futures contracts		\$ 2,854,9	932 1.14%	\$ 102,279,954
Description: Liabilities	Number of Contracts	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Description: Elabinites	Contracts	Tan Value	Act Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts				
United States corn futures contracts				
CBOT corn futures DEC25	970	\$ 1,610,807	0.65% \$	22,019,000
United States soybean futures contracts				
CBOT soybean futures JAN25	207	916,886	0.37	11,128,838
CBOT soybean futures NOV25	202	500,925	0.20	11,056,975
United States sugar futures contracts				
ICE sugar futures JUL25	193	36,726	0.01	4,349,139
United States wheat futures contracts				
CBOT wheat futures MAR25	1,595	387,246	0.16	48,188,937
CBOT wheat futures DEC25	1,491	5,776,183	2.34	48,122,025
Total commodity futures contracts		\$ 9,228,773	3.73% \$	144,864,914
			Percentage of	
Exchange-traded funds*	Cost	Fair Value	Net Assets	Shares
Teucrium Corn Fund		\$ 2,945,045	1.19%	159,401
Teucrium Soybean Fund		2,964,805	1.20	128,582
Teucrium Sugar Fund		2,897,952	1.17	220,400
Teucrium Wheat Fund		2,943,893	1.19	562,112
Total exchange-traded funds	\$ 13,494,437	\$ 11,751,695	4.75%	

<sup>\*</sup>The Trust eliminates the shares owned by the Teucrium Agricultural Fund from its combined statements of assets and liabilities due to the fact that these represent holdings of the other four Funds ("Underlying Funds") owned by the Teucrium Agricultural Fund, which are included as shares outstanding of the Underlying Funds.

# TEUCRIUM COMMODITY TRUST COMBINED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS December 31, 2023

					Percentage of	
Description: Assets	Yield	Cost	Fair Value		Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents						
Money market funds						
U.S. Bank Deposit Account	5.270%	\$ 39,325,186	S	39,325,186	12.50%	39,325,186
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class	5.250%	80,722,654		80,722,654	25.66	80,722,654
Total money market funds		\$ 120,047,840	S	120,047,840	38.16%	

	Maturity				Percentage of	Principal
	Date	Yield	Cost	Fair Value	Net Assets	Amount
Commercial Paper						
Albemarle Corporation	January 3, 2024		\$ 4,950,475	\$ 4,998,428	1.59%	5,000,000
Albemarle Corporation	January 4, 2024	5.753%	4,960,764	4,997,646	1.59	5,000,000
Albemarle Corporation	January 8, 2024	5.738%	4,952,302	4,994,526	1.59	5,000,000
Albemarle Corporation	January 11, 2024	5.808%	4,956,460	4,992,083	1.59	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 9, 2024	5.794%	4,979,416	4,993,666	1.59	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 16, 2024	5.853%	4,933,150	4,988,062	1.59	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 30, 2024	5.814%	3,032,227	3,040,948	0.97	3,055,000
Entergy Corporation	March 1, 2024	5.665%	7,402,875	7,430,625	2.36	7,500,000
FMC Corporation	January 19, 2024	5.816%	7,466,634	7,478,550	2.38	7,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	January 18, 2024	5.617%	7,420,795	7,480,486	2.38	7,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	January 24, 2024	5.661%	4,941,417	4,982,271	1.58	5,000,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	February 9, 2024	5.700%	7,397,667	7,454,648	2.37	7,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	January 9, 2024	5.843%	4,949,066	4,993,634	1.59	5,000,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 1, 2024	5.867%	7,441,200	7,462,800	2.37	7,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 14, 2024	5.927%	7,421,323	7,446,741	2.37	7,500,000
National Fuel Gas Company	January 8, 2024	5.867%	4,960,800	4,994,400	1.59	5,000,000
National Fuel Gas Company	January 26, 2024	5.941%	2,478,948	2,489,879	0.79	2,500,000
Oracle Corporation	March 6, 2024	5.562%	4,934,904	4,950,799	1.57	5,000,000
Stanley Black & Decker, Inc.	January 22, 2024	5.807%	7,437,063	7,475,063	2.38	7,500,000
V.F. Corporation	January 17, 2024	5.674%	4,936,679	4,987,645	1.59	5,000,000
V.F. Corporation	January 18, 2024	5.606%	4,947,292	4,987,014	1.59	5,000,000
V.F. Corporation	January 25, 2024	5.910%	4,928,362	4,950,783	1.57	4,970,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 3, 2024	5.793%	4,981,792	4,998,416	1.59	5,000,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 12, 2024	5.849%	7,461,666	7,486,824	2.38	7,500,000
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	January 12, 2024	6.028%	7,950,009	7,985,529	2.54	8,000,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$ 142,223,286	\$ 143,041,466	45.50%	
Total Cash Equivalents				\$ 263,089,306	83.66%	

	Number of Contracts	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity and Cryptocurrency futures contracts				
United States wheat futures contracts				
CBOT wheat futures MAY24	2,018	\$ 3	63,500 0.12%	\$ 64,525,550
CBOT wheat futures JUL24	1,711	1,8	373,993 0.60	55,243,913
United States CME Bitcoin futures contracts				
CME Bitcoin futures JAN24	6	1	29,519 0.04	1,274,550
Total commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts		\$ 2,3	667,012 0.76%	\$ 121,044,013
Description: Liabilities	Number of Contracts	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Description: Liabilities	Contracts	ran value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity and Cryptocurrency futures contracts				
United States corn futures contracts				
CBOT corn futures MAY24	1,171	\$ 1,1	02,254 0.35%	\$ \$ 28,338,200
CBOT com futures JUL24	983	3	84,407 0.12	24,280,100
CBOT corn futures DEC24	1,128	6	595,480 0.22	28,397,400
United States soybean futures contracts				
CBOT soybean futures MAR24	156	(	517,118 0.20	10,124,400
CBOT soybean futures MAY24	133	6	533,749 0.20	8,693,213
CBOT soybean futures NOV24	164	1	40,794 0.04	10,215,150
United States sugar futures contracts				
ICE sugar futures MAY24	270	1,0	051,261 0.33	6,175,008
ICE sugar futures JUL24	233	1,1	28,473 0.36	5,326,193
ICE sugar futures MAR25	268	5	508,264 0.16	6,216,314
United States wheat futures contracts				
CBOT wheat futures DEC24	1,924	4,5	75,666 1.45	64,357,800
United States CME Bitcoin futures contracts				
CME Bitcoin futures FEB24	6		51,376 0.02	1,288,500
Total commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts			888,842 3.45%	\$ 193,412,278
			Percentage of	
Exchange-traded funds*	Cost	Fair Value	Net Assets	Shares
Teucrium Corn Fund		\$ 4.5	667.949 1.45%	211,348
Teucrium Soybean Fund			546,758 1.45	168,219
Teucrium Sugar Fund			524,253 1.47	371,871
Teucrium Wheat Fund			662,940 1.48	779,782
Total exchange-traded funds	\$ 19,469,359		101,900 5.85%	

<sup>\*</sup>The Trust eliminates the shares owned by the Teucrium Agricultural Fund from its combined statements of assets and liabilities due to the fact that these represent holdings of the Underlying Funds owned by the Teucrium Agricultural Fund, which are included as shares outstanding of the Underlying Funds.

## TEUCRIUM COMMODITY TRUST COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

Income	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023*	Nine months ended September 30, 2024*	Nine months ended September 30, 2023*
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on trading of commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts:					
Realized loss on commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	ç	(21,399,745)	\$ (42,896,164)	\$ (40,897,827)	\$ (85,437,409)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	3	20,349,853	11,792,810	2,340,515	(2,677,343)
Interest income		3,044,735	4,636,897	10,273,773	13,164,733
		1,994,843	(26,466,457)	(28,283,539)	
Total income (loss)		1,994,043	(20,400,437)	(28,283,339)	(74,950,019)
Expenses					
		586,469	890.028	1.953,242	2,729,807
Management fees Professional fees		309,008	589,097	992,212	1,592,324
Distribution and marketing fees		996,530	1,024,521	2,892,948	2,928,637
Custodian fees and expenses		99,456	115,736	269,832	333,733
Business permits and licenses fees		28,751	42,299	120,079	113,427
General and administrative expenses		71,085	52,966	225,318	226,049
Other expenses		7	8	95	8
Total expenses		2,091,306	2,714,655	6,453,726	7,923,985
Expenses waived by the Sponsor		(40,557)	(168,505)	(244,785)	(578,373)
Total expenses, net		2,050,749	2,546,150	6,208,941	7,345,612
Net loss	\$	(55,906)	\$ (29,012,607)	\$ (34,492,480)	\$ (82,295,631)

<sup>\*</sup>The Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF was transferred to the Tidal Commodities Trust I as described in Note 1 to these financials. The operations include the activity of the Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF through January 3, 2024, the date of liquidation.

## TEUCRIUM COMMODITY TRUST COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023*		Nine months ended September 30, 2024*		e months ended ember 30, 2023*
Operations							
Net loss	\$	(55,906)	\$	(29,012,607)	\$	(34,492,480)	\$ (82,295,631)
Capital transactions							
Distribution of Net Assets to Acquiring Fund		-		-		(2,574,071)	-
Issuance of Shares		30,198,694		86,241,260		65,166,260	140,135,089
Redemption of Shares		(25,907,639)		(36,803,533)		(100,535,730)	(198,374,229)
Net change in the cost of the Underlying Funds		1,909,421		1,925,978		5,083,040	16,768,140
Total capital transactions		6,200,476		51,363,705		(32,860,501)	(41,471,000)
Net change in net assets	S	6,144,570		22,351,098	S	(67,352,981)	(123,766,631)
Net assets, beginning of period	S	241,049,863		319,257,869	S	314,547,414	465,375,598
, 5 5 .							
Net assets, end of period	\$	247,194,433	\$	341,608,967	\$	247,194,433	\$ 341,608,967

<sup>\*</sup> The Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF was transferred to the Tidal Commodities Trust I as described in Note 1 to these financials. The operations include the activity of the Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF through January 3, 2024, the date of liquidation.

## TEUCRIUM COMMODITY TRUST COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		 ine months ended ptember 30, 2023*
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (34,4	192,480)	\$ (82,295,631)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	(2,3	340,515)	2,677,343
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Due from broker	10,0	030,200	17,682,300
Interest receivable	1	143,667	(211,372)
Other assets		(35,032)	(34,583)
Due to broker		-	997,931
Management fee payable to Sponsor		(82,675)	(138,121)
Other liabilities	()	116,263)	 107,088
Net cash used in operating activities	(26,8	393,098)	(61,215,045)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Distribution to Acquiring Fund upon consummation of merger and liquidation agreement - see Note 1 to the financial statements	(2.3	381,545)	
Proceeds from sale of Shares		166,260	141,479,919
Redemption of Shares	(99,8	378,300)	(208,558,144)
Net change in cost of the Underlying Funds	5,0	083,040	16,768,140
Net cash used in financing activities	(32,0	)10,545)	(50,310,085)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(58.0	903,643)	(111,525,130)
Avec trange in team and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period		237,362	434,062,296
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	\$ 233,3	333,719	\$ 322,537,166

<sup>\*</sup> The Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF was transferred to the Tidal Commodities Trust I as described in Note 1 to these financials. The operations include the activity of the Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF through January 3, 2024, the date of liquidation.

#### NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust organized on September 11, 2009, is a series trust consisting of five series: Teucrium Corn Fund ("CORN"), Teucrium Sugar Fund ("CANE"), Teucrium Soybean Fund ("SOYB"), Teucrium Wheat Fund ("WEAT"), and Teucrium Agricultural Fund ("TAGS"). Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF ("DEFI") was a series of the Trust prior to the merger closing on January 3, 2024. As discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, the Trust, on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures Fund ("Acquired Fund"), and Tidal Commodities Trust I, on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures Fund ("Acquired Fund"), and Tidal Commodities Trust I, on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures Fund, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger and Liquidation dated as of October 30, 2023 ("Plan of Merger"). The Merger closed on January 3, 2024. Upon such closing, the Plan of Merger caused all of the Acquired Fund's shares to be canceled and the Acquired Fund to be liquidated. A Form 15 was filed with the SEC to de-register the Acquired Fund under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), which terminates the Exchange Act reporting obligations of the Acquired Fund. While the Acquired Fund's financials are included in the combined Trust financials for historical periods and for the stub period from January 1, 2024, to January 3, 2024, separate financial statements for the Acquired Fund are not provided. All of these series of the Trust are Celevity Preferred to as the "Funds" and singularly as the "Fundis" and singularly as the "Fundis" ach of Preferred to as the "Fundis" and singularly as the "Fundis" and singularly as the "Fundis" and Fundis as a commodity pool that is a series of the Trust. The Fundis issue common units, called the "Shares," representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in a Fund. Effective as of April 29, 2019, the Trust and the Funds operate pursuant to the Trust's Fifth Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust and Trust and Trust Agreement").

On June 7, 2010, the initial Form S-1 for CORN was declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). On June 8, 2010, four Creation Baskets for CORN were issued representing 200,000 shares and \$5,000,000. CORN began trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area on June 9, 2010. The current registration statement for CORN was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for CORN registered an indeterminate number of shares.

On June 13, 2011, the initial Forms S-1 for CANE, SOYB, and WEAT were declared effective by the SEC. On September 16, 2011, two Creation Baskets were issued for each Fund, representing 100,000 shares and \$2,500,000, for CANE, SOYB, and WEAT Started trading on the NYSE Area. The current registration statements for CANE and SOYB were declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. The registration statements for SOYB and CANE registered an indeterminate number of shares. The current registration statement for WEAT was declared effective on March 9, 2022. This registration statement for WEAT registered an indeterminate number of shares.

On February 10, 2012, the Form S-1 for TAGS was declared effective by the SEC. On March 27, 2012, six Creation Baskets for TAGS were issued representing 300,000 shares and \$15,000,000. TAGS began trading on the NYSE Area on March 28, 2012. The current registration statement for TAGS was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for TAGS registered an indeterminate number of shares.

On September 14, 2022, the Form S-1 for DEFI was declared effective by the SEC. This registration statement for DEFI registered an indeterminate number of shares. On September 15, 2022, five Creation Baskets for DEFI were issued representing 50,000 shares and \$1,250,000. DEFI began trading on the NYSE Area on September 16, 2022.

As reported by the registrant on a Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 7, 2023 (File No. 001-34765), Teucrium Commodity Trust (the "Teucrium Trust"), on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF ("Acquiring Fund"), and Tidal Commodities Trust I ("Acquiring Trust"), on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF ("Acquiring Fund"), entered into an Agreement and Plan of Partnership Merger and Liquidation dated as of October 30, 2023 (the "Plan of Merger"). The Merger closed on January 3, 2024 (the "Closing Date").

Pursuant to the Plan of Merger, each Acquired Fund shareholder received one share of the Acquiring Fund for every one share of the Acquired Fund held on the Closing Date based on the net asset value per share of the Acquiring Fund being equal to the net asset value per share of the Acquired Fund and assumed all the liabilities of the Acquired Fund with a distribution. Upon the Merger closing, the Plan of Merger caused all of the Acquired Fund and assumed all the liabilities of the Acquired Fund with a distribution. Upon the Merger closing, the Plan of Merger caused all of the Acquired Fund's shares to be cancelled and the Acquired Fund to be liquidated.

The sponsor of the Teucrium Trust, Teucrium Trading, LLC ("Teucrium"), is not receiving any compensation dependent on the consummation of the Merger. Pursuant to a certain Amended and Restated '33 Act Fund Platform Support Agreement, as amended (the "Support Agreement") among Tidal Investments LLC (Tk/a Toroso Investments, LLC) ("Tidal"), Tidal ETF Services, LLC, Hashdex Asset Management Ltd., and Teucrium, Tidal has agreed to provide Teucrium after the Merger with a monthly amount equal to the greater of seven percent (7%) of the management fee paid to Tidal from the Acquiring Fund and 0.04% of monthly average net assets of the Acquiring Fund ("Teucrium Compensation"). Any payment of the Teucrium Compensation will be made from the resources of Tidal and not from the assets of the Acquiring Fund.

Teucrium Trading, LLC is the sponsor ("Sponsor") of the Trust. The Sponsor is a member of the National Futures Association (the "NFA") and became a commodity pool operator ("CPO") registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") effective November 10, 2009. The Sponsor registered as a Commodity Trading Advisor ("CTA") with the CFTC effective September 8, 2017.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC and, therefore, do not include all information and footnote disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such financial information reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the Trust's financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related notes included in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the most recent Form S-1 filing, as applicable. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2024.

Subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, Teucrium Trading, LLC in its capacity as the Sponsor of the Trust may terminate a Fund at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, including, for instance, if it determines that the Fund's aggregate net assets in relation to its operating expenses make the continued operation of the Fund unreasonable or imprudent. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate a Fund.

## Note 2 - Principal Contracts and Agreements

The Sponsor employs U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services"), for Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services. The principal address for Global Fund Services is 615 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee, WI 53202.

For custody services, the Funds will pay to U.S. Bank N.A. 0.0075% of average gross assets up to \$1 billion, and .0050% of average gross assets over \$1 billion, annually, plus certain per-transaction charges. For Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services, which are based on the total assets for all the Funds in the Trust, the Funds will pay to Global Fund Services 0.05% of average gross assets on the first \$500 million, 0.04% on the next \$500 million, 0.03% on the next \$500 million, annually. A combined minimum annual fee of up to \$47,000 for custody, transfer agency, accounting and administrative services is assessed per Fund. These services are recorded as custodian fees and expenses on the combined statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

The Sponsor employs PINE Distributors, LLC ("PINE" or the "Marketing Agent") as the Marketing Agent for the Funds. The Distribution Services Agreement among the Marketing Agent and the Sponsor calls for the Marketing Agent to work with the Custodian in connection with the receipt and processing of orders for Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets and the review and approval of all Fund sales literature and advertising materials. The Marketing Agent and the Sponsor have also entered into a Securities Activities and Service Agreement (the "SASA") under which certain employees and officers of the Sponsor are licensed as registered representatives or registered principals of the Marketing Agent, under Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules. For its services as the Marketing Agent, PINE receives a fee of 0.0075% of each Fund's average daily net assets and agergate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of \$3,500 per registered representative and \$7,500 administration program fee. These services are recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the combined statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

Marex Capital Markets, Inc. ("Marex") and StoneX Financial Inc. ("StoneX") serve as the Funds' clearing brokers to execute and clear futures contracts and provide other brokerage-related services. Marex and StoneX are each registered as futures commission merchants ("FCM") with the U.S. CFTC and are members of the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the SEC and are each a member of FINRA. Marex and StoneX are each clearing members of ICE Futures U.S., Inc., Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, New York Mercantile Exchange, and all other major United States commodity exchanges. For Corn, Soybean, Sugar and Wheat Futures exis paid \$3.00 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. StoneX is paid \$2.50 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. Additionally, if the monthly commissions paid by each Fund does not equal or exceed 16.5% return on the StoneX capital Requirement at 9.6% of the Exchange Maintenance Margin, each Fund will pay a true up to meet that return at the end of each month. These expenses are recognized on a per-trade basis. The half-turn is recognized as an unrealized loss on the combined statements of operations, and a full turn is recognized as a realized loss on the combined statements of operations, and a full turn is recognized as an unrealized for on the combined statements of operations, when a contract is sold. For Bitcoin futures contracts, StoneX is paid \$10.00 - \$25.00 per half-turn exclusive of pass through fees for the exchange and NFA. A summary of these expenses can be found under the heading, \*Brokerage\*\* Commissions.

The sole Trustee of the Trust is Wilmington Trust Company, a Delaware banking corporation. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act. For its services, the Trustee receives an annual fee of \$3,300 from the Trust. These services are recorded in business permits and licenses fees on the combined statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		hree months ended eptember 30, 2023			months ended Nine mor mber 30, 2024 September	
Amount Recognized for Custody Services	\$	99,456	\$ 115,736	\$	269,832	\$	333,733
Amount of Custody Services Waived	\$	3,772	\$ 3,360	\$	12,757	\$	19,876
Amount Recognized for Distribution Services	S	24,432	\$ 35,012	\$	98,333	\$	111,505
Amount of Distribution Services Waived	\$	837	\$ 1,835	\$	3,760	\$	6,771
Amount Recognized for Wilmington Trust	\$	-	\$ 3,300	\$		\$	3,300
Amount of Wilmington Trust Waived	\$	-	\$ 171	\$	-	\$	171

## Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a combined basis in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification and include the accounts of the Trust, CORN, CANE, SOYB, WEAT, TAGS and DEFI. Refer to the accompanying separate financial statements for each Fund for more detailed information. The periods represented by the financial statements herein contain the results of CORN, SOYB, CANE, WEAT, TAGS and DEFI for the months during which each Fund was in operation, except for eliminations for TAGS as explained below.

Given the investment objective of TAGS as described in Note 1 above, TAGS will buy, sell, and hold, as part of its normal operations, shares of the four Underlying Agricultural Funds. The Trust eliminates the shares of the other series of the Trust owned by TAGS from its combined statements of assets and liabilities. The Trust eliminates the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on securities owned by TAGS from its combined statements of operations. The combined statements of changes in net assets and cash flows present a net presentation of the purchases and sales of the Underlying Funds by TAGS.

#### Revenue Recognition

Commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts are recorded on the trade date. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts are reflected in the combined statements of operations as the difference between the original contract amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the combined statements of operations. Interest on cash equivalents with financial institutions are recognized on an accrual basis. The Funds earn interest on funds held at the custodian and other financial institutions at prevailing market rates for such investments.

The Sponsor invests a portion of cash in commercial paper, which is deemed a cash equivalent based on the rating and duration of contracts as described in the notes to the combined financial statements and reflected in cash and cash equivalents on the combined statements of assets and liabilities and on the combined statements of cash flows. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the combined statements of operations.

The Sponsor invests a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the combined statements of operations.

#### **Brokerage Commissions**

The Sponsor recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per-trade basis. The below table shows the amounts included on the combined statements of operations as total brokerage commissions paid inclusive of unrealized loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

		CORN		SOYB		CANE	WEAT		TAGS	DEFI		TRUST
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$	17,785	\$	1,806	\$	2,913	\$ 26,622	\$	-	\$ -	\$	49,126
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$	23,697	\$	2,220	\$	3,707	\$ 40,896	\$	-	\$ 593	\$	71,113
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$	39,697	\$	8,151	\$	8,529	\$ 62,986	\$	-	\$ -	\$	119,363
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	S	54.865	S	10.999	S	19.661	\$ 85.354	S		\$ 1.970	S	172.849

#### Income Taxes

The Trust is organized and will be operated as a Delaware statutory trust. For federal income tax purposes, each Fund will be treated as a publicly traded partnership is generally treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes unless 90% or more of the publicly traded partnership's gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of qualifying income as defined in section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Qualifying income is defined as generally including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, and gains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In the case of a partnership of which a principal activity is the buying and selling of commodities, other than as inventory, or of futures, forwards, options with respect to commodities and, provided the partnership is a trader or investor with respect to such assets, swaps and other notional principal contracts with respect to commodities. Each Fund expects that at least 90% of the Fund's gross income for each taxable year will consist of qualifying income and that the Fund will be taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Therefore, the Funds do not record a provision for income taxes because the shareholders report their share of a Fund's income or loss on their income tax returns. The financial statements reflect the Funds' transactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.

The Funds are required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Funds file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions. For all tax years 2021 to 2023, the Funds remain subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Funds recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. Based on their analysis, the Funds have determined that they have not incurred any liability for unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2024, and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021. However, the Funds' conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analysis of and changes to tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof.

There is very limited authority on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of bitcoin and no direct authority on bitcoin derivatives, such as Bitcoin Futures Contracts. Bitcoin Futures Contracts more likely than not will be considered futures with respect to commodities for purposes of the qualifying income exception under section 7704 of the Code. Based on a CFTC determination that treats bitcoin as a commodity under the CEA, the Fund intends to take the position that Bitcoin Futures Contracts consist of futures on commodities for purposes of the qualifying income exception under section 7704 of the Code. Shareholders should be aware that the Fund's position is not binding on the IRS, and no assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge the Fund's position, or that the IRS or a court will not ultimately reach a contrary conclusion, which would result in the material adverse consequences to Shareholders and the Fund.

The Funds recognize interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax fees payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Funds may be subject to potential examination by U.S. federal, U.S. state, or foreign jurisdictional authorities in the area of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions, and compliance with U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax laws.

#### Creations and Redemption.

Authorized Purchasers may purchase Creation Basket sfrom each Fund. The amount of the proceeds required to purchase a Creation Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Creation Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) time on the day the order to create the basket is received in good order.

Authorized Purchasers may redeem shares from each Fund only in blocks of shares called "Redemption Baskets." The amount of the redemption proceeds for a Redemption Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Redemption Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to redeem the basket is received in good order.

Each Fund receives or pays the proceeds from shares sold or redeemed within three business days after the trade date of the purchase or redemption. The amounts due from Authorized Purchasers are reflected in the statements of assets and liabilities as capital shares receivable. Amounts payable to Authorized Purchasers upon redemption are reflected in the statements of assets and liabilities as payable for shares redeemed.

There are a minimum number of baskets and associated Shares specified for each Fund in the Fund's respective prospectus, as amended from time to time. If a Fund experienced redemptions that caused the number of Shares outstanding to decrease to the minimum level of Shares required to be outstanding, until the minimum number of Shares is again exceeded through the purchase of a new Creation Basket, there can be no more redemptions by an Authorized Purchaser. These minimum levels are as follows:

CORN: 50,000 shares representing 2 baskets SOYB: 50,000 shares representing 2 baskets CANE: 50,000 shares representing 2 baskets WEAT: 50,000 shares representing 2 baskets TAGS: 50,000 shares representing 4 baskets

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of 90 days or less when acquired. The Trust reported its cash equivalents in the combined statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short-term maturities. Each Fund that is a series of the Trust has the balance of its cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions. The Trust holds a balance in money market funds that is included in cash and cash equivalents on the combined statements of assets and liabilities. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in investment grade commercial paper with durations of 90 days or less, which is classified as a cash equivalents. Asset deposited with the bank may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in investment grade commercial paper with durations of 90 days or less, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured. The Sponsor may invest a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured.

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Money Market Funds	\$ 97,147,076	\$ 120,047,840
Demand Deposit Savings Accounts	29,325,506	29,148,056
Commercial Paper	106,861,137	143,041,466
Total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the combined Statement of Assets and Liabilities	\$ 233,333,719	\$ 292,237,362

#### Payable for Purchases of Commercial Paper

The amount recorded by the Trust for commercial paper transactions awaiting settlement represents the amount payable for contracts purchased but not yet settled as of the reporting date. The value of the contract is included in cash and cash equivalents, and the payable amount is included as a liability.

#### Due from/to Broke

The amount recorded by the Trust for the amount due from and to the clearing broker includes, but is not limited to, eash held by the broker, amounts payable to the clearing broker related to open transactions, payables for commodities futures accounts liquidating to an equity balance on the clearing broker's records, and amounts of brokerage commissions paid and recognized as unrealized losses.

Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements, price fluctuations occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular future set from time to time by the exchange on which the contract is traded and may be modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract. Brokerage firms, such as the Funds' clearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out-of-the-money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Funds' trading, the Funds (and not their shareholders personally) are subject to margin calls.

Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated, and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

#### Payable/Receivable for Securities Purchased/Sola

Due from/to broker for investments in securities are securities transactions pending settlement. The Trust and the Funds are subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with whom it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The management of the Trust and the Funds monitors the financial condition of such brokers and does not anticipate any losses from these counterparties. The principal broker through which the Trust and TAGS can execute securities transactions for TAGS is U.S. Bank N.A.

#### Sponsor Fee, Allocation of Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the objectives and policies of the Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency, compliance, and other necessary services to the Fund, including services directly attributable to the Fund such as accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities. In some cases, at its discretion, the Sponsor may elect not to outsource certain of these expenses.

In addition, the Agricultural Funds, except for TAGS, which has no such fee, are contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum.

The Agricultural Funds generally pay for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therwith. Each Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Funds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respective Funds based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, training activities, and insurance costs, as well as fees paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to services provided by the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor; these are necessary services to the Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing accounting and financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Funds and are, primarily, included as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. These amounts, for the Trust and for each Fund, are detailed in the notes to the financial statements included in Part 1 of this filing.

DEFI was contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 0.94% per annum. From the Management Fee, the Sponsor pays all of the routine operational, administrative and other ordinary expenses of the Fund, generally as determined by the Sponsor, including but not limited to, fees and expenses of the Administrator, Custodian, Marketing Agent, Transfer Agent, licensors, accounting and audit fees expenses, tax preparation expenses, legal fees, ongoing SEC registration fees, individual Schedule K-1 preparation and mailing fees, and report preparation and mailing expenses. These fees and expenses are not included in the breakeven table because they are paid for by the Sponsor through the proceeds from the Management Fee. The Fund pays all of its non-recurring and unusual fees and expenses, if any, as determined by the Sponsor. Non-recurring and unusual fees and expenses are unexpected or unusual in nature, such as legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs or indemnification or other unanticipated expenses. Extraordinary fees and expenses are not deemed extraordinary expenses.

	Three months	ended	Three mon		Nin	e months ended	Nine:	months ended
	September 30	, 2024	September	30, 2023	Sept	tember 30, 2024	Septer	mber 30, 2023
Recognized Related Party Transactions	\$	545,219	\$	566,723	\$	1,981,686	\$	1,889,702
Waived Related Party Transactions	S	18,684	S	1.347	S	47,589	S	70,069

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and Management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund. The Sponsor has determined that there will be no recovery sought for the amounts below in any future period.

	COR	N	SOYB	CANE	WEAT	TAGS	DEFI	TRUST
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 40,557	\$ -	\$ 40,557
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,482	\$ 91,023	\$ 168,505
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 182,476	\$ 62,309	\$ 244,785
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355,731	\$ 222,642	\$ 578,373

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Trust uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed hased on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Trust has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 futures contracts held by CORN, SOYB, CANE, WEAT and DEFI, the securities of the Underlying Funds held by TAGS, and any other securities held by any Fund, together referenced throughout this filing as "financial instruments." Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values due to the occurrent states are that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the financial instruments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Fund in determining fair value is greatest for financial instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy, within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Trust's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Trust uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many financial instruments. This condition could cause a financial instrument on lower level within the fair value hierarchy, For instance, when Com Futures Contracts on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT") are not actively trading due to a "limit-up" or limit-down" condition, meaning that the daily change in the Corn Futures Contracts has exceeded the limits established, the Trust and the Fund will revert to alternative verifiable sources of valuation of its assets. When such a situation exists on a quarter close, the Sponsor will calculate the NAV on a particular day using the Level 1 valuation but will later recalculate the NAV for the impacted Fund based upon the valuation inputs from these alternative verifiable sources (Level 2 or Level 3) and will report such NAV in its applicable financial statements and reports.

On September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, in the opinion of the Trust, the reported value at the close of the market for each commodity and cryptocurrency contract fairly reflected the value of the futures and no alternative valuations were required.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Funds did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

The Funds and the Trust record their derivative activities at fair value. Gains and losses from derivative contracts are included in the statements of operations. Derivative contracts include futures contracts related to commodity prices. Futures, which are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the CBOT and the ICE, or reported on another national market, are generally categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. OTC derivatives contracts (such as forward and swap contracts), which may be valued using models, depending on whether significant inputs are observable or unobservable, are categorized in Levels 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Investments in the securities of the Underlying Funds are freely traded and listed on the NYSE Area. These investments are valued at the NAV of the Underlying Fund as of the valuation date as calculated by the administrator based on the exchange-quoted prices of the commodity futures contracts held by the Underlying Fund.

#### Expenses

Expenses are recorded using the accrual method of accounting.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") issued ASU 2023-06 – Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. The amendments require an entity to disclose its accounting policy for where cash flows associated with derivative instruments and their related gains and losses are presented. The Trust and Funds already disclose the accounting policy related to the derivative gains and losses presented on the cash flow statement. The amendment was adopted early for the period ended December 31, 2023. There is no impact to the financial statements of the Trust or the Funds.

The FASB issued ASU 2023-01, related to Leases – (Topic 842). The response to concerns about applying Topic 842 to related party arrangements between entities under common control. The update was adopted early for the quarter ended March 31, 2023; the adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements and disclosures of the Trust or the Funds.

## Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The Trust's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy as described in the Trust's significant accounting policies in Note 3. The following table presents information about the Trust's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

					Balanc	ce as of September 30,
Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	1	Level 3		2024
Cash Equivalents	\$ 204,008,213	\$	\$	-	\$	204,008,213
Commodity Futures Contracts						
Corn futures contracts	1,480,759			-		1,480,759
Soybean futures contracts	376,038	-		-		376,038
Sugar futures contracts	483,746			-		483,746
Wheat futures contracts	514,389	-		-		514,389
Total	\$ 206,863,145	\$	\$	-	\$	206,863,145

Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balanc	e as of September 30, 2024
Commodity Futures Contracts					
Corn futures contracts	\$ 1,610,807	\$ -	\$	\$	1,610,807
Soybean futures contracts	1,417,811				1,417,811
Sugar futures contracts	36,726	-			36,726
Wheat futures contracts	6,163,429				6,163,429
Total	\$ 9,228,773	\$ 	\$	\$	9,228,773
				Balan	ce as of December 31,
Assets:	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	<u></u>	2023
Cash Equivalents	\$ 263,089,306	\$ -	\$	\$	263,089,306
Commodity and Cryptocurrency Futures Contracts					
Wheat futures contracts	2,237,493				2,237,493
Bitcoin futures contracts	 129,519	 -			129,519
Total	\$ 265,456,318	\$ 	\$	\$	265,456,318
Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balan	ce as of December 31, 2023
Commodity and Cryptocurrency Futures Contracts	-				
Corn futures contracts	\$ 2,182,141	\$ -	\$	\$	2,182,141
Soybean futures contracts	1,391,661				1,391,661
Sugar futures contracts	2,687,998				2,687,998
Wheat futures contracts	4,575,666				4,575,666
Bitcoin futures contracts	51,376	-			51,376
Total	\$ 10,888,842	\$	\$	\$	10,888,842

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Funds did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy. The determination is made as of the settlement of the futures contracts on the last day of trading for the reporting period. In making the determination of a Level 1 or Level 2 transfer, the Funds consider the average volume of the specific underlying futures contracts traded on the relevant exchange for the periods being reported.

See the Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy section in Note 3 above for an explanation of the transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy.

## Note 5 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

In the normal course of business, the Funds utilize derivative contracts in connection with its proprietary trading activities. Investments in derivative contracts are subject to additional risks that can result in a loss of all or part of an investment. The Funds' derivative activities and exposure to derivative contracts are classified by the following primary underlying risks: interest rate, credit, commodity price, and equity price risks. In addition to its primary underlying risks, the Funds are also subject to additional counterparty risk due to the inability of its counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Funds invested only in commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts specifically related to each Fund.

#### Futures Contracts

The Funds are subject to commodity and cryptocurrency price risk in the normal course of pursuing their investment objectives. A futures contract represents a commitment for the future purchase or sale of an asset at a specified price on a specified date.

The purchase and sale of futures contracts requires margin deposits with an FCM. Subsequent payments (variation margin) are made or received by each Fund each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded as unrealized gains or losses by each Fund. Futures contracts may reduce the Funds' exposure to counterparty risk since futures contracts are exchange-traded; and the exchange's clearinghouse, as the counterparty to all exchange-traded futures, guarantees the futures against default.

The Commodity Exchange Act requires an FCM to segregate all customer transactions and assets from the FCM's proprietary activities. A customer's cash and other equity deposited with an FCM are considered commingled with all other customer funds subject to the FCM's segregation requirements. In the event of an FCM's insolvency, recovery may be limited to each Fund's pro rata share of segregated customer funds available. It is possible that the recovery amount could be less than the total of cash and other equity

The following table discloses information about offsetting assets and liabilities presented in the combined statements of assets and liabilities to enable users of these financial statements to evaluate the effect of netting arrangements for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are presented as defined in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-11 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" and subsequently clarified in FASB ASU 2013-01 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities."

The following table also identifies the fair value amounts of derivative instruments included in the combined statements of assets and liabilities as derivative contracts, categorized by primary underlying risk, and held by the FCMs, Marex, and StoneX as of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023.

\*The amount of collateral presented in Collateral, Due from Broker, is limited to the liability for the futures contracts and accordingly does not include the excess collateral pledged.

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of September 30, 2024		(i)		(ii)		(iii) = (i-ii)	G	(iv ross Amount Not Offset in	the S	tatement of Assets and		(v) = (iii)-(iv)
Description		amount of		oss Amount Offset in Statement of Assets and Liabilities		Amount Presented in Statement of Assets and Liabilities	_	Futures Contracts Available for Offset		ollateral, Due to Broker		Net Amount
Commodity Price												
Corn futures contracts	\$	1,480,759	\$		\$	1,480,759	S	1,480,759	\$		S	
Soybean futures contracts	S	376,038	\$		\$	376,038	\$	376,038	\$		S	
Sugar futures contracts	\$	483,746	\$		\$	483,746	S	36,726	\$		S	447,020
Wheat futures contracts	S	514,389	\$		\$	514,389	S	514,389	\$		S	
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of September		(i)		(ii) (iii) = (i-ii) (iv)  Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		tatement of Assets and		(v) = (iii)-(iv)				
	C 1			oss Amount Offset in		Amount Presented in						
Dii		mount of	the	Statement of Assets	the	Statement of Assets		Futures Contracts		Collateral, Due from		Not Amount
Description Commodity Price		mount of d Liabilities	the	and Liabilities	the	and Liabilities	_	Futures Contracts Available for Offset	_	Collateral, Due from Broker*	_	Net Amount
Commodity Price		d Liabilities		and Liabilities		and Liabilities		Available for Offset		Broker*		
Commodity Price Corn futures contracts		d Liabilities 1,610,807	s	and Liabilities	S	and Liabilities	S	Available for Offset 1,480,759	S	Broker*	S	-
Commodity Price Corn futures contracts Soybean futures contracts		1,610,807 1,417,811	s s	and Liabilities		1,610,807 1,417,811	S S	1,480,759 376,038	\$ \$	Broker* 130,048 1,041,773	S S	-
Commodity Price Corn futures contracts		d Liabilities 1,610,807	s	and Liabilities		and Liabilities	S S S	Available for Offset 1,480,759	\$ \$ \$	Broker*	S S S	-

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of December 31, 2023

(iv)
Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and (i) (ii) (iii) = (i-ii) (v) = (iii)-(iv) Liabilities Gross Amount Offset in Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities Gross Amount of the Statement of Assets and Liabilities **Futures Contracts** Description
Commodity and Cryptocurrency Price
Wheat futures contracts
Bitcoin futures contracts Recognized Assets Available for Offset Collateral, Due to Broker Net Amount 2.237.493 2,237,493 2,237,493 129,519 129,519 51,376 78,143 Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of December 31, 2023 (iv) Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities (i) (ii) (iii) = (i-ii) (v) = (iii)-(iv)Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities Futures Contracts Available for Offset Collateral, Due from Description
Commodity and Cryptocurrency Price
Corn futures contracts
Soybean futures contracts Net Amount Broker\* 2,182,141 1,391,661 2,687,998 4,575,666 51,376 2,182,141 1,391,661 2,182,141 1,391,661 2,687,998 4,575,666 51,376 Sugar futures contracts Wheat futures contracts 2,687,998 2,338,173

2,237,493

51,376

The following is a summary of realized and unrealized gains (losses) of the derivative instruments utilized by the Trust:

Three months ended September 30, 2024

Bitcoin futures contracts

Commodity Price and Cryptocurrency Price	Realized Loss on Commodity Futures Contracts	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation on Commodity Futures Contracts
Corn futures contracts	\$ (8,288,179)	\$ 8,615,29
Soybeans futures contracts	(1,997,318)	1,382,07
Sugar futures contracts	(189,249)	1,013,35
Wheat futures contracts	(10,924,999)	9,339,12
Total commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	\$ (21,399,745)	\$ 20,349,85

Three months ended September 30, 2023

		ed (Loss) Gain on ty Futures Contracts	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) on Commodity Futures Contracts		
Commodity Price and Cryptocurrency Price	Commodi	ty rutures contracts	Commo	uity Futures Contracts	
Corn futures contracts	\$	(13,018,346)	\$	11,306,711	
Soybeans futures contracts		311,294		(507,789)	
Sugar futures contracts		2,271,032		934,750	
Wheat futures contracts		(32,283,536)		166,327	
Bitcoin futures Contracts		(176,608)		(107,189)	
Total commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	\$	(42,896,164)	\$	11,792,810	

Nine months ended September 30, 2024

	zed Loss on Commodity Futures Contracts	App	let Change in Unrealized oreciation (Depreciation) on nmodity Futures Contracts
Commodity Price and Cryptocurrency Price			
Corn futures contracts	\$ (14,452,703)	\$	2,052,093
Soybeans futures contracts	(4,991,499)		349,888
Sugar futures contracts	(2,341,549)		3,135,018
Wheat futures contracts	(19,033,933)		(3,310,867)
Bitcoin futures Contracts	(78,143)		114,383
Total commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	\$ (40,897,827)	\$	2,340,515

Nine months ended September 30, 2023

	Realized (Loss) Gain on	Net Change in Unrealized (Depreciation) Appreciation on
	Commodity Futures Contracts	Commodity Futures Contracts
Commodity Price and Cryptocurrency Price		
Corn futures contracts	\$ (24,479,726)	\$ (739,577)
Soybeans futures contracts	270,814	(2,895,763)
Sugar futures contracts	11,018,654	933,062
Wheat futures contracts	(72,771,330)	34,604
Bitcoin futures Contracts	524,179	(9,669)
Total commodity and cryptocurrency futures contracts	\$ (85,437,409)	\$ (2,677,343)

#### Volume of Derivative Activities

The average notional market value categorized by primary underlying risk for the futures contracts held was \$235.2 million and \$258.7 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$352.7 million and \$353.3 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

## Note 6 - Organizational and Offering Costs

Expenses incurred in organizing of the Trust and the initial offering of the shares of the Funds, including applicable SEC registration fees, were borne directly by the Sponsor for the Funds, and will be borne directly by the Sponsor for any series of the Trust which is not yet operating or will be issued in the future. The Trust will not be obligated to reimburse the Sponsor.

## Note 7 – Detail of the net assets and shares outstanding of the Funds that are a series of the Trust

The following are the net assets and shares outstanding of each Fund that is a series of the Trust and, thus, in total, comprise the combined net assets of the Trust:

## September 30, 2024

	Outstanding	
	Shares	Net Assets
Teucrium Corn Fund	3,425,004	\$ 63,279,409
Teucrium Soybean Fund	1,375,004	31,704,444
Teucrium Sugar Fund	1,100,004	14,463,660
Teucrium Wheat Fund	26,300,004	137,737,170
Teucrium Agricultural Fund:	437,502	
Net assets including the investment in the Underlying Funds		11,761,445
Less: Investment in the Underlying Funds		(11,751,695)
Net for the Fund in the combined net assets of the Trust		9,750
Total		\$ 247,194,433

December 31, 2023

	Outstanding Shares	Net Assets
Teucrium Com Fund	3,750,004	\$ 81,050,442
Teucrium Soybean Fund	1,075,004	29,056,020
Teucrium Sugar Fund	1,425,004	17,720,099
Teucrium Wheat Fund	30,800,004	184,176,669
Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF	50,000	2,536,958
Teucrium Agricultural Fund:	625,002	
Net assets including the investment in the Underlying Funds		18,409,126
Less: Investment in the Underlying Funds		(18,401,900)
Net for the Fund in the combined net assets of the Trust		7,226
Total		\$ 314,547,414

The detailed information for the subscriptions and redemptions, and other financial information for each Fund that is a series of the Trust are included in the accompanying financial statements of each Fund.

## Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the financial statements for the quarter-ended September 30, 2024 for subsequent events through the date of this filing and noted no material events requiring either recognition through the date of the filing or disclosure herein for the Trust and Funds other than those noted below:

Trust:

Nothing to report

CORN:

Nothing to report.

SOYB:

Nothing to report.

CANE:

The net assets of the fund increased by \$4,678,224, or 32.3%, for the period September 30, 2024 to November 11, 2024. This was driven by an increase in the shares outstanding by 38.6% and partially offset by a decrease in the NAV per share of (4.5)%.

WEAT:

Nothing to report.

TAGS:

Nothing to report.

## TEUCRIUM CORN FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	_	December 31, 2023
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 59,392,761	\$	76,745,471
Interest receivable	78,992		105,283
Other assets	17,368		-
Equity in trading accounts:			
Commodity futures contracts	1,480,759		-
Due from broker	3,990,195		6,533,938
Total equity in trading accounts	5,470,954		6,533,938
Total assets	64,960,075	_	83,384,692
Liabilities			
Management fee payable to Sponsor	48,376		71,506
Other liabilities	21,483		80,603
Equity in trading accounts:			
Commodity futures contracts	1,610,807		2,182,141
Total liabilities	1,680,666		2,334,250
Net assets	\$ 63,279,409	\$	81,050,442
Shares outstanding	3,425,004	_	3,750,004
Shares Authorized	*	_	*
Net asset value per share	<u>\$</u> 18.48	\$	21.61
Market value per share	\$ 18.49	\$	21.57

<sup>\*</sup> On April 7, 2022, the Teucrium Corn Fund registered an indeterminate number of shares of the Fund pursuant to Rule 456(d) under the Securities Act of 1933.

#### TEUCRIUM CORN FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

Description: Assets		Yield	Cost	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents						
Money market funds						
U.S. Bank Deposit Account		4.700%		\$ 9,275,673	14.66%	9,275,673
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		4.832%	12,025,925	12,025,925	19.00	12,025,925
Total money market funds			\$ 21,301,598	\$ 21,301,598	33.66%	
	Maturity				Percentage of	Principal
_	Date	Yield	Cost	Fair Value	Net Assets	Amount
Commercial Paper					_	
Bell Canada, Inc.	November 4, 2024	4.830%	2,486,778	\$ 2,488,761	3.93%	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 3, 2024	5.770%	2,466,258	2,499,215	3.95	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 29, 2024	5.460%	2,475,061	2,489,578	3.93	2,500,000
EIDP, Inc.	November 15, 2024	5.140%	2,475,101	2,484,219	3.93	2,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 4, 2024	5.355%	2,467,188	2,487,604	3.93	2,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 8, 2024	5.206%	2,471,611	2,486,515	3.93	2,500,000
Glencore Funding LLC	October 31, 2024	5.234%	2,474,300	2,489,292	3.93	2,500,000
Glencore Funding LLC	December 20, 2024	4.751%	2,472,758	2,474,056	3.92	2,500,000
L3Harris Technologies, Inc.	October 24, 2024	5.303%	2,477,568	2,491,678	3.94	2,500,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 15, 2024	5.176%	2,489,729	2,495,042	3.94	2,500,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 17, 2024	5.104%	2,490,220	2,494,411	3.94	2,500,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$ 27,246,572	\$ 27,380,371	43.27%	
Total Cash Equivalents				\$ 48,681,969	76.93%	
			Number of		Percentage of	Notional Amount
			Contracts	Fair Value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts						
United States corn futures contracts			1 007	6 052 122	1.250/	d 22.21 ( 020
CBOT corn futures MAR25			1,007	\$ 852,132	1.35%	
CBOT corn futures MAY25			845	628,627	0.99 2.34%	19,044,188 \$ 41,261,126
Total commodity futures contracts				\$ 1,480,759		
			Number of		Percentage of	Notional Amount
Description: Liabilities			Contracts	Fair Value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts						
United States corn futures contracts						
CBOT corn futures DEC25			970	§ 1,610,807	2.55%	22,019,000

#### TEUCRIUM CORN FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS December 31, 2023

Description: Assets		Yield		Cost	<u>t</u>	_	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents									
Money market funds									
U.S. Bank Deposit Account			5.270% \$		7,523,423	S	7,523,423	9.	28% 7,523,423
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class			5.250%		19,050,119		19,050,119	23.	51 19,050,119
Total money market funds			\$		26,573,542	\$	26,573,542	32.	79%
	Maturity Date	Yield		Cost	t		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Principal Amount

	Maturity				Percentage of	Principal
	Date	Yield	Cost	Fair Value	Net Assets	Amount
Commercial Paper						
Albemarle Corporation	January 3, 2024	5.770%	\$ 4,950,475	\$ 4,998,428	6.17%	5,000,000
Albemarle Corporation	January 11, 2024	5.808%	2,478,230	2,496,042	3.08	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 9, 2024	5.794%	2,489,708	2,496,833	3.08	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 16, 2024	5.853%	2,466,575	2,494,031	3.08	2,500,000
Entergy Corporation	March 1, 2024	5.665%	2,467,625	2,476,875	3.06	2,500,000
FMC Corporation	January 19, 2024	5.816%	2,488,878	2,492,850	3.07	2,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	January 9, 2024	5.843%	2,474,533	2,496,817	3.08	2,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 1, 2024	5.867%	2,480,400	2,487,600	3.07	2,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 14, 2024	5.927%	2,473,774	2,482,247	3.06	2,500,000
National Fuel Gas Company	January 8, 2024	5.867%	2,480,400	2,497,200	3.08	2,500,000
Oracle Corporation	March 6, 2024	5.562%	2,467,452	2,475,400	3.05	2,500,000
V.F. Corporation	January 18, 2024	5.606%	2,473,646	2,493,507	3.08	2,500,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 3, 2024	5.793%	2,490,896	2,499,208	3.08	2,500,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 12, 2024	5.849%	2,487,222	2,495,608	3.08	2,500,000
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	January 12, 2024	6.028%	2,484,378	2,495,478	3.08	2,500,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$ 39,654,192	\$ 39,878,124	49.20%	
Total Cash Equivalents				\$ 66,451,666	81.99%	

Description: Liabilities	Number of Contracts			Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)		
Commodity futures contracts							
United States corn futures contracts							
CBOT corn futures MAY24	1,171	\$	1,102,254	1.36%	\$	28,338,200	
CBOT corn futures JUL24	983		384,407	0.47		24,280,100	
CBOT corn futures DEC24	1,128		695,480	0.86		28,397,400	
Total commodity futures contracts		\$	2,182,141	2.69%	S	81,015,700	

## TEUCRIUM CORN FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended teptember 30, 2023
Income							
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on trading of commodity futures contracts:							
Realized loss on commodity futures contracts	\$		\$	(13,018,346)	\$	(14,452,703)	\$ (24,479,726)
Net change in unrealized depreciation on commodity futures contracts		8,615,295		11,306,711		2,052,093	(739,577)
Interest income		775,889		1,291,003		2,661,171	 4,013,603
Total income (loss)		1,103,005		(420,632)		(9,739,439)	 (21,205,700)
Expenses							
Management fees		148,919		246,675		502,651	831,119
Professional fees		76,499		109,970		213,601	301,580
Distribution and marketing fees		235,662		279,911		649,591	786,923
Custodian fees and expenses		20,327		34,535		61,603	89,338
Business permits and licenses fees		7,446		12,333		19,841	21,631
General and administrative expenses		15,860		12,334		48,834	58,541
Total expenses		504,713		695,758		1,496,121	2,089,132
Total expenses, net		504,713		695,758		1,496,121	2,089,132
			_				
Net income (loss)	\$	598,292	\$	(1,116,390)	\$	(11,235,560)	\$ (23,294,832)
Net increase (decrease) in net asset value per share	\$	0.18	\$	(0.16)	\$	(3.13)	\$ (4.84)
Net gain (loss) per weighted average share	\$	0.18	\$	(0.26)	\$	(3.24)	\$ (5.10)
Weighted average shares outstanding		3,312,232		4,325,276		3,462,778	4,571,341

## TEUCRIUM CORN FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

	ree months ended tember 30, 2024	Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024	ne months ended tember 30, 2023
Operations					
Net income (loss)	\$ 598,292	\$ (1,116,390	) \$	(11,235,560)	\$ (23,294,832)
Capital transactions					
Issuance of Shares	8,924,939	13,027,105	5	22,986,162	19,420,213
Redemption of Shares	(9,372,272)	(14,239,21	5)	(29,521,635)	(58,315,410)
Total capital transactions	(447,333)	(1,212,110	0)	(6,535,473)	(38,895,197)
Net change in net assets	150,959	(2,328,500	))	(17,771,033)	(62,190,029)
Net assets, beginning of period	\$ 63,128,450	\$ 92,776,876	\$	81,050,442	\$ 152,638,405
Net assets, end of period	\$ 63,279,409	\$ 90,448,370	\$	63,279,409	\$ 90,448,376
Net asset value per share at beginning of period	\$ 18.30	\$ 22.22	\$	21.61	\$ 26.90
Net asset value per share at end of period	\$ 18.48	\$ 22.00	\$	18.48	\$ 22.06
Creation of Shares	500,000	550,000	)	1,200,000	800,000
Redemption of Shares	525,000	625,000	)	1,525,000	2,375,000

## TEUCRIUM CORN FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (11,235,	(60) \$	(23,294,832)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Net change in unrealized depreciation on commodity futures contracts	(2,052,	93)	739,577
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Due from broker	2,543,	43	4,408,609
Interest receivable	26,	.91	(16,233)
Other assets	(17,	68)	(31,377)
Management fee payable to Sponsor	(23,	30)	(67,590)
Other liabilities	(59,	20)	29,018
Net cash used in operating activities	(10,817,	37)	(18,232,828)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of Shares	22,986,	62	20,765,043
Redemption of Shares	(29,521,	35)	(59,660,240)
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,535,	73)	(38,895,197)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(17,352;	10)	(57,128,025)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	76,745,	71	142,434,737
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 59,392,	61 \$	85,306,712

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Teucrium Corn Fund (referred to herein as "CORN," or the "Fund") is a commodity pool that is a series of Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust formed on September 11, 2009. The Fund issues common units, called the "Shares," representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in the Fund. The Fund continuously offers Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 Shares at their Net Asset Value ("NAV") to "Authorized Purchasers" through PINE Distributors, which is the marketing agent for the Fund (the "Marketing Agent"), Authorized Purchaser sell such Shares, which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area under the symbol "CORN," to the public at per-Share offering prices that reflect, among other factors, the trading price of the Shares on the NYSE Area, the NAV of the Fund at the time the Authorized Purchaser qurchased the Created Purchaser qurchased the Created Purchaser purchased the Created Purchased Pu

The investment objective of CORN is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the corn market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for corn ("Corn Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"):

#### CORN Benchmark

CBOT Corn Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire	35%
Third to expire	309
December following the third to expire	35%

The Fund commenced investment operations on June 9, 2010 and has a fiscal year ending on December 31. The Fund's sponsor is Teucrium Trading, LLC (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is responsible for the management of the Fund. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO") and a commodity trading adviser ("CTA") with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA").

On June 7, 2010, the initial Form S-1 for CORN was declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). On June 8, 2010, four Creation Baskets for CORN were issued representing 200,000 shares and \$5,000,000. CORN began trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area on June 9, 2010. The current registration statement for CORN was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for CORN registered an indeterminate number of shares.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC and, therefore, do not include all information and footnote disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such financial information which are, in the opinion of management, accessary for the fair presentation of the Fund's financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements and related notes included in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the most recent Form S-1 filing, as applicable. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2024.

Subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, Teucrium Trading, LLC, in its capacity as the Sponsor ("Sponsor"), may terminate a Fund at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, including, for instance, if it determines that the Fund's aggregate net assets in relation to its operating expenses make the continued operation of the Fund unreasonable or imprudent. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate a Fund.

#### Note 2 - Principal Contracts and Agreements

The Sponsor employs U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services"), for Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services. The principal address for Global Fund Services is 615 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee, WI 53202.

For custody services, the Funds will pay to U.S. Bank N.A. 0.0075% of average gross assets up to \$1 billion, and .0050% of average gross assets over \$1 billion, annually, plus certain per-transaction charges. For Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services, which are based on the total assets for all the Funds in the Trust, the Funds will pay to Global Fund Services 0.05% of average gross assets on the first \$500 million, 0.04% on the next \$500 million, 0.03% on the next \$500 million, annually. A combined minimum annual fee of up to \$47,000 for custody, transfer agency, accounting and administrative services is assessed per Fund. These services are recorded as custodian fees and expenses on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

The Sponsor employs PINE Distributors, LLC ("PINE" or the "Marketing Agent") as the Marketing Agent for the Funds. The Distribution Services Agreement among the Marketing Agent and the Sponsor calls for the Marketing Agent to work with the Custodian in connection with the receipt and processing of orders for Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets and the review and approval of all Fund sales literature and advertising materials. The Marketing Agent and the Sponsor have also entered into a Securities Activities and Service Agreement (the "SASA") under which certain employees and officers of the Sponsor are licensed as registered representatives or registered principals of the Marketing Agent, under Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules. For its services are for 100.075% of each Fund's average daily net assets and agergate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of 60.035% of each Fund's average daily net assets and agregate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of 63,500 per registered representative and \$7,500 administration program fee. These services are recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

Marex Capital Markets, Inc. ("Marex") and StoneX Financial Inc ("StoneX") serve as the Funds' clearing brokers to execute and clear futures contracts and provide other brokerage-related services. Marex and StoneX are each registered as futures commission merchants ("FCM") with the U.S. CFTC and are members of the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the SEC and are each a member of FINRA. Marex and StoneX are each clearing members of ICE futures U.S., Inc., Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, New York Mercantile Exchange and the NFA. StoneX is paid \$2.50 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. Additionally, if the monthly commissions paid by each Fund does not equal or exceed 16.5% return on the StoneX Capital Requirement at 9.6% of the Exchange Maintenance Margin, each Fund will pay a true up to meet that return at the end of each month. These expenses are recognized on a per-trade basis. The half-turn is recognized as a nunrealized loss on the statements of operations when a contract is sold. A summary of these expenses can be found under the heading, Brokerage Commissions.

The sole Trustee of the Trust is Wilmington Trust Company, a Delaware banking corporation. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act. For its services, the Trustee receives an annual fee of \$3,300 from the Trust. These services are recorded in business permits and licenses fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

		nonths ended ber 30, 2024	ree months ended ptember 30, 2023	Nine months ended eptember 30, 2024	Nine months ended eptember 30, 2023
Amount Recognized for Custody Services	S	20,327	\$ 34,535	\$ 61,603	\$ 89,338
Amount of Custody Services Waived	\$	-	\$	\$	\$ -
Amount Recognized for Distribution Services	\$	6,057	\$ 9,202	\$ 22,929	\$ 29,157
Amount of Distribution Services Waived	\$	-	\$	\$	\$
Amount Recognized for Wilmington Trust	\$	-	\$ 860	\$	\$ 860
Amount of Wilmington Trust Waived			\$	\$ -	\$

## Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification.

#### Revenue Recognition

Commodity futures contracts are recorded on the trade date. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation or commodity futures contracts are reflected in the statements of operations as the difference between the original contract amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the statements of operations. The Fund seeks to earn interest on its assets denominated in U.S. dollars on deposits with the Futures Commission Merchant. In addition, the Fund earns interest on funds held at the custodian and at other financial institutions at prevailing market rates for such investments.

The Sponsor invests a portion of cash in commercial paper, which is deemed a cash equivalent based on the rating and duration of contracts as described in the notes to the financial statements and reflected in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities and statements of cash flows. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

The Sponsor invests a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

#### **Brokerage Commissions**

The Sponsor recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per-trade basis. The below table shows the amounts included on the statements of operations as total brokerage commissions paid inclusive of unrealized loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	CORN
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 17,785
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 23,697
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 39,697
Nine months ended Sentember 30, 2023	\$ 54.865

#### Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, the Fund will be treated as a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is generally treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes unless 90% or more of the publicly traded partnership's gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of qualifying income as defined in section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, Qualifying income is defined as generally including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, and gains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In the case of a partnership of which a principal activity is the buying and selling of commodities, other than as inventory, or of futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities, qualifying income also includes income and gains from commodities and from futures, forwards, options with respect to commodities. The Fund estate 50% of the Fund's gross incomes of caeth taxable year will consist of qualifying income and that the Fund will be taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not record a provision for income taxes because the shareholders report their share of the Fund's income commodities and the Fund will stransactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.

The Fund is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Fund files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions. For all tax years 2021 to 2023, the Fund remains subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Fund recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. Based on its analysis, the Fund has determined that it has not incurred any liability for unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021. However, the Fund's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analysis of and changes to tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof.

The Fund recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax fees payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Fund may be subject to potential examination by U.S. federal, U.S. state, or foreign jurisdictional authorities in the area of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions, and compliance with U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax laws.

#### Creations and Redemptions

Authorized Purchasers may purchase Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 shares from CORN. The amount of the proceeds required to purchase a Creation Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Creation Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to create the basket is received in good order.

Authorized Purchasers may redeem shares from the Fund only in blocks of 25,000 shares called "Redemption Baskets." The amount of the redemption proceeds for a Redemption Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Redemption Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to redeem the basket is received in good order.

The Fund receives or pays the proceeds from shares sold or redeemed within three business days after the trade date of the purchase or redemption. The amounts due from Authorized Purchasers are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as capital shares receivable. Amounts payable to Authorized Purchasers upon redemption are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as payable for shares redeemed.

As outlined in the most recent Form S-1 filing, 50,000 shares represent two Redemption Baskets for the Fund and a minimum level of shares. If the Fund experienced redemptions that caused the number of Shares outstanding to decrease to the minimum level of Shares required to be outstanding, until the minimum number of Shares is again exceeded through the purchase of a new Creation Basket, there can be no more redemptions by an Authorized Purchaser.

## Allocation of Shareholder Income and Losses

Profit or loss is allocated among the shareholders of the Fund in proportion to the number of shares each shareholder holds as of the close of each month.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturity dates of 90 days or less when acquired. The Fund reported its cash equivalents in the statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short-term maturities. Each Fund that is a series of the Trust has the balance of its cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions. The Fund holds a balance in money market funds that is included in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in alternative demand deposit savings accounts, which is classified as cash and not as cash equivalents. Assets deposited with the bank may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in investment grade commercial paper with durations of 90 days or less, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured. The Sponsor may invest a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured.

	September 30, 2				
Money Market Funds	\$	21,301,598	\$	26,573,542	
Demand Deposit Savings Accounts		10,710,792		10,293,805	
Commercial Paper		27,380,371		39,878,124	
Total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities	\$	59,392,761	\$	76,745,471	

## Payable for Purchases of Commercial Paper

The amount recorded by the Fund for commercial paper transactions awaiting settlement, represents the amount payable for contracts purchased but not yet settled as of the reporting date. The value of the contract is included in cash and cash equivalents, and the payable amount is included as a liability.

#### Due from/to Broker

The amount recorded by the Fund for the amount due from and to the clearing broker includes, but is not limited to, cash held by the broker, amounts payable to the clearing broker related to open transactions, payables for commodities futures accounts liquidating to an equity balance on the clearing broker's records and amounts of brokerage commissions paid and recognized as unrealized losses.

Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements, price fluctuations occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular futures contract is set from time to time by the exchange on which the contract is traded and may be modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract. Brokerse firms, such as the Fund's elearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties, so the counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out-of-the-money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Fund's trading, the Fund (and not its shareholders personally) is subject to margin calls. Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

#### Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Fund's NAV is calculated by:

- Taking the current market value of its total assets and
- Subtracting any liabilities.

The administrator, Global Fund Services, calculates the NAV of the Fund once each trading day. It calculates the NAV as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The NAV for a particular trading day is released after 4:15 p.m. (ET).

In determining the value of Corn Futures Contracts, the administrator uses the CBOT closing price. The administrator determines the value of all other Fund investments as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The value of over-the-counter corn interests is determined based on the value of the commodity or futures contract underlying such corn interest, except that a fair value may be determined if the Sponsor believes that the Fund is subject to significant credit risk relating to the counterparty to such corn interest. For purposes of financial statements and reports, the Sponsor will recalculate the NAV where necessary to reflect the "fair value" of a Futures Contract when the Futures Contract closes at its price fluctuation limit for the day. Short term Treasury securities held by the Fund are valued by the administrator using values received from recognized third-party vendors and dealer quotes. NAV includes any unrealized profit or loss on open corn interests and any other income or expense accruing to the Fund but unpaid or not received by the Fund.

#### Sponsor Fee, Allocation of Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the objectives and policies of the Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency and other necessary services to the Trust and the Funds. In addition, the Sponsor has elected not to outsource services directly attributable to the Trust and the Funds such as accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities, which the Sponsor performs itself. In addition, the Fund is contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum.

The Fund generally pays for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, FINRA, or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated with the Fund sale pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Funds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respective Fund based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, trading activities, and insurance costs, as well as fee paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor; these are necessary services to the Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing accounting and financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Funds. Such expenses are primarily recorded as distribution and marketing fees in the financial statements of each Fund.

	Three months ended			Three months ended Three months ended Nine months ended September 30, 2024 September 30, 2023 September 30, 2024			e months ended tember 30, 2023
Recognized Related Party Transactions	\$ 134,321	\$ 153,884			505,154		
Waived Related Party Transactions		\$ .		- \$			

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and Management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund. There were no expenses waived for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Fund uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 financial instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these financial instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values are that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrent states that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the financial instruments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Fund in determining fair value is greatest for financial instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value measurement in its entirety falls, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Fund's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Fund uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a financial instrument to be reddered for lower level within the fair value hierarchy. For instance, when Com Futures Contracts on the CBOT are not actively trading due to a "limit-up" or limit-up" or limit-down" condition, meaning that the daily change in the Corn Futures Contracts has exceeded the limits established, the Trust and the Fund will revert to alternative verifiable sources of valuation of its assets. When such a situation exists on a quarter close, the Sponsor will calculate the Net Asset Value ("NAV") on a particular day using the Level 1 valuation but will later recalculate the NAV for the impacted Fund based upon the valuation inputs from these alternative verifiable sources (Level 2 or Level 3) and will report such NAV in its applicable financial statements and reports.

On September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, in the opinion of the Trust and the Fund, the reported value at the close of the market for each commodity contract fairly reflected the value of the futures and no alternative valuations were required. The determination is made as of the settlement of the futures contracts on the last day of trading for the reporting period. In making the determination of a Level 1 or Level 2 transfer, the Fund considers the average volume of the specific underlying futures contracts traded on the relevant exchange for the periods being reported.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

The Fund records its derivative activities at fair value. Gains and losses from derivative contracts are included in the statements of operations. Derivative contracts include futures contracts related to commodity prices. Futures, which are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the CBOT and the ICE, or reported on another national market, are generally categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. OTC derivatives contracts (such as forward and swap contracts) which may be valued using models, depending on whether significant inputs are observable or unobservable, are categorized in Levels 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### Expenses

Expenses are recorded using the accrual method of accounting.

#### Net Income (Loss) per Share

Net income (loss) per share is the difference between the NAV per unit at the beginning of each period and at the end of each period. The weighted average number of units outstanding was computed for purposes of disclosing net income (loss) per weighted average unit. The weighted average units are equal to the number of units outstanding at the end of the period, adjusted proportionately for units created or redeemed based on the amount of time the units were outstanding during such period.

#### New Accounting Pronouncement

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") issued ASU 2023-06 – Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. The amendments require an entity to disclose its accounting policy for where cash flows associated with derivative instruments and their related gains and losses are presented. The Trust and Fund already discloses the accounting policy related to the derivative gains and losses presented on the cash flow statement. The amendment was adopted early for the period ended December 31, 2023. There is no impact to the financial statements of the Trust or the Fund.

The FASB issued ASU 2023-01, related to Leases – (Topic 842). The response to concerns about applying Topic 842 to related party arrangements between entities under common control. The update was adopted early for the quarter ended March 31, 2023; the adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements and disclosures of the Trust or the Fund.

# Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The Fund's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy as described in the Fund's significant accounting policies in Note 3. The following table presents information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

# September 30, 2024

Assets:				Level 2		Level 2		Level 3		alance as of ember 30, 2024
Cash Equivalents	\$	48,681,969	\$	-	\$		\$	48,681,969		
Commodity Futures Contracts										
Corn futures contracts		1,480,759		-				1,480,759		
Total	\$	50,162,728	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,162,728		
							В	alance as of		
Liabilities		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Septe	ember 30, 2024		
Commodity Futures Contracts										
Corn futures contracts	\$	1,610,807	\$		\$	-	\$	1,610,807		
December 31, 2023										
		T11		112		T12		alance as of		
Assets:	6	Level 1	c	Level 2	6	Level 3	Dece	ember 31, 2023		
Cash Equivalents	3	66,451,666	3		3		3	66,451,666		
							В	alance as of		
Liabilities		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Dece	mber 31, 2023		
Commodity Futures Contracts										
Corn futures contracts	\$	2,182,141	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,182,141		

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

See the Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy section in Note 3 above for an explanation of the transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy.

## Note 5 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

In the normal course of business, the Fund utilizes derivative contracts in connection with its proprietary trading activities. Investments in derivative contracts are subject to additional risks that can result in a loss of all or part of an investment. The Fund's derivative activities and exposure to derivative contracts are classified by the following primary underlying risks: interest rate, credit, commodity price, and equity price risks. In addition to its primary underlying risks, the Fund is also subject to additional counterparty risk due to inability of its counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund invested only in commodity futures contracts.

#### Futuras Contracto

The Fund is subject to commodity price risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. A futures contract represents a commitment for the future purchase or sale of an asset at a specified price on a specified date.

The purchase and sale of futures contracts requires margin deposits with an FCM. Subsequent payments (variation margin) are made or received by the Fund each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded as unrealized gains or losses by the Fund. Futures contracts may reduce the Fund's exposure to counterparty risk since futures contracts are exchange-traded; and the exchange's clearinghouse, as the counterparty to all exchange-traded futures, guarantees the futures against default.

The Commodity Exchange Act requires an FCM to segregate all customer transactions and assets from the FCM's proprietary activities. A customer's cash and other equity deposited with an FCM are considered commingled with all other customer funds subject to the FCM's segregation requirements. In the event of an FCM's insolvency, recovery may be limited to the Fund's pro rata share of segregated customer funds available. It is possible that the recovery amount could be less than the total of cash and other equity deposited.

On the Fund's pro rata share of segregated customer funds available. It is possible that the recovery amount could be less than the total of cash and other equity deposited.

The following table discloses information about offsetting assets and liabilities presented in the statements of assets and liabilities to enable users of these financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are presented as defined in FASB ASU No. 2011-11 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" and subsequently clarified in FASB ASU 2013-01 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities."

The following table also identifies the fair value amounts of derivative instruments included in the statements of assets and liabilities as derivative contracts, categorized by primary underlying risk, and held by the FCMs, Marex and StoneX as of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023.

\*The amount of collateral presented in Collateral, Due from Broker, is limited to the liability for the futures contracts and accordingly does not include the excess collateral pledged.

# Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of September 30, 2024

	(	(i)	(ii)	(iii) = (i)-(ii)	(iv) Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets at Liabilities			(v)=(iii)-(iv)	
Description Commodity Price		mount of zed Assets	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Futures Contracts Available for Offset	Collateral, Due to Broker	_	Net Amount	
Corn futures contracts	\$	1,480,759	\$ -	\$ 1,480,759	\$ 1,480,759	s -	\$		
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of Septem	ber 30, 2024								
	(	(i)	(ii)	(iii) = (i)-(ii)	(iii) = (i)-(ii) (iv)  Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities				
	Cuose A	mount of	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets	Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Assets	Futures Contracts	Collateral, Due from			
Description		d Liabilities	and Liabilities	and Liabilities	Available for Offset	Broker*		Net Amount	
Commodity Price	Recognize	d Liabilities		and Liabilities	Available for Offset	Broker*		Net Amount	
•	Recognized						\$	Net Amount	
Commodity Price Corn futures contracts	Recognized \$ per 31, 2023	d Liabilities		and Liabilities	S 1,480,759 Gross Amount Not Offset i	Broker*	s	. (v)=(iii)-(iv)	
Commodity Price Corn futures contracts	Recognized S per 31, 2023	1,610,807	and Liabilities	s 1,610,807	S 1,480,759 Gross Amount Not Offset i	Broker*  \$ 130,048  iv) the Statement of Assets and	\$		

The following tables identify the net gain and loss amounts included in the statements of operations as realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading of commodity futures contracts categorized by primary underlying risk:

Three months ended September 30, 2024

		ed Loss on Commodity Sutures Contracts	Apprecia	ange in Unrealized ation on Commodity ures Contracts	
Commodity Price	e	(0.200.170)		0.615.205	
Corn futures contracts	\$	(8,288,179)	3	8,615,295	
Three months ended September 30, 2023					
		ed Loss on Commodity Sutures Contracts	Apprecia	ange in Unrealized ation on Commodity ures Contracts	
Commodity Price					
Corn futures contracts	\$	(13,018,346)	\$	11,306,711	
Nine months ended September 30, 2024					
		ed Loss on Commodity Cutures Contracts	Apprecia	ange in Unrealized ation on Commodity ures Contracts	
Commodity Price					
Corn futures contracts	\$	(14,452,703)	\$	2,052,093	
Nine months ended September 30, 2023					
		ed Loss on Commodity Outures Contracts	Net Change in Unrealized Depreciation on Commodity Futures Contracts		
Commodity Price		(24.450.52.6)		(720.577)	
Corn futures contracts	\$	(24,479,726)	\$	(739,577)	

# Volume of Derivative Activities

The average notional market value categorized by primary underlying risk for the futures contracts held was \$59.5 million and \$66.1 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$96.6 million and \$106.5 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

# Note 6 - Financial Highlights

The following tables present per unit performance data and other supplemental financial data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. This information has been derived from information presented in the financial statements and is presented with total expenses gross of expenses waived by the Sponsor and with total expenses net of expenses waived by the Sponsor, as appropriate.

	 Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		nonths ended nber 30, 2023
Per Share Operation Performance	 						
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 18.30	\$	22.22	\$	21.61	\$	26.90
Income from investment operations:							
Interest income	0.23		0.30		0.77		0.88
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on commodity futures contracts	0.10		(0.30)		(3.47)		(5.26)
Total expenses, net	(0.15)		(0.16)		(0.43)		(0.46)
Net increase (decrease) in net asset value	0.18		(0.16)		(3.13)		(4.84)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 18.48	\$	22.06	\$	18.48	\$	22.06
Total Return	0.97%		-0.73%		-14.52%		-17.98%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)							
Total expenses	3.39%		2.82%		2.98%		2.51%
Total expenses, net	3.39%		2.82%		2.98%		2.51%
Net investment income	1.82%		2.41%		2.32%		2.32%

The financial highlights per share data are calculated consistent with the methodology used to calculate asset-based fees and expenses.

# $Note\ 7-Organizational\ and\ Offering\ Costs$

Expenses incurred in organizing of the Trust and the initial offering of the Shares of the Fund, including applicable SEC registration fees were borne directly by the Sponsor. The Fund will not be obligated to reimburse the Sponsor.

#### Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the financial statements for the quarter-ended September 30, 2024 for subsequent events through the date of this filing and noted no material events requiring either recognition through the date of the filing or disclosure herein for the Fund.

## TEUCRIUM SOYBEAN FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		ember 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2023		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,650,655	\$	28,107,189	
Interest receivable		44,090		36,662	
Other assets		16,653		-	
Equity in trading accounts:					
Commodity futures contracts		376,038		-	
Due from broker		2,073,719		2,385,040	
Total equity in trading accounts		2,449,757		2,385,040	
Total assets		33,161,155		30,528,891	
Liabilities					
Management fee payable to Sponsor		22,610		25,659	
Other liabilities		16,290		55,551	
Equity in trading accounts:					
Commodity futures contracts		1,417,811		1,391,661	
Total liabilities		1,456,711		1,472,871	
Net assets	\$	31,704,444	S	29,056,020	
Shares outstanding		1,375,004		1,075,004	
Shares authorized		*		*	
Net asset value per share	\$	23.06	S	27.03	
Market value per share	s	23.05	\$	27.01	

<sup>\*</sup> On April 7, 2022, the Teucrium Soybean Fund registered an indeterminate number of shares of the Fund pursuant to Rule 456(d) under the Securities Act of 1933.

## TEUCRIUM SOYBEAN FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

Description: Assets		Yield	Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents							
Money market funds							
U.S. Bank Deposit Account		4.700%	,	5,652 \$	8,125,652	25.63%	8,125,652
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		4.832%	4,44		4,447,057	14.03	4,447,057
Total money market funds			\$ 12,57	2,709 \$	12,572,709	39.66%	
	Maturity					Percentage of	Principal
_	Date	Yield	Cost		Fair Value	Net Assets	Amount
Commercial Paper							
Bell Canada, Inc.	November 4, 2024	4.830%	\$ 2,48	6,778 \$	2,488,761	7.85%	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 8, 2024	5.559%		9,146	2,497,346	7.88	2,500,000
CNH Industrial Capital LLC	October 31, 2024	5.163%		6,134	4,978,834	15.70	5,000,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 15, 2024	5.176%		9,729	2,495,042	7.87	2,500,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$ 12,42	1,787 s	12,459,983	39.30%	
Total Cash Equivalents				\$	25,032,692	78.96%	
			Number of			Percentage of	Notional Amount
			Contracts		Fair Value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts							
United States soybean futures contracts							
CBOT soybean futures MAR25				175 \$	376,038	1.19%	\$ 9,524,375
			Number of			Percentage of	Notional Amount
Description: Liabilities			Contracts		Fair Value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts							
United States soybean futures contracts							
CBOT soybean futures JAN25				207 \$	916,886	2.89%	
CBOT soybean futures NOV25				202	500,925	1.58	11,056,975
Total commodity futures contracts				S	1,417,811	4.47%	\$ 22,185,813

# TEUCRIUM SOYBEAN FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS December 31, 2023

Description: Assets		Yield Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares		
Cash equivalents								
Money market funds								
U.S. Bank Deposit Account		5.270%	\$	1,075,007	S	1,075,007	3.70%	1,075,007
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		5.250%		6,671,092		6,671,092	22.96	6,671,092
Total money market funds			\$	7,746,099	S	7,746,099	26.66%	
	Maturity						Percentage of	Principal
_	Date	Yield		Cost		Fair Value	Net Assets	Amount
Commercial Paper								
Albemarle Corporation	January 8, 2024	5.738%	\$	2,476,151	\$	2,497,263	8.59%	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 9, 2024	5.794%		2,489,708		2,496,833	8.59	2,500,000
FMC Corporation	January 19, 2024	5.816%		2,488,878		2,492,850	8.58	2,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 1, 2024	5.867%		2,480,400		2,487,600	8.56	2,500,000
Stanley Black & Decker, Inc.	January 22, 2024	5.807%		2,479,021		2,491,688	8.58	2,500,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 12, 2024	5.849%		2,487,222		2,495,608	8.59	2,500,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$	14,901,380	S	14,961,842	51.49%	
Total Cash Equivalents					\$	22,707,941	78.15%	
Description: Liabilities				Number of Contracts		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								
United States soybean futures contracts								
CBOT soybean futures MAR24				156	\$	617,118	2.12%	
CBOT soybean futures MAY24				133		633,749	2.18	8,693,213
CBOT soybean futures NOV24				164		140,794	0.48	10,215,150
Total commodity futures contracts					\$	1,391,661	4.78%	29,032,763

## TEUCRIUM SOYBEAN FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

			Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended eptember 30, 2023
Income							
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on trading of commodity futures contracts:							
Realized loss on commodity futures contracts	\$	(1,997,318)	\$	311,294	\$	(4,991,499)	\$ 270,814
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on commodity futures contracts		1,382,076		(507,789)		349,888	(2,895,763)
Interest income		346,084		481,521		1,151,359	1,426,307
Total (loss) income		(269,158)		285,026		(3,490,252)	(1,198,642)
Expenses							
Management fees		66,249		91,704		217,155	293,109
Professional fees		28,760		71,553		95,920	225,562
Distribution and marketing fees		117,109		130,302		311,910	302,041
Custodian fees and expenses		9,708		14,186		26,213	31,501
Business permits and licenses fees		4,638		8,973		16,130	19,938
General and administrative expenses		7,529		11,005		21,016	 21,970
Total expenses		233,993		327,723		688,344	894,121
Total expenses, net		233,993		327,723		688,344	894,121
Net loss	\$	(503,151)	\$	(42,697)	\$	(4,178,596)	\$ (2,092,763)
Net decrease in net asset value per share	\$	(0.60)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(3.97)	\$ (1.39)
Net loss per weighted average share	S	(0.43)	\$	(0.03)	\$	(3.48)	\$ (1.46)
Weighted average shares outstanding		1,176,363		1,296,471		1,199,183	1,429,674

## TEUCRIUM SOYBEAN FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

		Three months ended September 30, 2024 September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023		
Operations								
Net loss	\$	(503,151)	\$	(42,697)	\$	(4,178,596)	\$	(2,092,763)
Capital transactions								
Issuance of Shares		5,574,487		2,731,420		17,429,510		9,394,540
Redemption of Shares		(1,164,960)		(8,406,912)		(10,602,490)		(34,555,367)
Total capital transactions		4,409,527		(5,675,492)		6,827,020		(25,160,827)
Net change in net assets		3,906,376	·	(5,718,189)		2,648,424		(27,253,590)
Net assets, beginning of period	\$	27,798,068	\$	36,894,584	\$	29,056,020	\$	58,429,985
Net assets, end of period	\$	31,704,444	\$	31,176,395	\$	31,704,444	\$	31,176,395
Net asset value per share at beginning of period	S	23.66	\$	27.33	\$	27.03	\$	28.50
Net asset value per share at end of period	\$	23.06	\$	27.11	S	23.06	\$	27.11
Creation of Shares		250,000		100,000		725,000		350,000
Redemption of Shares		50,000		300,000		425,000		1,250,000

## TEUCRIUM SOYBEAN FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Nine months ended September 30, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (4,178,596)	\$ (2,092,763)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Net change in unrealized depreciation on commodity futures contracts	(349,888)	2,895,763
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Due from broker	311,321	(1,095,281)
Interest receivable	(7,428)	15,952
Other assets	(16,653)	403
Management fee payable to Sponsor	(3,049)	(26,414)
Other liabilities	(39,261)	30,635
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,283,554)	(271,705)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of Shares	17,429,510	9,394,540
Redemption of Shares	(10,602,490)	(37,405,627)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	6,827,020	(28,011,087)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	2,543,466	(28,282,792)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period	28,107,189	58,212,569
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	\$ 30,650,655	\$ 29,929,777

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

## Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Teucrium Soybean Fund (referred to herein as "SOYB" or the "Fund") is a commodity proof that is a series of Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust formed on September 11, 2009. The Fund issues common units, called the "Shares," representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in the Fund. The Fund continuously offers Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 Shares at their Net Asset Value ("NAV") to "Authorized Purchasers" through Foreside Fund Services, LLC, which is the marketing agent for the Fund (the "Marketing Agent"). Authorized Purchasers sell such Shares, which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area under the symbol "SOYB," to the public at per Share offering prices that reflect, among other factors, the trading price of the Shares on the NYSE Area, the NAV of the Fund at the time the Authorized Purchaser purchased the Creation Baskets and the NAV at the time of the offer of the Shares to the public, the supply of and demand for Shares at the time of sale, and the liquidity of the markets for soybean interests. The Fund's Shares trade in the secondary market on the NYSE Area at prices that are lower or higher than their NAV per Share.

The investment objective of SOYB is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the soybean market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for soybeans ("Soybean Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"):

## SOYB Benchmark

CBOT Soybean Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire (excluding August & September)	35%
Third to expire (excluding August & September)	30%
Expiring in the November following the expiration of the third to expire contract	35%

The Fund commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011 and has a fiscal year ending December 31. The Fund's sponsor is Teucrium Trading, LLC (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is responsible for the management of the Fund. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO") and a commodity trading adviser ("CTA") with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA").

On June 13, 2011, the initial Form S-1 for SOYB was declared effective by the SEC. On September 16, 2011, two Creation Baskets were issued representing 100,000 shares and \$2,500,000. On September 19, 2011, SOYB started trading on the NYSE Arca. The current registration statement for SOYB was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for SOYB registered an indeterminate number of shares.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC and, therefore, do not include all information and footnote disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such financial information which are, in the opinion of management, accessary for the fair presentation of the Fund's financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements and related notes included in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the most recent Form S-1 filing, as applicable. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2024.

Subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, Teucrium Trading, LLC, in its capacity as the Sponsor ("Sponsor"), may terminate a Fund at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, including, for instance, if it determines that the Fund's aggregate net assets in relation to its operating expenses make the continued operation of the Fund unreasonable or imprudent. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate a Fund.

#### Note 2 - Principal Contracts and Agreements

The Sponsor employs U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services"), for Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services. The principal address for Global Fund Services is 615 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee, WI 53202.

For custody services, the Funds will pay to U.S. Bank N.A. 0.0075% of average gross assets up to \$1 billion, and .0050% of average gross assets over \$1 billion, annually, plus certain per-transaction charges. For Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services, which are based on the total assets for all the Funds in the Trust, the Funds will pay to Global Fund Services 0.05% of average gross assets on the first \$500 million, 0.04% on the next \$500 million, 0.03% on the next \$500 million, annually. A combined minimum annual fee of up to \$47,000 for custody, transfer agency, accounting and administrative services is assessed per Fund. These services are recorded as custodian fees and expenses on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

The Sponsor employs PINE Distributors, LLC ("PINE" or the "Marketing Agent") as the Marketing Agent for the Funds. The Distribution Services Agreement among the Marketing Agent and the Sponsor calls for the Marketing Agent to work with the Custodian in connection with the receipt and processing of orders for Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets and the review and approval of all Fund sales literature and advertising materials. The Marketing Agent and the Sponsor have also entered into a Securities Activities and Service Agreement (the "SASA") under which certain employees and officers of the Sponsor are licensed as registered representatives or registered principals of the Marketing Agent, under Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules. For its services are for 100.075% of each Fund's average daily net assets and agergate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of 60.035% of each Fund's average daily net assets and agregate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of 63,500 per registered representative and \$7,500 administration program fee. These services are recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

Marex Capital Markets, Inc. ("Marex") and StoneX Financial Inc. ("StoneX") serve as the Funds' clearing brokers to execute and clear futures contracts and provide other brokerage-related services. Marex and StoneX are each registered as brokers for Endurance for the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the U.S. CFTC and are each clearing members of the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the SEC and are each a member of FINRA. Marex and StoneX are each clearing members of the Futures U.S., Inc., Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, New York Mercantile Exchange and the NFA. StoneX is paid \$2.50 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. Additionally, if the monthly commissions paid by each Fund does not equal or exceed 16.5% return on the StoneX Capital Requirement at 9.6% of the Exchange Maintenance Margin, each Fund will pay a true up to meet that return at the end of each month. These expenses are recognized on a per-trade basis. The half-turn is recognized as a nunrealized loss on the statements of operations when a contract is sold. A summary of these expenses can be found under the heading, Brokerage Commissions.

The sole Trustee of the Trust is Wilmington Trust Company, a Delaware banking corporation. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act. For its services, the Trustee receives an annual fee of \$3,300 from the Trust. These services are recorded in business permits and licenses fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

		er 30, 2024	ree months ended ptember 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	line months ended eptember 30, 2023
Amount Recognized for Custody Services	\$	9,708	\$ 14,186	\$ 26,213	\$ 31,501
Amount of Custody Services Waived	S	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Amount Recognized for Distribution Services	\$	3,316	\$ 3,636	\$ 10,672	\$ 10,808
Amount of Distribution Services Waived	S	-	\$	\$	\$
Amount Recognized for Wilmington Trust	S	-	\$ 317	\$	\$ 317
Amount of Wilmington Trust Waived	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification.

#### Revenue Recognition

Commodity futures contracts are recorded on the trade date. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation or commodity futures contracts are reflected in the statements of operations as the difference between the original contract amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the statements of operations. The Fund seeks to earn interest on its assets denominated in U.S. dollars on deposits with the Futures Commission Merchant. In addition, the Fund seeks to earn interest on funds held at the custodian and other financial institutions at prevailing market rates for such investments.

The Sponsor invests a portion of cash in commercial paper, which is deemed a cash equivalent based on the rating and duration of contracts as described in the notes to the financial statements and reflected in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities and on the statements of cash flows. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

The Sponsor invests a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

#### **Brokerage Commissions**

The Sponsor recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions paid inclusive of unrealized loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	SOYB
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 1,806
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 2,220
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 8,151
Nine months and of Santamber 20, 2022	\$ 10,000

#### Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, each Fund will be treated as a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is generally treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes unless 90% or more of the publicly traded partnership's gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of qualifying income as defined in section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Qualifying income is defined as generally including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, and gains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In the case of a partnership of which a principal activity is the buying and selling of commodities, other than as inventory, or of futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities and, provided the partnership is a trader or investor with respect to such assets, swaps and other notional principal contracts with respect to commodities. The Fund expects that at least 90% of the Fund's gross income for each taxable year will consist of qualifying income and that the Fund will be taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not record a provision for income taxes because the shareholders report their share of the Fund's income or loss on their income tax returns. The financial statements reflect the Fund's transactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.

The Fund is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Fund files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions. For all tax years 2021 to 2023, the Fund remains subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Fund recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. Based on its analysis, the Fund has determined that it has no incurred any liability for unrecognized as benefits as of September 30, 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021. However, the Fund's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analysis of and changes to tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof.

The Fund recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax fees payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Fund may be subject to potential examination by U.S. federal, U.S. state, or foreign jurisdictional authorities in the area of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions, and compliance with U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax laws.

#### Creations and Redemptions

Authorized Purchasers may purchase Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 shares from the Fund. The amount of the proceeds required to purchase a Creation Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Creation Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the

Authorized Purchasers may redeem shares from the Fund only in blocks of 25,000 shares called "Redemption Baskets." The amount of the redemption proceeds for a Redemption Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Redemption Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to redeem the basket is received in good order.

The Fund receives or pays the proceeds from shares sold or redeemed within three business days after the trade date of the purchase or redemption. The amounts due from Authorized Purchasers are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as capital shares receivable. Amounts payable to Authorized Purchasers upon redemption are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as payable for shares redeemed.

As outlined in the most recent Form S-1 filing, 50,000 shares represent two Redemption Baskets for the Fund and a minimum level of shares. If the Fund experienced redemptions that caused the number of Shares outstanding to decrease to the minimum level of Shares required to be outstanding, until the minimum number of Shares is again exceeded through the purchase of a new Creation Basket, there can be no more redemptions by an Authorized Purchaser.

#### Allocation of Shareholder Income and Losses

Profit or loss is allocated among the shareholders of the Fund in proportion to the number of shares each shareholder holds as of the close of each month.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturity dates of 90 days or less when acquired. The Trust reported its cash equivalents in the statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short-term maturities. Each Fund that is a series of the Trust has the balance of its cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions. The Fund holds a balance in money market funds that is included in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in alternative demand deposit savings accounts, which is classified as cash and not as cash equivalents. Assets deposited with the bank may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in investment grade commercial paper with durations of 90 days or less, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured. The Sponsor may invest a portion of the cash held by the FCM in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured.

		nber 30, 2024	D	December 31, 2023		
Money Market Funds	\$	12,572,709	\$	7,746,099		
Demand Deposit Savings Accounts		5,617,963		5,399,248		
Commercial Paper		12,459,983		14,961,842		
Total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities	\$	30,650,655	\$	28,107,189		

## Payable for Purchases of Commercial Paper

The amount recorded by the Fund for commercial paper transactions awaiting settlement, represents the amount payable for contracts purchased but not yet settled as of the reporting date. The value of the contract is included in cash and cash equivalents, and the payable amount is included as a liability.

#### Due from/to Broker

The amount recorded by the Fund for the amount due from and to the clearing broker includes, but is not limited to, cash held by the broker, amounts payable to the clearing broker related to open transactions, payables for commodities futures accounts liquidating to an equity balance on the clearing broker's records and amounts of brokerage commissions paid and recognized as unrealized losses.

Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements, price fluctuations occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular futures contract is set from time to time by the exchange on which the contract is traded and may be modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract. Brokerage firms, such as the Fund's clearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties, so the counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out-of-the-money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Fund's trading, the Fund (and not its shareholders personally) is subject to margin calls.

Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

#### Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Fund's NAV is calculated by:

- Taking the current market value of its total assets and
- Subtracting any liabilities.

The administrator, Global Fund Services, calculates the NAV of the Fund once each trading day. It calculates the NAV as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The NAV for a particular trading day is released after 4:15 p.m. (ET).

In determining the value of Soybean Futures Contracts, the administrator uses the CBOT closing price. The administrator determines the value of all other Fund investments as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The value of over-the-counter soybean interests is determined based on the value of the commodify or futures contract underlying such soybean interest, except that a fair value may be determined if the Sponsor believes that the Fund is subject to significant credit risk relating to the counterparts to such soybean interest. For purposes of financial statements and reports, the Sponsor will recalculate the NAV where necessary to reflect the "fair value" of a Futures Contract when the Futures Contract closes at its price fluctuation limit for the day. Short term Treasury securities held by the Fund are valued by the administrator using values received from recognized third-party vendors and dealer quotes. NAV includes any unrealized profit or loss on open soybean interests and any other income or expense accruing to the Fund but unancial or not received by the Fund.

#### Sponsor Fee, Allocation of Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the objectives and policies of the Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency and other necessary services to the Trust and the Funds. In addition, the Sponsor has elected not to outsource, within the Sponsor has accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities, which the Sponsor performs itself. In addition, the Fund is contractually objected to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum.

The Fund pays for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, FINRA, or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therewith. The Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Plunds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respenses, including but not limited to relative assests under management advertion and reaction order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, trading activities, and insurance costs, as well as fees paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor; these are necessary services to the Funds, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Fund. Such expenses are primarily recorded as distribution and marketing fees in the financial statements of each Fund.

	Three month			months ended		months ended	- 1	nonths ended
	September 3	30, 2024	Septer	nber 30, 2023	Sept	ember 30, 2024	Septen	nber 30, 2023
Recognized Related Party Transactions	\$	69,975	\$	59,564	S	218,266	\$	185,249
Waived Related Party Transactions	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and Management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund. There were no expenses waived for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair Value - Definition and Hierarch

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Fund uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 financial instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these financial instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values are the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrentsances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the financial instruments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Fund in determining fair value is greatest for financial instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value measurement in its entirety falls, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Fund's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Fund uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many financial instruments. This condition could cause a financial instrument to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such a situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such a situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such as situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such a situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such as situation exists on a quarter dislocation, the observability of prices and particular day using the Level 1 valuation but will later recalculate the NAV for the impacted Fund based upon the valuation inputs from these alternative verifiable sources (Level 2 or Level 3) and will report such NAV in a spliciable financial statements and reports.

On September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, in the opinion of the Trust and the Fund, the reported value at the close of the market for each commodity contract fairly reflected the value of the futures and no alternative valuations were required. The determination is made as of the settlement of the futures contracts on the last day of trading for the reporting period. In making the determination of a Level 1 or Level 2 transfer, the Fund considers the average volume of the specific underlying futures contracts traded on the relevant exchange for the periods being reported.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

The Fund records its derivative activities at fair value. Gains and losses from derivative contracts are included in the statements of operations. Derivative contracts include futures contracts related to commodity prices. Futures, which are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the CBOT and the ICE, or reported on another national market, are generally categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. OTC derivatives contracts (such as forward and swap contracts) which may be valued using models, depending on whether significant inputs are observable or unboservable, are categorized in Levels 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### Evnense

Expenses are recorded using the accrual method of accounting.

# Net Income (Loss) per Share

Net income (loss) per Share is the difference between the NAV per unit at the beginning of each period and at the end of each period. The weighted average number of Shares outstanding was computed for purposes of disclosing net income (loss) per weighted average Share. The weighted average Shares are equal to the number of Shares outstanding at the end of the period, adjusted proportionately for Shares created or redeemed based on the amount of time the Shares were outstanding during such period.

## New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") issued ASU 2023-06 – Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. The amendments require an entity to disclose its accounting policy for where cash flows associated with derivative instruments and their related gains and losses are presented. The Trust and Fund already discloses the accounting policy related to the derivative gains and losses presented on the cash flow statement. The amendment was adopted early for the period ended December 31, 2023. There is no impact to the financial statements of the Trust or the Fund.

The FASB issued ASU 2023-01, related to Leases – (Topic 842). The response to concerns about applying Topic 842 to related party arrangements between entities under common control. The update was adopted early for the quarter ended March 31, 2023; the adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements and disclosures of the Trust or the Fund.

# Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The Fund's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy as described in the Fund's significant accounting policies in Note 3. The following table presents information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

## September 30, 2024

Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of September 30, 2024
Cash Equivalents	\$ 25,032,692	s -	\$ -	\$ 25,032,692
Commodity Futures Contracts				
Soybean futures contracts	376,038	<u>-</u>		376,038
Total	\$ 25,408,730	s -	\$ -	\$ 25,408,730
Liabilities Commodity Futures Contracts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of September 30, 2024
Soybean futures contracts	\$ 1,417,811	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 1,417,811
December 31, 2023				
Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of December 31, 2023
Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,707,941	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,707,941
Liabilities Commodity Futures Contracts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of December 31, 2023
Soybean futures contracts	\$ 1,391,661	S -	\$ -	\$ 1,391,661

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

See the Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy section in Note 3 above for an explanation of the transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy.

## Note 5 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

In the normal course of business, the Fund utilizes derivative contracts in connection with its proprietary trading activities. Investments in derivative contracts are subject to additional risks that can result in a loss of all or part of an investment. The Fund's derivative activities and exposure to derivative contracts are classified by the following primary underlying risks: interest rate, credit, commodity price, and equity price risks. In addition to its primary underlying risks, the Fund is also subject to additional counterparty risk due to inability of its counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund invested only in commodity futures contracts.

#### Futures Contracts

The Fund is subject to commodity price risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. A futures contract represents a commitment for the future purchase or sale of an asset at a specified price on a specified date.

The purchase and sale of futures contracts requires margin deposits with an FCM. Subsequent payments (variation margin) are made or received by the Fund each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded as unrealized gains or losses by the Fund. Futures contracts may reduce the Fund's exposure to counterparty risk since futures contracts are exchange-traded; and the exchange's clearinghouse, as the counterparty to all exchange-traded futures, guarantees the futures against default.

The Commodity Exchange Act requires an FCM to segregate all customer transactions and assets from the FCM's proprietary activities. A customer's cash and other equity deposited with an FCM are considered commingled with all other customer funds subject to the FCM's segregation requirements. In the event of an FCM's insolvency, recovery may be limited to the Fund's pro rata share of segregated customer funds available. It is possible that the recovery amount could be less than the total of cash and other equity deposited.

The following table discloses information about offsetting assets and liabilities presented in the statements of assets and liabilities to enable users of these financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are presented as defined in FASB ASU No. 2011-11 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" and subsequently clarified in FASB ASU 2013-01 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities."

The following table also identifies the fair value amounts of derivative instruments included in the statements of assets and liabilities as derivative contracts, categorized by primary underlying risk, and held by the FCMs, Marex and StoneX as of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023.

\*The amount of collateral presented in Collateral, Due from Broker, is limited to the liability for the futures contracts and accordingly does not include the excess collateral pledged.

#### Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of September 30, 2024

		(i)					(iv) Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities				
Description		Amount of nized Assets	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	the State	nnt Presented in ment of Assets Liabilities		s Contracts le for Offset	Collateral, Due to Broker		Net Amount			
Commodity Price													
Soybean futures contracts	\$	376,038	\$ -	\$	376,038	\$	376,038	s -	\$	-			
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of Septemb	er 30, 2024	(i)	(ii)	(iii	) = (i)-(ii)	Gross Am	ount Not Offset in	v) the Statement of Assets and		(v)=(iii)-(iv)			
					Liabilities		Liabilities						
		Amount of	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets	the State	nt Presented in ment of Assets		s Contracts	Collateral, Due from					
Description	Recogniz	ed Liabilities	and Liabilities	and	Liabilities	Availab	le for Offset	Broker*		Net Amount			
Commodity Price													
Saybean futures contracts	9	1 417 811	\$	\$	1 417 811	\$	376.038	\$ 1.041.773	•				
Soybean futures contracts	\$	1,417,811	\$ -	S	1,417,811	S	376,038	\$ 1,041,773	S	-			
Soybean futures contracts  Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of December		1,417,811	s -	\$	1,417,811	s	376,038	\$ 1,041,773	S				
·		1,417,811 (i)	(ii)		1,417,811 = (i)-(ii)		(i	v) the Statement of Assets and	s	(v)=(iii)-(iv)			
·		, ,		(iii	, ,,		(i ount Not Offset in	v) the Statement of Assets and	\$	(v)=(iii)-(iv)			
·	er 31, 2023	, ,	(ii)	(iii Net Amou the State	) = (i)-(ii)	Gross Am	(i ount Not Offset in	v) the Statement of Assets and	\$	(v)=(iii)-(iv)			
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of December	er 31, 2023	(i)	(ii)  Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets	(iii Net Amou the State	n = (i)-(ii) int Presented in ment of Assets	Gross Am	(i Dunt Not Offset in Liab s Contracts	the Statement of Assets and lities Collateral, Due from	\$				

The following is a summary of realized and unrealized gains and losses of the derivative instruments utilized by the Fund:

Three months ended September 30, 2024

	Realized Loss on Commodity Futures Contracts			Change in Unrealized eciation on Commodity Futures Contracts
Commodity Price				
Soybean futures contracts	\$	(1,997,318)	\$	1,382,076
Three months ended September 30, 2023				
		Gain on Commodity tures Contracts	Depre	Change in Unrealized eciation on Commodity Futures Contracts
Commodity Price				
Soybean futures contracts	\$	311,294	\$	(507,789)
Nine months ended September 30, 2024				
		Loss on Commodity tures Contracts	Appr	Change in Unrealized eciation on Commodity Futures Contracts
Commodity Price				
Soybean futures contracts	\$	(4,991,499)	\$	349,888
Nine months ended September 30, 2023				
		Gain on Commodity tures Contracts	Depre	Change in Unrealized eciation on Commodity Sutures Contracts
Commodity Price Soybean futures contracts			Depre	eciation on Commodity

# Volume of Derivative Activities

The average notional market value categorized by primary underlying risk for all futures contracts held was \$27.1 million and \$29.0 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$34.7 million and \$37.2 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

# Note 6 - Financial Highlights

The following tables present per unit performance data and other supplemental financial data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. This information has been derived from information presented in the financial statements and is presented with total expenses gross of expenses waived by the Sponsor and with total expen

		Three months ended September 30, 2024	 months ended nber 30, 2023	 e months ended ember 30, 2024	months ended mber 30, 2023
Per Share Operation Performance	_				
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$	23.66	\$ 27.33	\$ 27.03	\$ 28.50
Income from investment operations:					
Interest income		0.29	0.37	0.96	1.00
Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts		(0.69)	(0.34)	(4.36)	(1.76)
Total expenses, net		(0.20)	(0.25)	(0.57)	(0.63)
Net decrease in net asset value		(0.60)	(0.22)	(3.97)	(1.39)
Net asset value at end of period	\$	23.06	\$ 27.11	\$ 23.06	\$ 27.11
Total Return		-2.54%	-0.80%	-14.69%	-4.89%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)					
Total expenses		3.53%	3.57%	3.17%	3.05%
Total expenses, net		3.53%	3.57%	3.17%	3.05%
Net investment income		1.69%	1.68%	2.13%	1.81%

The financial highlights per share data are calculated consistent with the methodology used to calculate asset-based fees and expenses.

# $Note\ 7-Organizational\ and\ Offering\ Costs$

Expenses incurred in organizing of the Trust and the initial offering of the Shares of the Fund, including applicable SEC registration fees were borne directly by the Sponsor. The Fund will not be obligated to reimburse the Sponsor.

### Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the financial statements for the quarter-ended September 30, 2024 for subsequent events through the date of this filing and noted no material events requiring either recognition through the date of the filing or disclosure herein for the Fund.

## TEUCRIUM SUGAR FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2024		cember 31, 2023
	(Unaudited)			
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,627		\$	16,773,745
Interest receivable		,373		31,55
Other assets		,147		83
Equity in trading accounts:				
Commodity futures contracts		,746		
Due from broker		,424	<u></u>	3,650,19
Total equity in trading accounts		,170		3,650,19
Total assets	15,175	,350		20,456,32
Liabilities				
Payable for shares redeemed	65	,430		
Management fee payable to Sponsor	10	,107		17,45
Other liabilities		,427		30,77
Equity in trading accounts:				
Commodity futures contracts	30	,726		2,687,99
Total liabilities	71	,690		2,736,22
Net assets	\$ 14,465	,660	\$	17,720,09
Shares outstanding	1,100	,004		1,425,00
Shares authorized		*		
Net asset value per share	<u>s</u>	3.15	\$	12.4
Market value per share	<b>\$</b>	3.22	\$	12.4

<sup>\*</sup> On April 7, 2022, the Teucrium Sugar Fund registered an indeterminate number of shares of the Fund pursuant to Rule 456(d) under the Securities Act of 1933.

## TEUCRIUM SUGAR FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

Description: Assets		Yield	_ =	Cost	-	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents								
Money market funds								
U.S. Bank Deposit Account		4.	.700% \$	5,905,457	S	5,905,457	40.83%	5,905,457
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		4.	.832%	1,394,475		1,394,475	9.64	1,394,475
Total Money Market Funds			\$	7,299,932	S	7,299,932	50.47%	
	Maturity Date	Yield		Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Principal Amount
Commercial Paper								
Bell Canada, Inc.	November 4, 2024	4.	.830% \$	2,486,778	S	2,488,761	17.21%	2,500,000
CNH Industrial Capital LLC	October 31, 2024	5.	.163%	2,483,067		2,489,417	17.21	2,500,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$	4,969,845	S	4,978,178	34.42%	
Total Cash Equivalents					S	12,278,110	84.89%	
				Number of Contracts		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								
United States sugar futures contracts								
ICE sugar futures MAY25				215	S	274,403		\$ 5,068,840
ICE sugar futures MAR26				226		209,343	1.44	5,047,213
Total commodity futures contracts					S	483,746	3.34%	\$ 10,116,053
Description: Liabilities			_	Number of Contracts		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								
Commodity futures contracts United States sugar futures contracts				193		36,726	0.25%	\$ 4,349,139

# TEUCRIUM SUGAR FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS December 31, 2023

Description: Assets	Yield	 Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents						
Money market funds						
U.S. Bank Deposit Account	5.270%	\$ 1,532,232	S	1,532,232	8.65%	1,532,232
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class	5.250%	1,501,006		1,501,006	8.47	1,501,006
Total Money Market Funds		\$ 3,033,238	S	3,033,238	17.12%	

Commercial Paper	Maturity Date	Yield	 Cost	_	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Principal Amount
Albemarle Corporation	January 4, 2024	5.753%	\$ 2,480,382	S	2,498,823	14.10%	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 30, 2024	5.814%	550,863		552,447	3.12	555,000
Entergy Corporation	March 1, 2024	5.665%	2,467,625		2,476,875	13.98	2,500,000
FMC Corporation	January 19, 2024	5.816%	2,488,878		2,492,850	14.07	2,500,000
National Fuel Gas Company	January 8, 2024	5.867%	2,480,400		2,497,200	14.09	2,500,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$ 10,468,148	S	10,518,195	59.36%	
Total Cash Equivalents				\$	13,551,433	76.47%	

Description: Liabilities	Number of Contracts		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts					
United States sugar futures contracts					
ICE sugar futures MAY24	270	\$	1,051,261	5.93% \$	6,175,008
ICE sugar futures JUL24	233		1,128,473	6.37	5,326,193
ICE sugar futures MAR25	268		508,264	2.87	6,216,314
Total commodity futures contracts		S	2.687.998	15.17% \$	17.717.515

# TEUCRIUM SUGAR FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

Income	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023	
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on trading of commodity futures contracts:								
Realized (loss) gain on commodity futures contracts	\$	(189,249)	\$ 2,271,032		(2,341,549)	\$	11,018,654	
Net change in unrealized appreciation on commodity futures contracts		1,013,355	934,750		3,135,018		933,062	
Interest income		157,396	304,744		553,337		1,007,430	
Total income		981,502	3,510,526		1,346,806		12,959,146	
Expenses								
Management fees		30,254	57,990		105,349		205,623	
Professional fees		18,757	61,655		67,257		207,709	
Distribution and marketing fees		67,067	67,563		219,201		166,254	
Custodian fees and expenses		6,556	5,799		21,575		18,037	
Business permits and licenses fees		3,025	3,479		20,997		14,600	
General and administrative expenses		4,995	2,900		14,859		13,304	
Total expenses		130,654	199,386		449,238		625,527	
·								
Total expenses, net		130,654	199,386		449,238		625,527	
• •			-					
Net income	S	850,848	\$ 3,311,140	\$	897,568	\$	12,333,619	
ret income	<del></del>			_			,,,,,,	
Net increase in net asset value per share	\$	0.97	\$ 2.06	\$	0.71	\$	5.24	
Net increase per weighted average share	S	0.84	\$ 1.98	\$	0.79	\$	5.50	
Weighted average shares outstanding		1,017,124	1,672,558		1,133,854		2,241,121	

# TEUCRIUM SUGAR FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

		hree months ended	Three months ended September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Nine months ended September 30, 2023
Operations					
Net income	S	850,848	\$ 3,311,140	\$ 897,568	\$ 12,333,619
Capital transactions					
Issuance of Shares		4,079,473	4,666,413	4,662,728	18,605,025
Redemption of Shares		(4,172,210)	(6,805,625)	(8,816,735)	(30,849,505)
Total capital transactions		(92,737)	(2,139,212)	(4,154,007)	(12,244,480)
Net change in net assets		758,111	1,171,928	(3,256,439)	89,139
Net assets, beginning of period	\$	13,705,549	\$ 23,179,570	\$ 17,720,099	\$ 24,262,359
Net assets, end of period	\$	14,463,660	\$ 24,351,498	\$ 14,463,660	\$ 24,351,498
Net asset value per share at beginning of period	\$	12.18	\$ 12.70	\$ 12.44	\$ 9.51
Net asset value per share at end of period	\$	13.15	\$ 14.76	\$ 13.15	\$ 14.76
Creation of Shares		325,000	325,000	375,000	1,525,000
Redemption of Shares		350,000	500,000	700,000	2,425,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TEUCRIUM SUGAR FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		e months ended tember 30, 2024	Nine months ended September 30, 2023		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$	897,568	\$ 12,333,619		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Net change in unrealized appreciation on commodity futures contracts		(3,135,018)	(933,062)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Due from broker		3,616,767	447,801		
Interest receivable		7,178	(13,698)		
Other assets		(5,312)	(4,531)		
Due to broker			997,931		
Management fee payable to Sponsor		(7,344)	(1,270)		
Other liabilities		(23,347)	12,162		
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	1,350,492	12,838,952		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from sale of Shares		4,662,728	18,605,025		
Redemption of Shares		(8,159,305)	(30,849,505)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,496,577)	(12,244,480)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(2,146,085)	594,472		
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period		16,773,745	22,977,480		
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	\$	14,627,660	\$ 23,571,952		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

## Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Teucrium Sugar Fund (referred to herein as "CANE" or the "Fund") is a commodity pool that is a series of Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust formed on September 11, 2009. The Fund issues common units, called the "Shares," representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in the Fund. The Fund continuously offers Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 Shares at their Net Asset Value ("NAV") to "Authorized Purchasers" through Foreside Fund Services, LLC, which is the distributor for the Fund (the "Marketing Agent"). Authorized Purchasers sell such Shares, which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area under the symbol "CANE," to the public at per-Share offering prices that reflect, among other factors, the trading price of the Shares on the NYSE Area, the NAV of the Fund at the time the Authorized Purchaser purchased the cation Baskets and the NAV at the time of the offer of the Shares to the public, the supply of and demand for Shares at the time of sale, and the liquidity of the markets for sugar interests. The Fund's Shares trade in the secondary market on the NYSE Area at prices that are lower or higher than their NAV per Share.

The investment objective of CANE is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the sugar market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for No. 11 sugar ("Sugar Futures Contracts") that are traded on the ICE Futures US ("ICE"):

## CANE Benchmark

ICE Sugar Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire	35%
Third to expire	30%
Expiring in the March following the expiration of the third to expire contract	35%

The Fund commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011 and has a fiscal year ending December 31. The Fund's sponsor is Teucrium Trading, LLC (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is responsible for the management of the Fund. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO") and a commodity trading adviser ("CTA") with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA").

On June 13, 2011, the initial Form S-1 for CANE was declared effective by the SEC. On September 16, 2011, two Creation Baskets were issued representing 100,000 shares and \$2,500,000. On September 19, 2011, CANE started trading on the NYSE Arca. The current registration statement for CANE was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for CANE registered an indeterminate number of shares.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC and, therefore, do not include all information and footnote disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such financial information which are, in the opinion of management, accessary for the fair presentation of the Fund's financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements and related notes included in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the most recent Form S-1 filing, as applicable. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2024.

Subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, Teucrium Trading, LLC, in its capacity as the Sponsor ("Sponsor"), may terminate a Fund at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, including, for instance, if it determines that the Fund's aggregate net assets in relation to its operating expenses make the continued operation of the Fund unreasonable or imprudent. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate a Fund.

#### Note 2 - Principal Contracts and Agreements

The Sponsor employs U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services"), for Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services. The principal address for Global Fund Services is 615 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee, WI 53202.

For custody services, the Funds will pay to U.S. Bank N.A. 0.0075% of average gross assets up to \$1 billion, and .0050% of average gross assets over \$1 billion, annually, plus certain per-transaction charges. For Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services, which are based on the total assets for all the Funds in the Trust, the Funds will pay to Global Fund Services 0.05% of average gross assets on the first \$500 million, 0.04% on the next \$500 million, 0.03% on the next \$500 million, annually. A combined minimum annual fee of up to \$47,000 for custody, transfer agency, accounting and administrative services is assessed per Fund. These services are recorded as custodian fees and expenses on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

The Sponsor employs PINE Distributors, LLC ("PINE" or the "Marketing Agent") as the Marketing Agent for the Funds. The Distribution Services Agreement among the Marketing Agent and the Sponsor calls for the Marketing Agent to work with the Custodian in connection with the receipt and processing of orders for Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets and the review and approval of all Fund sales literature and advertising materials. The Marketing Agent and the Sponsor have also entered into a Securities Activities and Service Agreement (the "SASA") under which certain employees and officers of the Sponsor are licensed as registered representatives or registered principals of the Marketing Agent, under Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules. For its services are for 100/075% of each Fund's average daily net assets and agergate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of 60,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of 63,500 per registered representative and \$7,500 administration program fee. These services are recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

Marex Capital Markets, Inc. ("Marex") and StoneX Financial Inc. ("StoneX") serve as the Funds' clearing brokers to execute and clear the futures contracts and provide other brokerage-related services. Marex and StoneX are each registered as futures commission merchants ("FCM") with the U.S. CFTC and are members of the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the SEC and are each a member of FINRA. Marex and StoneX are each clearing members of IEE Futures U.S., Inc., Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, New York Mercantile Exchange, and all other major United States commodity exchanges, For Corn, Soybean, Sugar, and Wheat Futures contracts Marex is paid \$3.00 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. StoneX is paid \$2.50 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. Additionally, if the monthly commissions paid by each Fund does not equal or exceed 16.5% return on the StoneX Capital Requirement at 9.6% of the Exchange Maintenance Margin, each Fund will pay a true up to meet that return at the end of each month. These expenses are recognized on a per-trade basis. The half-turn is recognized as a nunrealized loss on the statements of operations when a contract is sold. A summary of these expenses can be found under the heading, Brokerage Commissions.

The sole Trustee of the Trust is Wilmington Trust Company, a Delaware banking corporation. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act. For its services, the Trustee receives an annual fee of \$3,300 from the Trust. These services are recorded in business permits and licenses fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

	Three m	Three months ended		Three months ended		Three months ended		Three months ended		Three months ended		Three months ended		Three months ended		ne months ended	Nii	ne months ended
	Septeml	er 30, 2024	September 30, 2023		September 30, 2024		Sep	September 30, 2023										
Amount Recognized for Custody Services	\$	6,556	\$	5,799	S	21,575	\$	18,037										
Amount of Custody Services Waived	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-										
Amount Recognized for Distribution Services	\$	1,752	\$	2,439	\$	7,814	\$	6,146										
Amount of Distribution Services Waived	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$											
Amount Recognized for Wilmington Trust	\$	-	\$	232	\$	-	\$	232										
Amount of Wilmington Trust Waived	\$	-	\$		\$		\$											

## Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification.

#### Revenue Recognition

Commodity futures contracts are recorded on the trade date. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on commodity futures contracts are reflected in the statements of operations as the difference between the original contract amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the statements of operations. Interest on cash equivalents with financial institutions are recognized on an accrual basis. The Fund seeks to earn interest on funds held at the custodian and other financial institutions at prevailing market rates for such investments.

The Sponsor invests a portion of cash in commercial paper, which is deemed a cash equivalent based on the rating and duration of contracts as described in the notes to the financial statements and reflected in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities and on the statements of cash flows. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

The Sponsor invests a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

## Brokerage Commissions

The Sponsor recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions paid inclusive of unrealized loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	CANE
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 2,913
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 3,707
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 8,529
Nine months and ad Santambar 20, 2022	\$ 10.661

#### Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, the Fund will be treated as a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is generally treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes unless 90% or more of the publicly traded partnership's gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of qualifying income as defined in section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, Qualifying income is defined as generally including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, and gains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In the case of a partnership of which a principal activity is the buying and selling of commodities, other than as inventory, or of futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities, qualifying income also includes income and gains from commodities and from futures, forwards, options with respect to commodities. The Fund estate 50% of the Fund's gross incomes of cae hat taxable year will consist of qualifying income and that the Fund will be taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not record a provision for income taxes because the shareholders report their share of the Fund's income or loss on their income tax returns. The financial statements reflect the Fund's transactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.

The Fund is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Fund files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions. For all tax years 2021 to 2023, the Fund remains subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognizing tax benefits previously recognized results in the Fund recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. Based on its analysis, the Fund has determined that it has not incurred any liability for unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021. However, the Fund's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analysis of and changes to tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof.

The Fund recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax fees payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Fund may be subject to potential examination by U.S. federal, U.S. state, or foreign jurisdictional authorities in the area of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions, and compliance with U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax laws.

#### Creations and Redemptions

Authorized Purchasers may purchase Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 shares from the Fund. The amount of the proceeds required to purchase a Creation Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Creation Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the

Authorized Purchasers may redeem shares from the Fund only in blocks of 25,000 shares called "Redemption Baskets." The amount of the redemption proceeds for a Redemption Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Redemption Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to redeem the basket is received in good order.

The Fund receives or pays the proceeds from shares sold or redeemed within three business days after the trade date of the purchase or redemption. The amounts due from Authorized Purchasers are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as capital shares receivable. Amounts payable to Authorized Purchasers upon redemption are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as payable for shares redeemed.

As outlined in the most recent Form S-1 filing, 50,000 shares represents two Redemption Baskets for the Fund and a minimum level of shares. If the Fund experienced redemptions that caused the number of Shares outstanding to decrease to the minimum level of Shares required to be outstanding, until the minimum number of Shares is again exceeded through the purchase of a new Creation Basket, there can be no more redemptions by an Authorized Purchaser.

#### Allocation of Shareholder Income and Losses

Profit or loss is allocated among the shareholders of the Fund in proportion to the number of shares each shareholder holds as of the close of each month.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturity dates of 90 days or less when acquired. The Trust reported its cash equivalents in the statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short-term maturities. Each Fund that is a series of the Trust has the balance of its cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions. The Fund holds a balance in money market funds that is included in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in alternative demand deposit savings accounts, which is classified as cash and not as cash equivalents. Assets deposited with the bank may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in investment grave with durations of 90 days or less, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured. The Sponsor may invest a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured.

	September 30.	2024	1	December 31, 2023
Money Market Funds	\$	7,299,932	\$	3,033,238
Demand Deposit Savings Accounts		2,349,550		3,222,312
Commercial Paper		4,978,178		10,518,195
Total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities	\$	14,627,660	\$	16,773,745

## Due from/to Broker

The amount recorded by the Fund for the amount due from and to the clearing broker includes, but is not limited to, cash held by the broker, amounts payable to the clearing broker related to open transactions, payables for commodities futures accounts liquidating to an equity balance on the clearing broker's records, and amounts of brokerage commissions paid and recognized as unrealized losses.

Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements, price fluctuations occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular futures contract is set from time to time by the exchange on which the contract is traded and may be modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract. Brokerage firms, such as the Fund's clearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties, so the counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out-of-the-money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Fund's trading, the Fund (and not its shareholders personally) is subject to margin calls.

Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

#### Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Fund's NAV is calculated by:

- · Taking the current market value of its total assets and
- Subtracting any liabilities

The administrator, Global Fund Services, calculates the NAV of the Fund once each trading day. It calculates the NAV as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The NAV for a particular trading day is released after 4:15 p.m. (ET).

In determining the value of Sugar Futures Contracts, the administrator uses the ICE closing price. The administrator determines the value of all other Fund investments as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The value of over-the-counter sugar interests is determined based on the value of the commodity or futures contract underlying such sugar interest. Every that a fair value may be determined if the Sponsor believes that the Fund is subject to significant credit risk relating to the counterparty to such sugar interest. For purposes of financial statements and reports, the Sponsor will recalculate the NAV where necessary to reflect the "fair value" of a Futures Contract closes at its price fluctuation limit for the day. Short term Treasury securities held by the Fund are valued by the administrator using values received from recognized third-party vendors and dealer quotes. NAV includes any unrealized profit or loss on open sugar interests and any other income or expense accruing to the Fund but unpaid or not received by the Fund.

## Sponsor Fee, Allocation of Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the objectives and policies of the Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency and other necessary services to the Trust and the Funds. In addition, the Sponsor has elected not to outsource services directly attributable to the Trust and the Funds such as accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities, which the Sponsor performs itself. In addition, the Fund is contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum.

The Fund generally pays for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, FINRA, or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therewith. The Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Funds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respective Fund based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, trading activities, and insurance costs, as well as fees paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor; these are necessary services to the Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing accounting and financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Fund. Such expenses are primarily recorded as distribution and marketing fees in the financial statements of each Fund.

		ree months ended ptember 30, 2024	Three months ended September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023	
Recognized Related Party Transactions	\$	40,915	\$ 38,672	\$	153,058	\$	110,304
Waived Related Party Transactions	S	-	S -	S		S	-

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and Management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund. There were no expenses waived for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Fund uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 financial instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these financial instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the financial instruments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Fund in determining fair value is greatest for financial instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy, within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Fund's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Fund uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation are dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and large the following the large transport of the measurement of the measurement date. The fund is priced from the dislocation are considered from the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the p

On September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, in the opinion of the Trust and the Fund, the reported value of the Sugar Futures Contracts traded on the ICE fairly reflected the value of the Sugar Futures Contracts held by the Fund, and no adjustments were necessary. The determination is made as of the settlement of the futures contracts on the last day of trading for the reporting period. In making the determination of a Level 1 or Level 2 transfer, the Fund considers the average volume of the specific underlying futures contracts traded on the relevant exchange for the periods being reported.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

The Fund records its derivative activities at fair value. Gains and losses from derivative contracts are included in the statements of operations. Derivative contracts include futures contracts related to commodity prices. Futures, which are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the CBOT and the ICE, or reported on another national market, are generally categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. OTC derivatives contracts (such as forward and swap contracts) which may be valued using models, depending on whether significant inputs are observable or unobservable, are categorized in Levels 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

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Expenses are recorded using the accrual method of accounting.

# Net Income (Loss) per Share

Net income (loss) per share is the difference between the NAV per unit at the beginning of each period and at the end of each period. The weighted average number of units outstanding was computed for purposes of disclosing net income (loss) per weighted average unit. The weighted average units are equal to the number of units outstanding at the end of the period, adjusted proportionately for units created or redeemed based on the amount of time the units were outstanding during such period.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") issued ASU 2023-06 – Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. The amendments require an entity to disclose its accounting policy for where cash flows associated with derivative instruments and their related gains and losses are presented. The Trust and Fund already discloses the accounting policy related to the derivative gains and losses presented on the cash flow statement. The amendment was adopted early for the period ended December 31, 2023. There is no impact to the financial statements of the Trust or the Fund.

The FASB issued ASU 2023-01, related to Leases – (Topic 842). The response to concerns about applying Topic 842 to related party arrangements between entities under common control. The update was adopted early for the quarter ended March 31, 2023; the adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements and disclosures of the Trust or the Fund.

# Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The Fund's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy as described in the Fund's significant accounting policies in Note 3. The following table presents information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

## September 30, 2024

Assets: Cash Equivalents	Level 1 \$ 12,278,110	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of September 30, 2024 \$ 12,278,110
Commodity Futures Contracts				
Sugar futures contracts	483,746			483,746
Total	\$ 12,761,856	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,761,856
Liabilities Commodity Futures Contracts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of September 30, 2024
Sugar futures contracts	\$ 36,726	S -	<u>s</u> -	\$ 36,726
December 31, 2023				·
Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of December 31, 2023
Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,551,433	s -	s -	\$ 13,551,433
Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as of December 31, 2023
Commodity Futures Contracts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	December 31, 2023
Sugar futures contracts	\$ 2,687,998	<u>s</u> -	S -	\$ 2,687,998

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

See the Fair Value – Definition and Hierarchy section in Note 3 above for an explanation of the transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy.

## Note 5 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

In the normal course of business, the Fund utilizes derivative contracts in connection with its proprietary trading activities. Investments in derivative contracts are subject to additional risks that can result in a loss of all or part of an investment. The Fund's derivative activities and exposure to derivative contracts are classified by the following primary underlying risks: interest rate, credit, commodity price, and equity price risks. In addition to its primary underlying risks, the Fund is also subject to additional counterparty risk due to inability of its counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund invested only in commodity futures contracts.

#### Futures Contract

The Fund is subject to commodity price risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. A futures contract represents a commitment for the future purchase or sale of an asset at a specified price on a specified date.

The purchase and sale of futures contracts requires margin deposits with an FCM. Subsequent payments (variation margin) are made or received by the Fund each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded as unrealized gains or losses by the Fund. Futures contracts may reduce the Fund's exposure to counterparty risk since futures contracts are exchange-traded; and the exchange's clearinghouse, as the counterparty to all exchange-traded futures, guarantees the futures against default.

The Commodity Exchange Act requires an FCM to segregate all customer transactions and assets from the FCM's proprietary activities. A customer's cash and other equity deposited with an FCM are considered commingled with all other customer funds subject to the FCM's segregation requirements. In the event of an FCM's insolvency, recovery may be limited to the Fund's pro rata share of segregated customer funds available. It is possible that the recovery amount could be less than the total of cash and other equity denosited.

denosited.

The following table discloses information about offsetting assets and liabilities presented in the statements of assets and liabilities to enable users of these financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are presented as defined in FASB ASU No. 2011-11 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" and subsequently clarified in FASB ASU 2013-01 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities."

The following table also identifies the fair value amounts of derivative instruments included in the statements of assets and liabilities as derivative contracts, categorized by primary underlying risk, and held by the FCMs, Marex and StoneX as of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023.

\*The amount of collateral presented in Collateral, Due from Broker, is limited to the liability for the futures contracts and accordingly does not include the excess collateral pledged.

## Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of September 30, 2024

	(i)		(ii)									(iv) Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities			(v)=(iii)-(iv)
Description	Gross Amou		Gross Amount C the Statement o and Liabili	f Assets	the Staten	t Presented in nent of Assets iabilities		s Contracts de for Offset	Collatera	ıl, Due to Broker		Net Amount			
Commodity Price Sugar futures contracts	s	483,746	\$		s	483,746	s	36,726	s		s	447,020			
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of Septemb	er 30, 2024														
	(i)		(ii)		(iii)	= (i)-(ii)	Gross An	(i ount Not Offset in Liab		nt of Assets and		(v)=(iii)-(iv)			
Description	Gross Amou		Gross Amount C the Statement o and Liabili	f Assets	the Staten	t Presented in nent of Assets iabilities		s Contracts de for Offset	Collate	eral, Due from Broker*		Net Amount			
Commodity Price															
Sugar futures contracts	S	36,726	\$	-	\$	36,726	S	36,726	\$	-	S	-			
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of Decembe	er 31, 2023														
	(i)		(ii)		(iii)	= (i)-(ii)	Gross An	ount Not Offset in	v) the Stateme ilities	nt of Assets and		(v)=(iii)-(iv)			
			Gross Amount C			t Presented in ent of Assets	Fortune	s Contracts	C-11-4-	eral, Due from					
Description Commodity Price	Gross Amour Recognized Lia		the Statement o and Liabili			iabilities		le for Offset		Broker*		Net Amount			

The following tables identify the net gain and loss amounts included in the statements of operations as realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading of commodity futures contracts categorized by primary underlying risk:

Three months ended September 30, 2024

		oss on Commodity res Contracts	Appreciation	e in Unrealized n on Commodity s Contracts
Commodity Price	_			
Sugar futures contracts	\$	(189,249)	\$	1,013,355
Three months ended September 30, 2023				
		ain on Commodity	Appreciation	e in Unrealized n on Commodity s Contracts
Commodity Price				
Sugar futures contracts	\$	2,271,032	\$	934,750
Nine months ended September 30, 2024				
		oss on Commodity res Contracts	Appreciation	e in Unrealized n on Commodity s Contracts
Commodity Price				
Sugar futures contracts	\$	(2,341,549)	\$	3,135,018
Nine months ended September 30, 2023				
		ain on Commodity	Appreciation	e in Unrealized n on Commodity s Contracts
Commodity Price				
Sugar futures contracts	S	11,018,654	s	933,062

# Volume of Derivative Activities

The average notional market value categorized by primary underlying risk for all futures contracts held were \$12.4 million and \$14.1 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$23.6 million and \$27.3 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

# Note 6 - Financial Highlights

The following table presents per unit performance data and other supplemental financial data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. This information has been derived from information presented in the financial statements and is presented with total expenses gross of expenses waived by the Sponsor and with total expenses net of expenses waived by the Sponsor, as appropriate.

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		ne months ended ptember 30, 2023
Per Share Operation Performance							
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 12.18	\$	12.70	\$	12.44	\$	9.51
Income (loss) from investment operations:							
Interest income	0.16		0.18		0.49		0.45
Net realized and unrealized gain on commodity futures contracts	0.94		2.00		0.62		5.08
Total expenses, net	(0.13)		(0.12)		(0.40)		(0.28)
Net increase in net asset value	0.97		2.06		0.71		5.25
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 13.15	\$	14.76	\$	13.15	\$	14.76
Total Return	7.93%		16.20%		5.70%		55.11%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)							
Total expenses	4.32%		3.44%		4.26%		3.04%
Total expenses, net	4.32%		3.44%		4.26%		3.04%
Net investment income	0.88%		1.82%		0.99%		1.86%

The financial highlights per share data are calculated consistent with the methodology used to calculate asset-based fees and expenses.

# Note 7 - Organizational and Offering Costs

Expenses incurred in organizing of the Trust and the initial offering of the Shares of the Fund, including applicable SEC registration fees, were borne directly by the Sponsor. The Fund will not be obligated to reimburse the Sponsor.

# Note 8 – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the financial statements for the quarter-ended September 30, 2024 for subsequent events through the date of this filing and noted no material events requiring either recognition through the date of the filing or disclosure herein for the Fund other than those noted below:

The net assets of the fund increased by \$4,678,224, or 32.3%, for the period September 30,2024 to November 11,2024. This was driven by an increase in the shares outstanding by 38.6% and partially offset by a decrease in the NAV per share of (4.5)%.

# TEUCRIUM WHEAT FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2023
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	128,652,135	\$	168,732,086
Interest receivable		109,134		226,748
Other assets		8,855		4,527
Equity in trading accounts:				
Commodity futures contracts		514,389		2,237,493
Due from broker		14,808,268		17,783,729
Total equity in trading accounts		15,322,657		20,021,222
Total assets	_	144,092,781	_	188,984,583
Liabilities				
Management fee payable to Sponsor		113,132		160,231
Other liabilities		79,050		72,017
Equity in trading accounts:				
Commodity futures contracts		6,163,429		4,575,666
Total liabilities		6,355,611		4,807,914
Net assets	\$	137,737,170	\$	184,176,669
Shares outstanding	_	26,300,004	_	30,800,004
Shares authorized	_	*	_	*
Net asset value per share	\$	5.24	\$	5.98
Market value per share	\$	5.24	\$	5.97

<sup>\*</sup> On March 9, 2022, the Teucrium Wheat Fund registered an indeterminate number of shares of the Fund pursuant to Rule 456(d) under the Securities Act of 1933.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## TEUCRIUM WHEAT FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

Description: Assets		Yield		Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents								
Money market funds								
U.S. Bank Deposit Account		4.700%	S	9.124.345	S	9,124,345	6.62%	9,124,345
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		4.832%		46,837,984		46,837,984	34.01	46,837,984
Total money market funds		100270	\$	55,962,329	\$	55,962,329	40.63%	10,037,701
	Maturity Date	Yield		Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Principal Amount
Commercial Paper								
Bell Canada, Inc.	November 4, 2024	4.830%	S	2,486,778	S	2,488,761	1.81%	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 3, 2024	5.770%		2,466,258		2,499,215	1.81	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	October 29, 2024	5.460%		2,475,061		2,489,578	1.81	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	November 21, 2024	5.296%		4,948,000		4,963,167	3.60	5,000,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	November 21, 2024	5.253%		2,475,275		2,481,725	1.80	2,500,000
CNH Industrial Capital LLC	October 31, 2024	5.163%		2,483,067		2,489,417	1.81	2,500,000
EIDP, Inc.	November 15, 2024	5.140%		2,475,101		2,484,219	1.80	2,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 4, 2024	5.355%		2,467,188		2,487,604	1.81	2,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 8, 2024	5.206%		2,471,611		2,486,515	1.81	2,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	November 21, 2024	5.142%		7,418,990		7,446,344	5.41	7,500,000
Glencore Funding LLC	October 31, 2024	5.234%		2,474,300		2,489,292	1.81	2,500,000
Glencore Funding LLC	December 18, 2024	4.750%		4,948,760		4,949,408	3.59	5,000,000
Glencore Funding LLC	December 20, 2024	4.751%		7,418,275		7,422,167	5.39	7,500,000
L3Harris Technologies, Inc.	October 24, 2024	5.303%		2,477,568		2,491,678	1.81	2,500,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 15, 2024	5.176%		4,879,870		4,890,282	3.55	4,900,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 17, 2024	5.104%		2,490,220		2,494,411	1.81	2,500,000
VW Credit, Inc.	October 17, 2024	5.104%		4,979,741		4,988,822	3.62	5,000,000
Total Commercial Paper			\$	61,836,063	S	62,042,605	45.05%	
Total Cash Equivalents					S	118,004,934	85.68%	
				Number of Contracts		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								
United States wheat futures contracts								
CBOT wheat futures MAY25				1,344	\$	514,389	0.37%	\$ 41,378,400
				Number of			Percentage of	Notional Amount
Description: Liabilities				Contracts	_	Fair Value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								
United States wheat futures contracts								
CBOT wheat futures MAR25				1,595	S	387,246	0.28%	\$ 48,188,937
CBOT wheat futures DEC25				1,491		5,776,183	4.19	48,122,025
Total commodity futures contracts					S	6,163,429	4.47%	\$ 96,310,962

# TEUCRIUM WHEAT FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS December 31, 2023

Description: Assets		Yield		Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Shares
Description, Assets		riciu	_	Cost		ran value	Net Assets	Shares
Cash equivalents								
Money market funds								
U.S. Bank Deposit Account			\$	27,315,653	S	27,315,653	14.83%	27,315,653
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund - Institutional Class		5.250%		53,500,438		53,500,438	29.05	53,500,438
Total money market funds			\$	80,816,091	\$	80,816,091	43.88%	
	Maturity Date	Yield		Cost		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Principal Amount
Commercial Paper								
Albemarle Corporation	January 4, 2024	5.753%	\$	2,480,382	S	2,498,823	1.36%	2,500,000
Albemarle Corporation	January 8, 2024	5.738%		2,476,151		2,497,263	1.36	2,500,000
Albemarle Corporation	January 11, 2024	5.808%		2,478,230		2,496,041	1.36	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 16, 2024	5.853%		2,466,575		2,494,031	1.35	2,500,000
Brookfield Infrastructure Holdings (Canada) Inc.	January 30, 2024	5.814%		2,481,364		2,488,501	1.35	2,500,000
Entergy Corporation	March 1, 2024	5.665%		2,467,625		2,476,875	1.34	2,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	January 18, 2024	5.617%		7,420,795		7,480,486	4.06	7,500,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	January 24, 2024	5.661%		4,941,417		4,982,271	2.71	5,000,000
General Motors Financial Company, Inc.	February 9, 2024	5.700%		7,397,667		7,454,648	4.05	7,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	January 9, 2024	5.843%		2,474,533		2,496,817	1.36	2,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 1, 2024	5.867%		2,480,400		2,487,600	1.35	2,500,000
Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc.	February 14, 2024	5.927%		4,947,549		4,964,494	2.70	5,000,000
National Fuel Gas Company	January 26, 2024	5.941%		2,478,948		2,489,879	1.35	2,500,000
Oracle Corporation	March 6, 2024	5.562%		2,467,452		2,475,399	1.34	2,500,000
Stanley Black & Decker, Inc.	January 22, 2024	5.807%		4,958,042		4,983,375	2.71	5,000,000
V.F. Corporation	January 17, 2024	5.674%		4,936,679		4,987,645	2.71	5,000,000
V.F. Corporation	January 18, 2024	5.606%		2,473,646		2,493,507	1.35	2,500,000
V.F. Corporation	January 25, 2024	5.910%		4,928,362		4,950,783	2.69	4,970,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 3, 2024	5.793%		2,490,896		2,499,208	1.36	2,500,000
WGL Holdings, Inc.	January 12, 2024	5.849%		2,487,222		2,495,608	1.36	2,500,000
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	January 12, 2024	6.028%		5,465,631		5,490,051	2.98	5,500,000
Fotal Commercial Paper	,,,		S	77,199,566	S	77,683,305	42.20%	
Fotal Cash Equivalents			_	.,,,,,,,,,	S	158,499,396	86.08%	
				Number of Contracts		Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets	Notional Amount (Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								( · e I · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
United States wheat futures contracts								
CBOT wheat futures MAY24				2,018	S	363,500	0.20% \$	64,525,550
CBOT wheat futures JUL24				1,711		1,873,993	1.02	55,243,913
Total commodity futures contracts					S	2,237,493	1.22% \$	119,769,463
				Number of			Percentage of	Notional Amount
Description: Liabilities				Contracts		Fair Value	Net Assets	(Long Exposure)
Commodity futures contracts								
United States wheat futures contracts								
CBOT wheat futures DEC24				1,924	S	4,575,666	2.48% \$	64,357,800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TEUCRIUM WHEAT FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

		e months ended ember 30, 2024	e months ended ember 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023
Income						
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on trading of commodity futures contracts:						
Realized loss on commodity futures contracts	S	(10,924,999)	\$ (32,283,536)	\$	(19,033,933)	\$ (72,771,330)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on commodity futures contracts		9,339,127	166,327		(3,310,867)	34,604
Interest income		1,765,233	2,538,278		5,906,447	6,660,873
Total income (loss)		179,361	(29,578,931)		(16,438,353)	(66,075,853)
Expenses						
Management fees		341,047	489,455		1,127,887	1,387,465
Professional fees		178,295	223,818		512,783	474,219
Distribution and marketing fees		545,759	504,760		1,605,264	1,524,159
Custodian fees and expenses		59,093	56,664		147,684	173,789
Business permits and licenses fees		13,642	14,683		40,364	27,831
General and administrative expenses		40,893	24,473		131,456	116,608
Total expenses		1,178,729	1,313,853		3,565,438	3,704,071
Total expenses, net		1,178,729	1,313,853		3,565,438	3,704,071
Net loss	\$	(999,368)	\$ (30,892,784)	\$	(20,003,791)	\$ (69,779,924)
Net decrease in net asset value per share	S	(0.05)	\$ (0.89)	\$	(0.74)	\$ (2.42)
Net loss per weighted average share	S	(0.04)	\$ (1.00)	\$	(0.72)	\$ (2.53)
Weighted average shares outstanding		26,707,884	30,905,167		27,659,858	27,538,649
				_		

# TEUCRIUM WHEAT FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		ne months ended tember 30, 2023
Operations							
Net loss	\$ (999,368)	\$	(30,892,784)	\$	(20,003,791)	\$	(69,779,924)
Capital transactions							
Issuance of Shares	11,619,795		65,816,322		20,087,860		92,347,622
Redemption of Shares	(9,289,343)		(5,424,385)		(46,523,568)		(57,590,037)
Total capital transactions	2,330,452		60,391,937		(26,435,708)		34,757,585
Net change in net assets	1,331,084		29,499,153		(46,439,499)		(35,022,339)
Net assets, beginning of period	\$ 136,406,086	\$	164,450,547	\$	184,176,669	\$	228,972,039
Net assets, end of period	\$ 137,737,170	\$	193,949,700	\$	137,737,170	\$	193,949,700
Net asset value per share at beginning of period	\$ 5.29	\$	6.46	\$	5.98	\$	7.99
Net asset value per share at end of period	\$ 5.24	\$	5.57	\$	5.24	\$	5.57
Creation of Shares	2,325,000		10,225,000		3,850,000		14,200,000
Redemption of Shares	1,800,000		850,000		8,350,000		8,050,000

# TEUCRIUM WHEAT FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (20,003)	791) \$	(69,779,924)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) on commodity futures contracts	3,310	367	(34,604)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Due from broker	2,975	461	14,050,040
Interest receivable	117	514	(194,165)
Other assets	(4	328)	2,690
Management fee payable to Sponsor	(47	099)	(43,245)
Other liabilities	7	033	36,367
Net cash used in operating activities	(13,644	243)	(55,962,841)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of Shares	20,087	360	92,347,622
Redemption of Shares	(46,523	568)	(63,578,862)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(26,435	/08)	28,768,760
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(40,079	951)	(27,194,081)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	168,732	)86	209,730,825
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 128,652	135 \$	182,536,744

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

## Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Teucrium Wheat Fund (referred to herein as "WEAT" or the "Fund") is a commodity pool that is a series of Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust formed on September 11, 2009. The Fund issues common units, called the "Shares," representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in the Fund. The Fund continuously offers Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 Shares at their Net Asset Value ("NAV") to "Authorized Purchasers" through Foreside Fund Services, LLC, which is the marketing agent for the Fund (the "Marketing Agent"). Authorized Purchasers sell such Shares, which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area under the symbol "WEAT," to the public at per-Share offering prices that reflect, among other factors, the trading price of the Shares on the NYSE Area, the NAV of the Fund at the time the Authorized Purchaser purchaser purchaser the Creation Baskets and the NAV at the time of the offer of the Shares to the public, the supply of and demand for Shares at the time of sale, and the liquidity of the markets for wheat interests. The Fund's Shares trade in the secondary market on the NYSE Area at prices that are lower or higher than their NAV per Share.

The investment objective of WEAT is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the wheat market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for wheat ("Wheat Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"):

## WEAT Benchmark

CBOT Wheat Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire	35%
Third to expire	309
December following the third to expire	35%

The Fund commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011 and has a fiscal year ending December 31. The Fund's sponsor is Teucrium Trading, LLC (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is responsible for the management of the Fund. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO") and a commodity trading advisor ("CTA") with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA").

On June 13, 2011, the Fund's initial registration of 10,000,000 shares on Form S1 was declared effective by the SEC. On September 19, 2011, the Fund listed its shares on the NYSE Area under the ticker symbol "WEAT." On the business day prior to that, the Fund issued 100,000 shares in exchange for \$2,500,000 at her Fund's initial NAV of \$252 per share. The Fund also commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011 by purchasing commodify futures contracts traded on the CBOT. On December 31, 2010, the Fund had four shares outstanding, which were owned by the Sponsor. The current registration statement for WEAT registered an indeterminate number of shares.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC and, therefore, do not include all information and footnote disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such financial information which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the Fund's financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements and related notes included in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the most recent Form S-1 filing, as applicable. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2024.

Subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, Teucrium Trading, LLC, in its capacity as the Sponsor ("Sponsor"), may terminate a Fund at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, including, for instance, if it determines that the Fund's aggregate net assets in relation to its operating expenses make the continued operation of the Fund unreasonable or imprudent. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate a Fund.

## Note 2 - Principal Contracts and Agreements

The Sponsor employs U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services"), for Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services. The principal address for Global Fund Services is 615 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee, WI 53202.

For custody services, the Funds will pay to U.S. Bank N.A. 0.0075% of average gross assets up to \$1 billion, and .0050% of average gross assets over \$1 billion, annually, plus certain per-transaction charges. For Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services, which are based on the total assets for all the Funds in the Trust, the Funds will pay to Global Fund Services 0.05% of average gross assets on the first \$500 million, 0.04% on the next \$500 million, 0.03% on the next \$2 billion and 0.02% on the over \$3 billion annually. A combined minimum annual fee of up to \$47,000 for custody, transfer agency, accounting and administrative services is assessed per Fund. These services are recorded as custodian fees and expenses on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

The Sponsor employs PINE Distributors, LLC ("PINE" or the "Marketing Agent") as the Marketing Agent for the Funds. The Distribution Services Agreement among the Marketing Agent and the Sponsor calls for the Marketing Agent to work with the Custodian in connection with the receipt and processing of orders for Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets and the review and approval of all Fund sales literature and advertising materials. The Marketing Agent and the Sponsor have also entered into a Securities Activities and Service Agreement (the "SASA") under which certain employees and officers of the Sponsor are licensed as registered representatives or registered principals of the Marketing Agent, under Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules. For its services as the Marketing Agent, PINE receives a fee of 0.0075% of each Fund's average daily not assets and an aggregate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of \$3,500 per registered representative and \$7,500 administration program fee. These services are recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

Marex Capital Markets, Inc. ("Marex") and StoneX Financial Inc. ("StoneX") serve as the Funds' clearing brokers to execute and clear futures contracts and provide other brokerage-related services. Marex and StoneX are each registered as futures commission merchants ("FCM") with the U.S. CFTC and are members of the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the SEC and are each a member of FINRA. Marex and StoneX are each clearing members of ICE Futures U.S., Inc., Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, New York Mercantile Exchange, and all other major United States commodity exchanges. For Corn, Soybean, Sugar, and Wheat Futures Contracts Marex is paid \$3.00 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. StoneX is paid \$2.50 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. Additionally, if the monthly commissions paid by each Fund does not equal or exceed 16.5% return on the StoneX Capital Requirement at 9.6% of the Exchange Maintenance Margin, each Fund will pay a true up to meet that return at the end of each month. These expenses are recognized on a per-trade basis. The half-turn is recognized as an unrealized loss on the statements of operations for contracts that have been purchased since the change in recognition, and a full turn is recognized as a realized loss on the statements of operations when a contract is sold. A summary of these expenses can be found under the heading, Brokerage Commissions.

The sole Trustee of the Trust is Wilmington Trust Company, a Delaware banking corporation. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act. For its services, the Trustee receives an annual fee of \$3,300 from the Trust. These services are recorded in business permits and licenses fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

	nonths ended ber 30, 2024	ree months ended otember 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended eptember 30, 2023
Amount Recognized for Custody Services	\$ 59,093	\$ 56,664	\$ 147,684	\$	173,789
Amount of Custody Services Waived	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$	-
Amount Recognized for Distribution Services	\$ 12,470	\$ 17,900	\$ 53,158	\$	58,623
Amount of Distribution Services Waived	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-
Amount Recognized for Wilmington Trust	\$ -	\$ 1,720	\$	\$	1,720
Amount of Wilmington Trust Waived	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	

# Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification.

#### Revenue Recognition

Commodity futures contracts are recorded on the trade date. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on commodity futures contracts are reflected in the statements of operations as the difference between the original contract amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the statements of operations. Interest on cash equivalents with financial institutions are recognized on an accrual basis. The Fund seeks to earn interest on funds held at the custodian and other financial institutions at prevailing market rates for such investments.

The Sponsor invests a portion of cash in commercial paper, which is deemed a cash equivalent based on the rating and duration of contracts as described in the notes to the financial statements and reflected in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities and on the statements of cash flows. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

The Sponsor invests a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and included in interest income on the statements of operations.

## Brokerage Commissions

The Sponsor recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per-trade basis. The below table shows the amounts included on the statements of operations as total brokerage commissions paid inclusive of unrealized loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	WEAT
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 26,622
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 40,896
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 62,986
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 85,354

## Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, the Fund will be treated as a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is generally treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes unless 90% or more of the publicly traded partnership's gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of qualifying income as defined in section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Qualifying income is defined as generally including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, and gains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In the case of a partnership of which a principal activity is the buying and selling of commodities, other than as inventory, or of futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities, qualifying income also includes income and gains from commodities and from futures, forwards, options with respect to commodities and, provided the partnership is a trader or investor with respect to use assets, swaps and other notional principal contracts with respect to commodities. The Fund expects that at least 90% of the Fund's gross income for each taxable year will consist of qualifying income and that the Fund will be taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not record a provision for income taxes because the shareholders report their share of the Fund's income or loss on their income tax returns. The financial statements reflect the Fund's transactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.

The Fund is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Fund files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions. For all tax years 2021 to 2023, the Fund remains subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognized or a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Fund recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. Based on its analysis, the Fund has determined that it has not incurred any liability for unrecognized as the benefits as of September 30, 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021. However, the Fund's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analysis of and changes to tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof.

The Fund recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax fees payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Fund may be subject to potential examination by U.S. federal, U.S. state, or foreign jurisdictional authorities in the area of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions, and compliance with U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax laws.

#### Creations and Redemptions

Authorized Purchasers may purchase Creation Baskets consisting of 25,000 shares from the Fund. The amount of the proceeds required to purchase a Creation Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Creation Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m.(ET) on the

Authorized Purchasers may redeem shares from the Fund only in blocks of 25,000 shares called "Redemption Baskets." The amount of the redemption proceeds for a Redemption Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Redemption Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to redeem the basket is properly received.

The Fund receives or pays the proceeds from shares sold or redeemed within three business days after the trade date of the purchase or redemption. The amounts due from Authorized Purchasers are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as capital shares receivable. Amounts payable to Authorized Purchasers upon redemption are reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as payable for shares redeemed.

As outlined in the most recent Form S-1 filing, 50,000 shares represent two Redemption Baskets for the Fund and a minimum level of shares. If the Fund experienced redemptions that caused the number of Shares outstanding to decrease to the minimum level of Shares required to be outstanding, until the minimum number of Shares is again exceeded through the purchase of a new Creation Basket, there can be no more redemptions by an Authorized Purchaser.

#### Allocation of Shareholder Income and Losses

Profit or loss is allocated among the shareholders of the Fund in proportion to the number of shares each shareholder holds as of the close of each month.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturity dates of 90 days or less when acquired. The Trust reported its cash equivalents in the statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short-term maturities. Each Fund that is a series of the Trust has the balance of its cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions. The Fund holds a balance in money market funds that is included in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in alternative demand deposit savings accounts, which is classified as cash and not as cash equivalents. Assets deposited with the bank may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Sponsor invests a portion of the available cash for the Funds in investment grave with durations of 90 days or less, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured. The Sponsor may invest a portion of the cash held by the broker in short term Treasury Bills as collateral for open futures contracts, which is classified as a cash equivalent and is not FDIC insured.

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Money Market Funds	\$ 55,962,329	\$ 80,816,091
Demand Deposit Savings Accounts	10,647,201	10,232,690
Commercial Paper	62,042,605	77,683,305
Total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities	\$ 128,652,135	\$ 168,732,086

## Payable for Purchases of Commercial Paper

The amount recorded by the Fund for commercial paper transactions awaiting settlement, represents the amount payable for contracts purchased but not yet settled as of the reporting date. The value of the contract is included an eash and eash equivalents, and the navable amount is included as a liability.

#### Due from/to Broker

The amount recorded by the Fund for the amount due from and to the clearing broker includes, but is not limited to, cash held by the broker, amounts payable to the clearing broker related to open transactions, payables for commodities futures accounts liquidating to an equity balance on the clearing broker's records and amounts of brokerage commissions paid and recognized as unrealized losses.

Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements, price fluctuations occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular futures contract is set from time to time by the exchange on which the contract is traded and may be modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract. Brokerage firms, such as the Fund's clearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties, so the counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out-of-the-money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Fund's trading, the Fund (and not its shareholders personally) is subject to margin calls.

Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

#### Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Fund's NAV is calculated by:

- Taking the current market value of its total assets and
- Subtracting any liabilities.

The administrator, Global Fund Services, calculates the NAV of the Fund once each trading day. It calculates the NAV as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The NAV for a particular trading day is released after 4:15 p.m. (ET).

In determining the value of Wheat Futures Contracts, the administrator uses the CBOT closing price. The administrator determines the value of all other Fund investments as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The value of over-the-counter wheat interests is determined based on the value of the commodity or futures contract underlying such wheat interest, except that a fair value may be determined if the Sponsor believes that the Fund is subject to significant credit risk relating to the counterparty to such wheat interest. For purposes of financial statements and reports, the Sponsor will recalculate the NAV where necessary to reflect the "fair value" of a Futures Contract when the Futures Contract closes at its price fluctuation limit for the day. Short term Treasury securities held by the Fund are valued by the administrator using values received from recognized third-party vendors and dealer quotes. NAV includes any unrealized profit or loss on open wheat interests and any other income or expense accruing to the Fund but unpaid or not received by the Fund.

# Sponsor Fee, Allocation of Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the objectives and policies of the Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency and other necessary services to the Trust and the Funds. In addition, the Sponsor elected not to outsource services directly attributable to the Trust and the Funds such as accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities, which the Sponsor performs itself. In addition, the Fund is contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum.

The Fund generally pays for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, FINRA, or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therewith. The Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Funds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respective Funds based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, trading activities, and insurance costs, as well as fees paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor, these are necessary services to the Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing accounting and financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Fund. Such expenses are primarily recorded as distribution and marketing fees in the financial statements of each Fund.

	Three months ende	Three months ended		Nine months ended	1	Nine months ended
	September 30, 202	1	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	S	September 30, 2023
Recognized Related Party Transactions	\$ 281	324 \$	288,121	\$ 1,072,245	\$	983,183
Waived Related Party Transactions	S	- S	_	\$	- S	_

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and Management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund. There were no expenses waived for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Fund uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 financial instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these financial instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the financial instruments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Fund in determining fair value is greatest for financial instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy, within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Fund's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Fund uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many financial instruments. This condition could cause a financial instrument to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such a situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such a situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such as situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such a situation exists on a quarter classified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy. When such as situation exists on a quarter dislocation, the observability of prices and particular day using the Level 1 valuation but will later recalculate the NAV for the impacted Fund based upon the valuation inputs from these alternative verifiable sources (Level 2 or Level 3) and will report such NAV in a spliciable financial statements and reports.

On September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, in the opinion of the Trust and the Fund, the reported value of the Wheat Futures Contracts traded on the CBOT fairly reflected the value of the Wheat Futures Contracts held by the Fund, and no adjustments were necessary. The determination is made as of the settlement of the futures contracts to the last day of trading for the reporting period. In making the determination of a Level 1 or Level 2 transfer, the Fund considers the average volume of the specific underlying futures contracts traded on the relevant exchange for the periods being reported.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

The Fund records its derivative activities at fair value. Gains and losses from derivative contracts are included in the statements of operations. Derivative contracts include futures contracts related to commodity prices. Futures, which are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the CBOT and the ICE, or reported on another national market, are generally categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. OTC derivatives contracts (such as forward and swap contracts) which may be valued using models, depending on whether significant inputs are observable or unobservable, are categorized in Levels 2 or 3 of this value hierarchy.

#### Expense

Expenses are recorded using the accrual method of accounting.

# Net Income (Loss) per Share

Net income (loss) per share is the difference between the NAV per unit at the beginning of each period and at the end of each period. The weighted average number of units outstanding was computed for purposes of disclosing net income (loss) per weighted average unit. The weighted average units are equal to the number of units outstanding at the end of the period, adjusted proportionately for units created or redeemed based on the amount of time the units were outstanding during such period.

## New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") issued ASU 2023-06 – Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. The amendments require an entity to disclose its accounting policy for where cash flows associated with derivative instruments and their related gains and losses are presented. The Trust and Fund already discloses the accounting policy related to the derivative gains and losses presented on the cash flow statement. The amendment was adopted early for the period ended December 31, 2023. There is no impact to the financial statements of the Trust or the Fund.

The FASB issued ASU 2023-01, related to Leases – (Topic 842). The response to concerns about applying Topic 842 to related party arrangements between entities under common control. The update was adopted early for the quarter ended March 31, 2023; the adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements and disclosures of the Trust or the Fund.

# Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The Fund's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy as described in the Fund's significant accounting policies in Note 3. The following table presents information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

# September 30, 2024

Assets:		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Balance as of September 30, 2024
Cash Equivalents	\$	118,004,934	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 118,004,934
Commodity Futures Contracts								
Wheat futures contracts		514,389		-			_	514,389
Total	\$	118,519,323	\$		\$		_	\$ 118,519,323
Liabilities		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	_	Balance as of September 30, 2024
Commodity Futures Contracts								
Wheat futures contracts	\$	6,163,429	\$		\$		_	\$ 6,163,429
December 31, 2023								
Assets:		Level 1		Level 2	e	Level 3	_	Balance as of December 31, 2023
Cash Equivalents	3	158,499,396	2	•	2		-	\$ 158,499,396
Commodity Futures Contracts Wheat futures contracts		2,237,493					-	2,237,493
Total	\$	160,736,889	\$		\$		_	\$ 160,736,889
Liabilities Commodity Futures Contracts		Level 1		Level 2	_	Level 3	_	Balance as of December 31, 2023
Wheat futures contracts	\$	4,575,666	\$		\$		_	\$ 4,575,666

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

See the Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy section in Note 3 above for an explanation of the transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy.

# Note 5 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

In the normal course of business, the Fund utilizes derivative contracts in connection with its proprietary trading activities. Investments in derivative contracts are subject to additional risks that can result in a loss of all or part of an investment. The Fund's derivative activities and exposure to derivative contracts are classified by the following primary underlying risks: interest rate, credit, commodity price, and equity price risks. In addition to its primary underlying risks, the Fund is also subject to additional counterparty risk due to inability of its counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and for the year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund invested only in commodity futures contracts.

## Futures Contracts

The Fund is subject to commodity price risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. A futures contract represents a commitment for the future purchase or sale of an asset at a specified price on a specified date.

The purchase and sale of futures contracts requires margin deposits with a Futures Commission Merchant ("FCM"). Subsequent payments (variation margin) are made or received by the Fund each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded as unrealized gains or losses by the Fund. Futures contracts may reduce the Fund's exposure to counterparty risk since futures contracts are exchange-traded; and the exchange's clearinghouse, as the counterparty to all exchange-traded futures, guarantees the futures against default.

The Commodity Exchange Act requires an FCM to segregate all customer transactions and assets from the FCM's proprietary activities. A customer's cash and other equity deposited with an FCM are considered commingled with all other customer funds subject to the FCM's segregation requirements. In the event of an FCM's insolvency, recovery may be limited to the Fund's pro rata share of segregated customer funds available. It is possible that the recovery amount could be less than the total of cash and other equity deposited.

The following table discloses information about offsetting assets and liabilities presented in the statements of assets and liabilities to enable users of these financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are presented as defined in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-11 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" and subsequently clarified in FASB ASU 2013-01 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities."

The following table also identifies the fair value amounts of derivative instruments included in the statements of assets and liabilities as derivative contracts, categorized by primary underlying risk, and held by the FCMs, Marex and StoneX as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

\*The amount of collateral presented in Collateral, Due from Broker, is limited to the liability for the futures contracts and accordingly does not include the excess collateral pledged.

# Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of September 30, 2024

	(i)	(ii)	(iii) = (i)-(ii)	(iv Gross Amount Not Offset in Liabi	the Statement of Assets and	(v)=(iii)-(iv)
Description Commodity Price	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Futures Contracts Available for Offset	Collateral, Due to Broker	Net Amount
Wheat futures contracts	\$ 514,389	\$ -	\$ 514,389	\$ 514,389	s -	s -
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of Septemb	er 30, 2024					
	(i)	(ii)	(iii) = (i)-(ii)	(iv) Gross Amount Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		(v)=(iii)-(iv)
Description Commodity Price	Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Futures Contracts Available for Offset	Collateral, Due from Broker*	Net Amount
Wheat futures contracts	\$ 6,163,429	s -	\$ 6,163,429	\$ 514,389	\$ 5,649,040	S -

Nine months ended September 30, 2023

Commodity Price Wheat futures contracts

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Derivative Assets as of December 31, 2023

	(i)				ii) = (i)-(ii)	Gross Amou	() nt Not Offset ir Liab	and	(v)=(iii)-(iv)		
Description Commodity Price	Gross Amo Recognized		Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	the Stat	ount Presented in tement of Assets d Liabilities	Futures ( Available		Collateral, Due to Br	oker	Net Amount	
Wheat futures contracts	s	2,237,493	s	- S	2,237,493	s	2,237,493	s	-	s -	
Offsetting of Financial Liabilities and Derivative Liabilities as of Decemb	er 31, 2023										
	(i)		(ii)	(ii	(iii) = (i)-(ii)		nt Not Offset ir	(iv) ot Offset in the Statement of Assets an Liabilities		(v)=(iii)-(iv)	
Description	Gross Amo		Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	the Stat	ount Presented in tement of Assets d Liabilities	Futures ( Available		Collateral, Due fro	m	Net Amount	
Commodity Price Wheat futures contracts	s	4,575,666	S	- S	4,575,666	s	2,237,493	\$ 2.33	8,173	\$ -	
The following tables identify the net gain and loss amounts included in the  Three months ended September 30, 2024	statements of ope	rations as real	ized and unrealized gains a	nd losses on trad	ling of commodity fu	itures contracts		primary underlying risk:  Loss on Commodity	N	et Change in Unrealized opreciation on Commodity	
C. P. P.							Futu	ires Contracts		Futures Contracts	
Commodity Price Wheat futures contracts							S	(10.924.999)	s	9,339,127	
Three months ended September 30, 2023								( ),	N.		
							Realized I	Loss on Commodity		et Change in Unrealized opreciation on Commodity	
a contract of								Loss on Commodity ares Contracts			
Commodity Price							Futu	ires Contracts	Ap	preciation on Commodity Futures Contracts	
Wheat futures contracts  Nine months ended September 30, 2024							S Realized I		S No.	opreciation on Commodity	
Wheat futures contracts							S Realized I	(32,283,536) Loss on Commodity	S No.	preciation on Commodity Futures Contracts  166,327  et Change in Unrealized preciation on Commodity	

(72,771,330) \$

Realized Loss on Commodity Futures Contracts

34,604

Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation on Commodity Futures Contracts

## Volume of Derivative Activities

The average notional market value categorized by primary underlying risk for all futures contracts held was \$136.1 million and \$150.0 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$196.1 million and \$180.5 million respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

# Note 6 - Financial Highlights

The following tables present per unit performance data and other supplemental financial data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. This information has been derived from information presented in the financial statements and is presented with total expenses gross of expenses waived by the Sponsor and with total expenses waived by the Sponsor, as appropriate.

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023	
Per Share Operation Performance								
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$	5.29	\$	6.46	S	5.98	\$	7.99
Income (loss) from investment operations:								
Interest income		0.07		0.08		0.22		0.23
Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts		(0.08)		(0.93)		(0.83)		(2.52)
Total expenses, net		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.13)		(0.13)
Net decrease in net asset value		(0.05)		(0.89)		(0.74)		(2.42)
Net asset value at end of period	\$	5.24	\$	5.57	S	5.24	\$	5.57
Total Return		-1.04%		-13.81%		-12.42%		-30.25%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)								
Total expenses		3.46%		2.68%		3.16%		2.67%
Total expenses, net		3.46%		2.68%		3.16%		2.67%
Net investment income		1.72%		2.50%		2.08%		2.13%

The financial highlights per share data are calculated consistent with the methodology used to calculate asset-based fees and expenses.

## Note 7 - Organizational and Offering Costs

Expenses incurred in organizing of the Trust and the initial offering of the Shares of the Fund, including applicable SEC registration fees, were borne directly by the Sponsor. The Fund will not be obligated to reimburse the Sponsor.

#### Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the financial statements for the quarter-ended September 30, 2024 for subsequent events through the date of this filing and noted no material events requiring either recognition through the date of the filing or disclosure herein for the Fund.

# TEUCRIUM AGRICULTURAL FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)			December 31, 2023		
Assets						
Cash equivalents	\$	10,508	\$	11,208		
Interest receivable		43		55		
Other assets		1,668		-		
Equity in trading accounts:						
Investments in securities, at fair value (cost \$13,494,437 and \$19,469,359 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		11,751,695		18,401,900		
Total assets		11,763,914		18,413,163		
Liabilities						
Other liabilities		2,469		4,037		
Net assets	\$	11,761,445	\$	18,409,126		
Shares outstanding		437,502		625,002		
Shares authorized		*		*		
Net asset value per share	\$	26.88	\$	29.45		
			_			
Market value per share	\$	26.90	\$	29.41		

<sup>\*</sup> On April 7, 2022, the Teucrium Agricultural Fund registered an indeterminate number of shares of the Fund pursuant to Rule 456(d) under the Securities Act of 1933.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## TEUCRIUM AGRICULTURAL FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

					Percentage of				
Description: Assets	Yield	Cost		Fair Value	Net Assets	Shares			
Exchange-traded funds									
Teucrium Corn Fund			\$	2,945,045	25.04%	159,401			
Teucrium Soybean Fund				2,964,805	25.21	128,582			
Teucrium Sugar Fund				2,897,952	24.64	220,400			
Teucrium Wheat Fund				2,943,893	25.03	562,112			
Total exchange-traded funds		\$ 13,494,437	\$	11,751,695	99.92%				
Cash equivalents									
Money market funds									
U.S. Bank Deposit Account	4.700%	\$ 10,508	\$	10,508	0.09%	10,508			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.									

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# TEUCRIUM AGRICULTURAL FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS December 31, 2023

					Percentage of	
Description: Assets	Yield	 ost	Fair Value		Net Assets	Shares
Exchange-traded funds						
Teucrium Corn Fund			S	4,567,949	24.81%	211,348
Teucrium Soybean Fund				4,546,758	24.70	168,219
Teucrium Sugar Fund				4,624,253	25.12	371,871
Teucrium Wheat Fund		 		4,662,940	25.33	779,782
Total exchange-traded funds		\$ 19,469,359	\$	18,401,900	99.96%	
Cash equivalents						
Money market funds						
U.S. Bank Deposit Account	5.270%	\$ 11,208	S	11,208	0.06%	11,208

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

# TEUCRIUM AGRICULTURAL FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024	ne months ended otember 30, 2023
Income						
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on trading of securities:						
Realized (loss) gain on securities	S	(277,309)	\$	27,457	\$ (891,882)	\$ 183,856
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on securities		375,396		5,075	(675,283)	(1,012,507)
Interest income		133		149	386	421
Total income (loss)		98,220		32,681	(1,566,779)	(828,230)
Expenses						
Professional fees		6,697		34,565	54,162	186,614
Distribution and marketing fees		30,933		40,140	106,156	142,674
Custodian fees and expenses		3,772		3,942	10,838	19,341
Business permits and licenses fees		-		1,805	11,672	12,240
General and administrative expenses		1,808		2,248	9,153	15,124
Other expenses		7		8	95	8
Total expenses		43,217		82,708	192,076	 376,001
Expenses waived by the Sponsor		(40,557)	(	77,482)	(182,476)	(355,731)
Total expenses, net		2,660		5,226	9,600	20,270
Net income (loss)	\$	95,560	\$	27,455	\$ (1,576,379)	\$ (848,500)
Net increase (decrease) in net asset value per share	\$	0.39	\$	0.00	\$ (2.57)	\$ (1.02)
Net increase (loss) per weighted average share	S	0.21	\$	0.04	\$ (3.03)	\$ (0.87)
Weighted average shares outstanding		460,056	7	39,540	520,805	 972,896

 $\label{the accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.$ 

# TEUCRIUM AGRICULTURAL FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		e months ended tember 30, 2023
\$	95,560	\$	27,455	\$	(1,576,379)	\$	(848,500)
	(1,908,854)		(1,927,396)		(5,071,302)		(16,739,970)
	(1,908,854)		(1,927,396)		(5,071,302)		(16,739,970)
	(1,813,294)		(1,899,941)		(6,647,681)		(17,588,470)
\$	13,574,739	\$	23,886,716	\$	18,409,126	\$	39,575,245
\$	11,761,445	\$	21,986,775	\$	11,761,445	\$	21,986,775
\$	26.49	\$	30.33	\$	29.45	\$	31.35
S	26.88	S	30.33	\$	26.88	\$	30.33
	75,000		62,500		187,500		537,500
		September 30, 2024           \$         95,560           (1,908,854)         (1,908,854)           (1,813,294)         \$           \$         13,574,739           \$         11,761,445           \$         26,49           \$         26,88	September 30, 2024         September 30, 2024           \$         95,560         \$           (1,908,854)         (1,908,854)         (1,813,294)           \$         13,574,739         \$           \$         11,761,445         \$           \$         26,49         \$           \$         26,88         \$	September 30, 2024         September 30, 2023           \$ 95,560         \$ 27,455           (1,908,854)         (1,927,396)           (1,908,854)         (1,927,396)           (1,813,294)         (1,899,941)           \$ 13,574,739         \$ 23,886,716           \$ 11,761,445         \$ 21,986,775           \$ 26,49         \$ 30,33           \$ 26,88         \$ 30,33	September 30, 2024         September 30, 2023         Sep           \$         95.560         \$         27.455         \$           (1,908,854)         (1,927,396)         (1,927,396)         (1,927,396)         (1,899,941)           \$         13,574,739         \$         23,886,716         \$           \$         11,761,445         \$         21,986,775         \$           \$         26.49         \$         30.33         \$           \$         26.88         \$         30.33         \$	September 30, 2024         September 30, 2023         September 30, 2024           \$ 95,560         \$ 27,455         \$ (1,576,379)           (1,908,854)         (1,927,396)         (5,071,302)           (1,813,294)         (1,927,396)         (5,071,302)           (1,813,294)         (1,899,941)         (6,647,681)           \$ 13,574,739         \$ 23,886,716         \$ 18,409,126           \$ 11,761,445         \$ 21,986,775         \$ 11,761,445           \$ 26,49         \$ 30,33         \$ 29,45           \$ 26,88         \$ 30,33         \$ 26,88	September 30, 2024         September 30, 2023         September 30, 2024         Sept           \$         95,560         \$         27,455         \$         (1,576,379)         \$           (1,908,854)         (1,927,396)         (5,071,302)         (5,071,302)         (5,071,302)         (6,647,681)           \$         13,574,739         \$         23,886,716         \$         18,409,126         \$           \$         11,761,445         \$         21,986,775         \$         11,761,445         \$           \$         26,49         \$         30,33         \$         29,45         \$           \$         26,88         \$         30,33         \$         26,88         \$

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

# TEUCRIUM AGRICULTURAL FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024		Nine months ended September 30, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,576,379)	\$	(848,500)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net change in unrealized depreciation on securities	675,283		1,012,507
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Net sale of investments in securities	5,974,922		16,584,284
Interest receivable	12		(16)
Other assets	(1,668)		(1,768)
Other liabilities	(1,568)		(1,094)
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,070,602		16,745,413
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Redemption of Shares	(5,071,302)		(16,739,970)
Net cash used in financing activities	 (5,071,302)		(16,739,970)
Net change in cash equivalents	(700)		5,443
Cash equivalents, beginning of period	 11,208		4,716
Cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 10,508	\$	10,159

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

### Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Teucrium Agricultural Fund (referred to herein as "TAGS" or the "Fund") is a series of Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust organized on September 11, 2009. The Fund operates pursuant to the Trust's Fifth Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust and Trust Agreement (the "Trust Agreement"). The Fund was formed on March 29, 2011 and is managed and controlled by Teucrium Trading, LLC (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is a limited liability company formed in Delaware on July 28, 2009. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO") and a commodity trading adviser ("CTA") with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA").

On April 22, 2011, a registration statement was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). On February 10, 2012, the Fund's initial registration of 5,000,000 shares on Form S-1 was declared effective by the SEC. On March 28, 2012, the Fund listed its shares on the NYSE Area under the ticker symbol "TAGS." On the business day prior to that, the Fund issued 300,000 shares in exchange for \$15,000,000 at the Fund's initial NAV of \$50 per share. The Fund also commenced investment operations on March 28, 2012 by purchasing shares of the Underlying Funds. On December 31, 2011, the Fund had two shares outstanding, which were owned by the Sponsor. The current registration statement for TAGS was declared effective on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for TAGS registered an indeterminate number of shares.

The investment objective of the TAGS is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the NAV of its Shares reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average (the "Underlying Fund Average") of the NAVs per share of four other commodity pools that are series of the Trust and are sponsored by the Sponsor: the Teucrium Corn Fund, the Teucrium Wheat Fund, the Teucrium Sugar Fund and the Teucrium Sugar Fund (collectively, the "Underlying Funds"). The Underlying Fund Average will have a weighting of 25% to each Underlying Fund, and the Fund's assets will be rebalanced, generally on a daily basis, to maintain the approximate 25% allocation to each Underlying Fund:

#### TACS Renchman

	Underlying Fund	Weighting
CORN		25%
SOYB		25%
CANE		25%
WEAT		25%

The Fund seeks to provide daily investment results that reflect the combined daily performance of the Underlying Funds. Under normal market conditions, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective generally by investing equally in shares of each Underlying Fund and, to a lesser extent, cash equivalents. The Fund's investments in shares of the Underlying Funds is rebalanced, generally on a daily basis, in order to maintain approximately a 25% allocation of the Fund's assets to each Underlying Fund. (This weighted average is referred to herein as the Underlying Fund's "Benchmark Component Futures Contracts that at any given time make up an Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire EUnters Contract for commodity. Specified in the Underlying Fund's name is referred to herein as its: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's name is referred to herein as its: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's name is referred to herein as its: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's name is referred to herein as its: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's name is referred to herein as its: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's name is referred to herein as its: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's senchmark is: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: "Specified Commodity." Specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire CBOT specified in the Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (

While the Fund expects to maintain substantially all of its assets in shares of the Underlying Funds at all times, the Fund may hold some residual amount of assets in obligations of the United States government ("Treasury Securities") or cash equivalents, and/or merely hold such assets in cash (generally in interest-bearing accounts). The Underlying Funds invest in Commodity Interests to the fullest extent possible without being leveraged or unable to satisfy their expected current or potential margin or collateral obligations with respect to their investments in Commodity Interests. After fulfilling such margin and collateral requivalents, and/or merely hold such assets in cash. Therefore, the focus of the Sponsor in managing the Underlying Funds will cash cash cash cash. Therefore, the focus of the Sponsor in managing the Underlying Funds and or cash equivalents. The Fund and Underlying Funds will seek to earn interest income from the short-term Treasury Securities and/or cash equivalents that it purchases, and, on the cash, it holds through the Fund's custodian.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC and, therefore, do not include all information and footnote disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such financial information reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the Fund's financial statements for the interim period. It is suggested that these interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the most recent Form S-1 filing, as applicable. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2024.

Subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement, Teucrium Trading, LLC, in its capacity as the Sponsor ("Sponsor"), may terminate a Fund at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, including, for instance, if it determines that the Fund's aggregate net assets in relation to its operating expenses make the continued operation of the Fund unreasonable or imprudent. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate a Fund.

### Note 2 - Principal Contracts and Agreements

The Sponsor employs U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services"), for Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services. The principal address for Global Fund Services is 615 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee, WI 53202.

For custody services, the Funds will pay to U.S. Bank N.A. 0.0075% of average gross assets up to \$1 billion, and .0050% of average gross assets over \$1 billion, annually, plus certain per-transaction charges. For Transfer Agency, Fund Accounting and Fund Administration services, which are based on the total assets for all the Funds in the Trust, the Funds will pay to Global Fund Services 0.05% of average gross assets on the first \$500 million, 0.04% on the next \$500 million, 0.03% on the next \$2 billion and 0.02% on the balance over \$3 billion annually. A combined minimum annual fee of up to \$47,000 for custody, transfer agency, accounting and administrative services is assessed per Fund. These services are recorded as custodian fees and expenses on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

The Sponsor employs PINE Distributors, LLC ("PINE" or the "Marketing Agent") as the Marketing Agent for the Funds. The Distribution Services Agreement among the Marketing Agent and the Sponsor calls for the Marketing Agent to work with the Custodian in connection with the receipt and processing of orders for Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets and the review and approval of all Fund sales literature and advertising materials. The Marketing Agent and the Sponsor have also entered into a Securities Activities and Service Agreement (the "SASA") under which certain employees and officers of the Sponsor are licensed as registered representatives or registered principals of the Marketing Agent, under Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules. For its services as the Marketing Agent, PINE receives a fee of 0.0075% of each Fund's average daily not assets and an aggregate annual fee of \$75,000 for all Funds, along with certain expense reimbursements. For its services under the SASA, PINE receives a fee of \$3,500 per registered representative and \$7,500 administration program fee. These services are recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

Marex Capital Markets, Inc. ("Marex") and StoneX Financial Inc. ("StoneX") serve as the Underlying Funds' clearing brokers to execute and clear the Underlying Funds' futures and provide other brokerage-related services. Marex and StoneX are each registered as futures commission merchants ("FCM") with the U.S. CFTC and are members of the NFA. The FCMs are registered as broker-dealers with the SEC and are each a member of FINRA. Marex and StoneX are each clearing members of Inc Futures Countries. Chicago Mercantile Exchange, New York Mercantile Exchange, and all other major United the eschanges. For Com, Soybean, Sugar, and Wheat Futures Contracts Marex is paid \$3.00 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. StoneX is paid \$2.50 per round turn exclusive of pass-through fees for the exchange and the NFA. Additionally, if the monthly commissions paid by each Fund does not equal or exceed 16.5% return on the Stement at 9.6% of the Exchange Maintenance Margin, each Fund will pay a true up to meet that return at the end of each month. These expenses are recognized on a per-trade basis. The half-turn is recognized as an unrealized loss on the statements of operations when a contract is sold. A summary of these expenses can be found under the heading, Brokerage Commissions.

The sole Trustee of the Trust is Wilmington Trust Company, a Delaware banking corporation. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act. For its services, the Trustee receives an annual fee of \$3,300 from the Trust. These services are recorded in business permits and licenses fees on the statements of operations. A summary of these expenses is included below.

	Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		Nine months ended September 30, 2024		ne months ended ptember 30, 2023
Amount Recognized for Custody Services	\$ 3,772	\$	3,942	\$	10,838	\$	19,341
Amount of Custody Services Waived	\$ 3,772	\$	2,750	\$	10,838	\$	18,149
Amount Recognized for Distribution Services	\$ 837	\$	1,619	\$	3,760	\$	6,271
Amount of Distribution Services Waived	\$ 837	\$	1,619	\$	3,760	\$	6,271
Amount Recognized for Wilmington Trust	\$ -	\$	145	\$		\$	145
Amount of Wilmington Trust Waived	\$ -	\$	145	\$		\$	145

# Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification.

#### Revenue Recognition

Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade-date basis. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments are reflected in the statements of operations as the difference between the original amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the statements of operations.

#### Brokerage Commissions

The Sponsor recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per-trade basis.

#### Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, the Fund will be treated as a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is generally treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes unless 90% or more of the publicly traded partnership's gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of qualifying income as defined in section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Qualifying income is defined as generally including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, and agains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In the principal activity is the buying and selling of commodities, offer than as inventory, or of futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities, qualifying income also includes income and gains from commodities and from futures, forwards, options with respect to commodities, and principal activity is the purpose. When the partnership is a trader or investor with respect to such assets, swaps and other notional principal contracts with respect to commodities. The Fund expects that at least 90% of the Fund's gross income for each taxable year will consist of qualifying income and that the Fund will be taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not record a provision for income taxes because the shareholders report their share of the Fund's income or loss on their income tax returns. The fundancial statements reflect the Fund's transactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.

The Fund is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Fund files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions. For all tax years 2021 to December 31, 2023, the Fund remains subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities. The tax benefit reveoinsylve in ensaured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent until mate settlement. De-recognizing or a fundament. Deserved provides a tax liability that reduces net assets. This policy has been applied to all existing tax positions upon the Fund's initial adoption. Based on its analysis, the Fund has determined that it has not incurred any liability for unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021. However, the Fund's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analysis of and changes to tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof.

The Fund recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax fees payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Fund may be subject to potential examination by U.S. federal, U.S. state, or foreign jurisdictional authorities in the area of income taxes. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions, and compliance with U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax laws.

#### Creations and Redemptions

Effective August 28, 2018, the Sponsor filed a prospectus supplement updating the Creation and Redemption Basket size to 12,500 shares. Prior to this prospectus supplement, the basket size for Creations and Redemptions was 25,000 shares.

Authorized Purchasers may purchase Creation Basket sconsisting of 12,500 shares from the Fund. The amount of the proceeds required to purchase a Creation Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Creation Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to create the basket is received in good order.

Authorized Purchasers may redeem shares from the Fund only in blocks of 12,500 shares called "Redemption Baskets." The amount of the redemption proceeds for a Redemption Basket will be equal to the NAV of the shares in the Redemption Basket determined as of 4:00 p.m. (ET) on the day the order to redeem the basket is received in good order.

The Fund will receive the proceeds from shares sold or will pay for redeemed shares within three business days after the trade date of the purchase or redemption, respectively. The amounts due from Authorized Purchasers will be reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as capital shares receivable. Amounts payable to Authorized Purchasers upon redemption will be reflected in the Fund's statements of assets and liabilities as payable for shares redeemed.

As outlined in the most recent Form S-1 filing, 50,000 shares represent four Redemption Baskets for the Fund and a minimum level of shares. If the Fund experienced redemptions that caused the number of Shares outstanding to decrease to the minimum level of Shares required to be outstanding, until the minimum number of Shares is again exceeded through the purchase of a new Creation Basket, there can be no more redemptions by an Authorized Purchaser.

### Allocation of Shareholder Income and Losses

Profit or loss is allocated among the shareholders of the Fund in proportion to the number of shares each shareholder holds as of the close of each month.

### Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturity dates of 90 days or less when acquired. The Fund reported its cash equivalents in the statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short term maturities. The Fund has these balances of its assets on deposit with banks. Assets deposited with a financial institution may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. TAGS had a balance of \$10,508 and \$11,208 in money market funds at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively; these balances are included in cash equivalents on the statements of assets and liabilities.

### Payable/Receivable for Securities Purchased/Sold

Due from/to broker for investments in securities are securities transactions pending settlement. The Fund is subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with whom it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The management of the Fund monitors the financial condition of such brokers and does not anticipate any losses from these counterparties.

#### Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Fund's NAV is calculated by:

- Taking the current market value of its total assets and Subtracting any liabilities.

The administrator, Global Fund Services, will calculate the NAV of the Fund once each trading day. It will calculate the NAV as of the earlier of the close of the New York Stock Exchange or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The NAV for a particular trading day will be released after 4:15 p.m. (ET).

For purposes of determining the Fund's NAV, the Fund's investments in the Underlying Funds will be valued based on the Underlying Funds' NAVs. In turn, in determining the value of the Futures Contracts held by the Underlying Funds, the Administrator will use the closing price on the exchange on which they are traded. The Administrator will determine the value of all other Funds and Underlying Fund investments as of the earlier of the close of the New York Stock Exchange or 4:00 p.m. (ET), in accordance with the current Services Agreement between the Administrator and the Trust. The value of over-the-counter Commodity Interests will be determined based on the value of the commodity or Futures Contract underlying such Commodity Interest, except that a fair value may be determined if the Sponsor believes that the Underlying Fund is subject to significant credit risk relating to the counterparty to such Commodity Interest. For purposes of financial statements and reports, the Sponsor will react the WAV of an Underlying Fund where necessary to reflect the "fair value" of a Futures Contract held by an Underlying Fund when a Futures Contract held by the Underlying Fund closes at its price fluctuation limit for the day. Short term Treasury Securities held by the Fund or Underlying Funds will be valued by the Administrator using values received from recognized third-party vendors (such as Reuters) and dealer quotes. NAV will include any unrealized profit or loss on open Commodity Interests and any other credit or debit accruing to the Fund but unpaid or not received by the Fund.

### Sponsor Fee Allocation of Expenses and Related Party Transactions

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the objectives and policies of the Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency and other necessary services to the Trust and the Funds. In addition, the Sponsor elected not to outsource services directly attributable to the Trust and the Funds such as accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities. The Sponsor does not receive a management fee from the Fund. The Sponsor receives a management fee from each Underlying Fund at the annual rate of 1.00% of such Underlying Fund's average daily net assets, payable monthly. The Sponsor can elect to waive the payment of this fee for any Underlying Fund in any amount at its sole discretion, at any time and from time to time, in order to reduce the Fund's expenses or for any other purpose.

The Fund generally pays for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, FINRA, or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therewith. The Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Funds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respective Funds based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity.

These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, trading activities, and insurance costs, as well as fees paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor; these are necessary services to the Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing accounting and financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Fund. Such expenses are primarily recorded as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. All asset-based fees and expenses for the Funds are calculated on the prior day's net assets.

	Three mon	Three months ended		onths ended	Nine	months ended	Nine months ended	
	September	r 30, 2024	Septeml	er 30, 2023	Septe	mber 30, 2024	Septer	mber 30, 2023
Recognized Related Party Transactions	\$	18,684	\$	26,482	S	74,590	\$	105,812
Waived Related Party Transactions	\$	18 684	S	1 347	S	47 589	\$	70.069

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and Management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund. The Sponsor has determined that there will be no recovery sought for the amounts below in any future period:

	TAGS
Three months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 40,557
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 77,482
Nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$ 182,476
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 355,731

### Expenses

Expenses are recorded using the accrual method of accounting.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") issued ASU 2023-06 – Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. The amendments require an entity to disclose its accounting policy for where cash flows associated with derivative instruments and their related gains and losses are presented. The Trust and Fund already discloses the accounting policy related to the derivative gains and losses presented on the cash flow statement. The amendment was adopted early for the period ended December 31, 2023. There is no impact to the financial statements of the Trust or the Fund.

The FASB issued ASU 2023-01, related to Leases – (Topic 842). The response to concerns about applying Topic 842 to related party arrangements between entities under common control. The update was adopted early for the quarter ended March 31, 2023; the adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements and disclosures of the Trust or the Fund.

### Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy

In accordance with GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Fund uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 financial instruments of the Underlying Funds and securities of the Fund, together the "financial instruments". Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these financial instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the financial instruments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Fund in determining fair value is greatest for financial instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy, within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

On September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the reported value at the close of the market for each commodity futures contract of the Underlying Funds fairly reflected the value of the futures and no alternative valuations were required.

### Net Income (Loss) per Share

Net income (loss) per share is the difference between the NAV per unit at the beginning of each period and at the end of each period. The weighted average number of units outstanding was computed for purposes of disclosing net income (loss) per weighted average unit. The weighted average units are equal to the number of units outstanding at the end of the period, adjusted proportionately for units created or redeemed based on the amount of time the units were outstanding during such period.

#### Note 4 - Fair Value Measurement

The Fund's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy as described in the Fund's significant accounting policies in Note 3. The following table presents information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

# September 30, 2024

								Balance as of
Assets:	Level 1				Level 3			September 30, 2024
Exchange Traded Funds	\$	11,751,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,751,695
Cash Equivalents		10,508				-		10,508
Total	\$	11,762,203	S		\$		\$	11,762,203

# December 31, 2023

									Balance as of
Assets:		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		December 31, 2023	
Exchange Traded Funds	S	\$	18,401,900	\$	-	\$		\$	18,401,900
Cash Equivalents			11,208		-				11,208
Total	S	\$	18,413,108	\$	-	\$		\$	18,413,108

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

See the Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy section in Note 3 above for an explanation of the transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy.

# Note 5 - Financial Highlights

The following table presents per unit performance data and other supplemental financial data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. This information has been derived from information presented in the financial statements and is presented with total expenses gross of expenses waived by the Sponsor and with total expen

	 Three months ended September 30, 2024		Three months ended September 30, 2023		ine months ended ptember 30, 2024	Nine months ended September 30, 2023	
Per Share Operation Performance							
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 26.49	\$	30.33	\$	29.45	\$	31.35
Income (loss) from investment operations:							
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investment transactions	0.40		0.00		(2.55)		(1.00)
Total expenses, net	(0.01)		0.00		(0.02)		(0.02)
Net increase (decrease) in net asset value	0.39		-		(2.57)		(1.02)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 26.88	\$	30.33	\$	26.88	\$	30.33
Total Return	1.50%		-0.02%		-8.73%		-3.25%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)							
Total expenses	1.46%		1.42%		1.80%		1.67%
Total expenses, net	0.09%		0.09%		0.09%		0.09%
Net investment loss	-0.09%		-0.09%		-0.09%		-0.09%

The financial highlights per share data are calculated consistent with the methodology used to calculate asset-based fees and expenses.

# Note 6 - Organizational and Offering Costs

Expenses incurred in organizing of the Trust and the initial offering of the Shares of the Fund, including applicable SEC registration fees, were borne directly by the Sponsor. The Fund will not be obligated to reimburse the Sponsor.

### Note 7 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the financial statements for the quarter-ended September 30, 2024 for subsequent events through the date of this filing and noted no material events requiring either recognition through the date of the filing or disclosure herein for the Fund.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report (the "Report"). The discussion and analysis which follows may contain trend analysis and other forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial results. Words such as "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "outlook" and "estimate," as well as similar words and phrases, signify forward-looking statements. Teucrium Commodity Trust's (the "Trust's") forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future results and conditions, and important factors, risks and uncertainties may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in our forward-looking statements.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as expressly required by the Federal securities laws, Teucrium Trading, LLC (the "Sponsor") undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or the risks, uncertainties or other factors described in this Report, as a result of new information, future events or changed circumstances or for any other reason after the date of this Report.

#### Overview/Introduction

Teucrium Commodity Trust ("Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust organized on September 11, 2009, is a series trust consisting of five series: Teucrium Com Fund ("CORN"), Teucrium Sugar Fund ("CANE"), Teucrium Soybean Fund ("SOYB"), Teucrium Wheat Fund ("WEAT"), and Teucrium Agricultural Fund." Each Fund is a commodity pool that is a series of the Trust. The Funds issue common units, called the "Shares," representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in a Fund. Effective as of April 26, 2019, the Trust and the Funds operate pursuant to the Trust's Fifth Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust and Trust Agreement (the "Trust Arguerement").

On June 7, 2010, the initial Form S-1 for CORN was declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). On June 8, 2010, four Creation Baskets for CORN were issued representing 200,000 shares and \$5,000,000. CORN began trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Area on June 9, 2010. The current registration statement for CORN was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for CORN registered an indeterminate number of shares.

On June 13, 2011, the initial Forms S-1 for CANE, SOYB, and WEAT were declared effective by the SEC. On September 16, 2011, two Creation Baskets were issued for each Fund, representing 100,000 shares and \$2,500,000, for CANE, SOYB, and WEAT. On September 19, 2011, CANE, SOYB, and WEAT started trading on the NYSE Area. The current registration statements for SOYB and CANE were declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. The registration statements for SOYB and CANE were for

On February 10, 2012, the Form S-1 for TAGS was declared effective by the SEC. On March 27, 2012, six Creation Baskets for TAGS were issued representing 300,000 shares and \$15,000,000. TAGS began trading on the NYSE Area on March 28, 2012. The current registration statement for TAGS was declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2022. This registration statement for TAGS registered an indeterminate number of shares.

As reported by the registrant on a Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 7, 2023 (File No. 001-34765), Teucrium Commodity Trust (the "Teucrium Trust"), on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF ("Acquired Fund"), and Tidal Commodities Trust ("Acquiring Trust"), on behalf of its series, Hashdex Bitcoin Futures ETF ("Acquiring Fund"), entered into an Agreement and Plan of Partnership Merger and Liquidation dated as of October 30, 2023 (the "Plan of Merger"). The Merger closed on January 3, 2024 (the "Closing Date").

Pursuant to the Plan of Merger, each Acquired Fund shareholder received one share of the Acquiring Fund for every one share of the Acquired Fund held on the Closing Date based on the net asset value per share of the Acquiring Fund sequence of the Acquired Fund determined immediately prior to the Merger closing, Upon the Merger closing, the Plan of Merger caused all of the Acquired Fund fund of the Acquired Fund to be liquidated.

The sponsor of the Teucrium Trust, Teucrium Trading, LLC ("Teucrium"), is not receiving any compensation dependent on the consummation of the Merger. Pursuant to a certain Amended and Restated '33 Act Fund Platform Support Agreement, as amended (the "Support Agreement") among Tidal Investments LLC (ht/s Toroso Investments, LLC) ("Tidal"), Tidal ETF Services, LLC, Hashdex Asset Management Ltd., and Teucrium, Tidal has agreed to provide Teucrium after the Merger with a monthly amount equal to the greater of seven percent (7%) of the management fee paid to Tidal from the Acquiring Fund and 0.04% of monthly average net assets of the Acquiring Fund ("Teucrium Compensation"). Any payment of the Teucrium Compensation will be made from the resources of Tidal and not from the assets of the Acquiring Fund.

The occurrence of a severe weather event, natural disaster, terrorist attack, geopolitical events, outbreak, or public health emergency as declared by the World Health Organization, the continuation or expansion of war or other hostilities, or a prolonged government shutdown may have significant adverse effects on an Agricultural Fund and its investments and alter current assumptions and expectations. For example, in late February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine, significantly amplifying already existing geopolitical tensions among Russia and other countries in the region and in the west. The responses of countries and political bodies to Russia's actions, the larger overarching tensions, and Ukraine's military response and the potential for wider conflict may increase financial market volatility generally, have severe adverse effects on regional and global economic markets, and cause volatility in the price of agricultural futures, and the share price of an Agricultural Funds.

The types of events discussed above, including the contagion of the COVID-19 virus and other infectious viruses or diseases, as well as any attendant climate of uncertainty and panic, may adversely affect global, regional, and local economies and reduce the availability of potential investment opportunities, and increases the difficulty of performing due diligence and modeling market conditions, potentially reducing the accuracy of financial projections. Under these circumstances, the Funds may have difficulty of historic their investment objectives, which may adversely impact performance. Further, such events can be highly disruptive to economies and markets, seginificantly disruptive to performance further, such events can be highly disruptive to economies and markets, securities and commodity exchanges, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the Funds' sponsor and third party service providers), sectors, industries, markets, securities and commodity exchanges, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the Funds to complete redemptions and otherwise affect Fund performance and Fund trading in the secondary market. A widespread crisis may also affect the global economy in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the current time. How long such events will last and whether they will continue or recur cannot be predicted. Impacts from these events could have significant impact on a Fund's performance, resulting in losses to your investment. The global economic shocks being experienced as of the date hereof may cause the underlying assumptions and expectations of the Funds to become outdated quickly or inaccurate, resulting in significant losses.

### The Investment Objective of the Funds

The investment objective of CORN is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the com market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for corn ("Corn Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"):

	CORN Benchmark	
CBOT Corn Futures Contract		Weighting
Second to expire		35%
Third to expire		30%
December following the third to expire		35%

The investment objective of SOYB is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the soybean market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for soybeans ("Soybean Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"):

SOYB Benchmark	
CBOT Soybean Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire (excluding August & September)	35%
Third to expire (excluding August & September)	30%
Expiring in the November following the expiration of the third to expire contract	35%

The investment objective of CANE is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the sugar market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for No. 11 sugar ("Sugar Futures Contracts") that are traded on the ICE Futures US ("ICE"):

CANE Benchmark	
ICE Sugar Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire	35%
Third to expire	30%
Expiring in the March following the expiration of the third to expire contract	35%

The investment objective of WEAT is to have the daily changes in the NAV of the Fund's Shares reflect the daily changes in the wheat market for future delivery as measured by the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for wheat ("Wheat Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"):

WEAT	Benchmark
CBOT Wheat Futures Contract	Weighting
Second to expire	35%
Third to expire	30%
December following the third to expire	35%

The investment objective of TAGS is to provide daily investment results that reflect the combined daily performance of four other commodity pools, specifically CORN, SOYB, CANE and WEAT (the "Underlying Funds"). Under normal market conditions, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective generally by investing equally in shares of each Underlying Fund and, to a lesser extent, cash equivalents. The Fund's investments in shares of Underlying Funds are rebalanced, generally on a daily basis, in order to maintain approximately a 25% allocation of the Fund's assets to each Underlying Fund:

	TAGS Benchmark	
Underlying Fund		Weighting
CORN SOYB CANE		25%
SOYB		25%
CANE		25%
WEAT		25%

The notional amount of each Benchmark Component Futures Contract included in each Benchmark is intended to reflect the changes in market value of each such Benchmark Component Futures Contract within the Benchmark. The closing level of each Benchmark is calculated on each business day by U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Global Fund Services") based on the closing price of the futures contracts for each of the underlying Benchmark Component Futures Contracts and the notional amounts of such Benchmark Component Futures Contracts.

Each Benchmark is rebalanced periodically to ensure that each of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts is weighted in the same proportion as in the investment objective for each Fund. The following tables reflect the September 30, 2024, Benchmark Component Futures Contracts weights for each of the Funds, the contract held is identified by the generally accepted nomenclature of contract month and year, which may differ from the month in which the contract expires:

CORN Benchmark Component Futures Contracts		Notional Value	Weight (%)
CBOT Corn Futures (1,007 contracts, MAR25)	\$	22,216,938	35%
CBOT Corn Futures (845 contracts, MAY25)		19,044,188	30
CBOT Corn Futures (970 contracts, DEC25)		22,019,000	35
Total at September 30, 2024	\$	63,280,126	100%
SOYB Benchmark Component Futures Contracts		Notional Value	Weight (%)
CBOT Soybean Futures (207 contracts, JAN25)	\$	11,128,838	35%
CBOT Soybean Futures (175 contracts, MAR5)		9,524,375	30
CBOT Soybean Futures (202 contracts, NOV25)		11,056,975	35
Total at September 30, 2024	\$	31,710,188	100%
CANE Benchmark Component Futures Contracts		Notional Value	Weight (%)
ICE Sugar Futures (215 contracts, MAY25)	\$	5,068,840	35%
ICE Sugar Futures (193 contracts, JUL25)		4,349,139	30
ICE Sugar Futures (226 contracts, MAR26)		5,047,213	35
Total at September 30, 2024	\$	14,465,192	100%
WEAT Benchmark Component Futures Contracts		Notional Value	Weight (%)
CBOT Wheat Futures (1.595 contracts, MAR25)	\$	48,188,937	35%
CBOT Wheat Futures (1,344 contracts, MAY25)		41,378,400	30
CBOT Wheat Futures (1,491 contracts, DEC25)		48,122,025	35
Total at September 30, 2024	\$	137,689,362	100%
TAGS Benchmark Component Futures Contracts		Fair Value	Weight (%)
Shares of Teucrium Corn Fund (159,401 shares)	S	2,945,045	25%
Shares of Teucrium Soybean Fund (128,582 shares)		2,964,805	25
Shares of Teucrium Wheat Fund (562,112 shares)		2,943,893	25
Shares of Teucrium Sugar Fund (220,400 shares)		2,897,952	25
Total at September 30, 2024	\$	11,751,695	100%
rotal at September 50, 2027	3	11,751,075	100/0

The price relationship between the near month Futures Contract to expire and the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts will vary and may impact both the total return of each Fund over time and the degree to which such total return tracks the total return of the price indices related to the commodity of each Fund. In cases in which the near month contract's prices (a situation known as "contango" in the futures markets), then absent the impact of the overall movement in commodity prices the value of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts would tend to decline as they approach expiring contracts' sprices (a situation known as "backwardation" in the futures markets), then absent the impact of the overall movement in a Fund's prices the value of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts would tend to rise as they approach expiration, all other things being equal.

The total portfolio composition for each Fund is disclosed each business day that the NYSE Area is open for trading on the Sponsor's website. The website for the Agricultural Funds and the Sponsor is www.teucrium.com. The website(s) are accessible at no charge. The website disclosure of portfolio holdings is made daily and includes, as applicable, the name and value of each Futures Contract, other commodity interests and the amount of cash and cash equivalents held in the Fund's portfolio. The specific types of other commodity interests, "and together with Futures Contracts, "Commodity Interests," or "Interests," or "Interests, "Interests," or "Interests, "Interests," or "Interests, "I

Consistent with achieving a Fund's investment objective of closely tracking the Benchmark, the Sponsor may for certain reasons cause a Fund to enter into or hold Futures Contracts other than the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts and/or Other Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests. Other Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests, can generally be structured as the parties to the Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests, can generally be structured as the parties to the Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests, can generally be structured as the parties to the counter Interest Interest Designed to replicate the performance of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts for a Fund, or a single over the counter Interest designed to replicate the performance of the Benchmark as a whole. Assuming that there is no default by a counterparty to an over the counter Interest, the performance of the Interest will necessarily correlate with the performance of the Benchmark or the applicable Benchmark Component Futures Contracts to facilitate effective trading, consistent with the discussion of the Fund's "roll" strategy. In addition, each Fund might also enter into or hold Interests that would be expected to alleviate overall deviation between the Fund's performance and that of the Benchmark that may result from certain market and trading inefficiencies or other reasons. By utilizing certain or all of the investments described above, the Sponsor will endeavor to cause the Fund's performance to closely track that of the Benchmark of each Fund.

An "exchange for related position" ("EFRP") can be used by each Agricultural Fund as a technique to facilitate the exchanging of a futures hedge position against a creation or redemption order, and thus each Fund may use an EFRP transaction in connection with the creation and redemption of shares. The market specialist/market maker that is the ultimate purchaser or seller of shares in connection with the creation or redemption basket, respectively, agrees to sell or purchase a corresponding offsetting futures position which is then settled on the same business day as a cleared futures transaction by the FCMs. The Fund will become subject to the credit risk of the market specialist/market maker until the EFRP is settled within the business day, which is typically 7 hours or less. Each Fund reports all activity related to EFRP transactions under the procedures and guidelines of the CFTC and the exchanges on which the futures are traded.

The Funds seek to earn interest and other income ("interest income") from cash equivalents that it purchases and, on the cash it holds through the Custodian or other financial institutions. The Sponsor anticipates that the interest income will increase the NAV of each Fund. The Funds apply the interest income to the acquisition of additional investments or use it to pay its expenses. If the Fund reinvests the earned interest income, it makes investments that are consistent with its investment objectives as disclosed. Any cash equivalent invested by a Fund will have original maturity dates of three and nine months or less at inception. Any cash equivalent invested by a Fund will be deemed by the Sponsor to be of investment grade quality. As of September 30, 2024, available cash balances in each of the Funds were invested in the U.S. Bank Demand Deposit Account, Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund, and in commercial paper with maturities of ninety days or less. Additionally, the CORN, SOYB, CANE, and WEAT may invest a portion of the amount of funds required to be deposited with the FCM as initial margin in U.S. Treasury obligations with time to maturity of 90 days or less. The obligations are purchased and held in the respective Fund accounts through the FCM.

In managing the assets of the Funds, the Sponsor does not use a technical trading system that automatically issues buy and sell orders. Instead, the Sponsor will purchase or sell the specific underlying Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests with an aggregate market value that approximates the amount of cash received or paid upon the purchase or redemption of Shares.

The Sponsor anticipates managing each Fund in a way that tracks the stated benchmark. The Agricultural Funds' benchmarks do not hold spot futures and therefore do not anticipate letting the commodity Futures Contracts of any Fund expire, thus avoiding delivery of the underlying commodity. instead, the Sponsor will close out existing positions, for instance, in response to ordinary scheduled changes in the Benchmark or, if at the Sponsor's sole discretion, it otherwise determines it would be appropriate to do so, will reinvest the proceeds in new Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests. Positions may also be closed out to meet redemption orders, in which case the proceeds from closing the positions are not reinvested.

The Sponsor employs a "neutral" investment strategy intended to track the changes in the Benchmark of each Fund regardless of whether the Benchmark goes up or goes down. The Fund's "neutral" investment strategy is designed to permit investors generally to purchase and sell the Fund's Shares for the purpose of investing indirectly in the commodity specific market in a cost-effective manner. Such investors may include participants in the specific industry and other industries seeking to hedge the risk of losses in their commodity procure of an individual investor, the risk generally associated with investing in the commodity or cryptocurrency specific market and/or the risks involved in hedging may exist. In addition, an investment in a Fund involves the risk that the changes in the price of the Fund's Shares will not accurately track the changes in the Benchmark, and that changes in the Benchmark will not closely correlate with changes in the price of the risk shares will not accurately track the changes in the price of the commodity or cryptocurrency on the spot price of the commodity or reproductivency specific features Contract.

#### The Sponso

Teucrium Trading, LLC is the sponsor of the Trust and each of the series of the Trust. The Sponsor is a Delaware limited liability company, formed on July 28, 2009. The principal office is located at Three Main Street, Suite 215, Burlington, Vermont 05401. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator ("CPO") and a commodity trading adviser ("CTA") with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA"). Teucrium Investment Advisors, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Teucrium Trading, LLC, is a Delaware limited liability company, which was formed on Juny 4, 2022. The currium Investment Advisors, TLC is a U.S. SEC registered investment Advisors, TLC was registered with the CFTC as a CPO on May 2, 2022, a CTA on May 2, 2022, and a Swap Firm on May 9, 2022. Teucrium Investment Advisors, LLC became a member of the NFA on May 9, 2022. Teucrium Investment Advisors, LLC on May 20, 2022.

Effective July 2, 2023, ConvexityShares LLC ("ConvexityShares") resigned from its position as sponsor of the ConvexityShares Trust (the "ConvexityShares Trust") and Teucrium Trading, LLC was appointed concurrently as the new sponsor of the ConvexityShares Trust. The ConvexityShares Trust filed a current report on Form 8-K or July 3, 2023, describing the transactions pursuant to which Teucrium Trading, LLC, replaced ConvexityShares as sponsor of the ConvexityShares Trust. The Form 8-K can be found here: https://www.sec.gov/ixg/doc/-/archives/dea/ada/ada/18/11/81/18/19/00021305388/elal 81271-8k convexity.htm.

Additionally, Teucrium Trading LLC, as the sponsor of ConvexityShares Trust, announced in a press release dated November 1, 2023 that it will close the ConvexityShares Daily 1.5 SPIKES Futures ETF and ConvexityShares Ix SPIKES Futures ETF (together, the "ConvexityShares Funds"). Teucrium Trading, LLC, determined that the closure of the ConvexityShares Funds is advisable because of a recent announcement by the Minneapolis Grain Exchange, LLC ("MGEX") that the SPIKES" Volatility Index Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures") in which the ConvexityShares Funds in reveitually Island Futures ("SPIKES Futures Contracts that expire in or after January 2024. Further detail may be obtained by accessing the Form 8-K filed by the Teucrium Commodities Trust on November 1, 2023, available here: https://www.sec.gov/ix?doc=/Archives/edgar/data/1817218/000121390023081930/ea187567-8k\_convexity.htm.

A settlement agreement ("Agreement"), by and among Teucrium Trading, Salvatore Gilbertie, Carl Miller III, Cory Mullen-Rusin, Steve Kahler, and Dale and Barbara Riker, was entered into as of April 26, 2024 and became effective on May 10, 2024. The Agreement resolves all of the claims raised in the actions captioned Dale Riker v. Sal Gilbertie et al., C.A. 565794/2020 (N.Y. Supreme Court), Sal Gilbertie, et. al. v. Dale Riker, et al., C.A. 2020-1018-LWW (Del. Ch.) and Dale Riker, et al. v. Teucrium Trading, LLC, C.A. 2022-1036-LWW (Del. Ch.)

On May 10, 2024, Van Eck Associates Corporation replaced Dale Riker as a Class A member of the Sponsor.

The Trust and the Funds operate pursuant to the Trust Agreement. Under the Trust Agreement, the Sponsor is solely responsible for management and conducts or directs the conduct of the business of the Trust, the Fund, and any series of the Trust that may from time to time be established and designated by the Sponsor. The Sponsor is required to oversee the purchase and sale of Shares by Authorized Purchasers and to manage the Fund's investments, including to evaluate the credit risk of FCMs and swap counterparties and to review daily positions and margin/collateral requirements. The Sponsor has the power to enter into agreements as may be necessary or appropriate for the offer and sale of the Fund's Shares and the oversight of the Trust's Accordingly, the Sponsor is responsible for selecting the Trustee, Administrator, Marketing Agent, the independent registered public employed by the Trust. The Sponsor is also responsible for preparing and filing periodic reports on behalf of the Trust with the SEC and will provide any required certification for such reports. No person other than the Sponsor and its principals was involved in the organization of the Trust or the Fund.

Teucrium Trading, LLC designs the Funds to offer liquidity, transparency, and capacity in single-commodity investing for a variety of investors, including institutions and individuals, in an exchange-traded product format. The Funds have also been designed to mitigate the impacts of contango and backwardation, situations that can occur in the course of commodity trading which can affect the potential returns to investors. Backwardation is defined as a market condition in which a futures price of a commodity is lower in the distant delivery months than in the near delivery months, while contango, the opposite of backwardation, is defined as a condition in which distant delivery prices for futures exceed spot prices, often due to the costs of storing and insuring the underlying commodity.

The Sponsor has a patent on certain business methods and procedures used with respect to the Funds.

### Performance Summary

This report covers the periods from January 1 to September 30, 2024 for CORN, SOYB, CANE, WEAT, and TAGS. Total expenses are presented both gross and net of any expenses waived or paid by the Sponsor that would have been incurred by the Funds ("expenses waived by the Sponsor").

CORN Per Share Operation Performance	
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 21.61
Income from investment operations:	
Investment income	0.77
Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts	(3.47)
Total expenses	(0.43)
Net decrease in net asset value	(3.13)
Net asset value end of period	\$ 18.48
Total Return	-14.52%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)	
Total expenses	2.98%
Total expenses, net	2.98%
Net investment income	2.32%
SOYB Per Share Operation Performance	
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 27.03
Income from investment operations:	
Investment income	0.96
Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts	(4.36)
Total expenses, net	(0.57)
Net decrease in net asset value	(3.97)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 23.06
Total Return	-14.69%
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)	
Total expenses	3.17%
	3.17% 3.17%

CAPE For Share Operation Feformace         12.4           Net as set lough pringer pring         5.0.2           Income (sols) from investment operations         4.0.0           Income (sols) from investment operations         6.0.0           Net all call and unrealized and unrealized gain on commodify futures contracts         6.0.0           Net all captures, and such value         5.0.0           Net all captures, and such value and of period         5.0.0           Total Return         5.0.0           Total captures, and such value         4.0.0           Total captures, and such value         4.0.0           Total captures, and such value         4.0.0           Total captures, and such value         5.0.0           VEAT Per Staar Operation Performace         8.0.0           Met and Suppliming of period         5.0.0           Set as such used taggining of period         5.0.0           Set as such used taggining of period         5.0.0           Set as such used and unrealized and unrealized so on commodity futures contracts         6.0.0           Total captures, and the start value         6.0.0           Set as set value and operation for set asset value         5.0.2           Set as set value and operation for set asset value as beginning of period         5.0.2           Set as set value as		
Incesting those from the personners		
Investment income         0.46           Net realized and unemaized gain on commodity futures contracts         (0.40)           Total expense, net         (0.40)           Net increase in classed value         5         13.15           Total Return         5.00         13.15           Total Return         5         13.15           Total expense, net         4.26%         14.26%           Total expense, net         4.26%         14.26%           Total expense, net         5         5.8           Net associated and beginning of protion         5         5.8           Rose on the long immercent experiations         10.22           Net associated and unrealized and unrealized plos on commodity futures contracts         10.23           Net associated and transplanced plos on commodity futures contracts         10.23           Net asset value at end of period         5         5.24           Net asset value at end of period         5         5.24           Net asset value at end of period         5         5.24           Total expense, net         10.22         1.26           Total expense, net         2         3.16%           Net asset value at end of period         5         2.25           Total expense, net <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$ 12.44</td></t<>		\$ 12.44
Net relized and uncellazed gain on commodify futures contracts         6.04           Yotal expense, et         0.70           Net rases vitue at end of period         \$ 0.31           Yota Sective         \$ 0.31           Total Centur         \$ 0.30           Kation Vortage Net         4.25%           Also Spees         4.25%           Yotal expense, et         4.25%           Not succession the form         \$ 0.50%           WEAT Per Share Operation Performace         \$ 0.50%           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 0.80           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 0.80           Net relized and unrealized son commodify futures contracts         0.80           Net asset value         0.80           Net asset value         9.24           Net asset value at old of period         \$ 0.32           Net asset value at und of period         \$ 0.32           Net asset value at not period         \$ 0.25           Yotal Expense         \$ 0.24           Yotal Expense         \$ 0.24           Yotal Expense         \$ 0.25           Yotal Expense         \$ 0.25           Not acceptable for formance         \$ 0.25           Not acceptable for formance         \$ 0.25		
1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,00		
Net rease value         0.7           Net asset value at end of priord         5.7           Tota Return            Ratio to Average Net Asset (Annualized)            Total expenses          4.26%           Net substances from the Section of Contraction of Contraction Office of Section 1.0         4.26%           Net seed value at beginning of period         \$         5           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$         0.2           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts          0.2           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts          0.2           Net easest value at end of period         \$         0.2           Net eases value at end of period         \$         0.2           Net eases value at end of period         \$         0.2           Vest asset value at end of period         \$         0.2           Total expenses, and the sates (Annualized)         \$         0.2           Total expenses, and the sates (Annualized)         \$         0.2           Total expenses, and the sates (Annualized)         \$         0.2           Net sate value at beginning of period         \$         0.2         0.2	Net realized and unrealized gain on commodity futures contracts	
Net aster due fand of priord         5.03.65           Total Return         5.03.05           Ration Average Net Assets (Annualized)         4.05%           Total expenses, net         4.25%           Net investment income         8         5.08           WEAT Per Share Operation Performance         8         5.08           Net sate value at beginning of period         8         5.08           Income (toss) from investment operations         0.22           Income (toss) from investment operations         0.22           Internation dumenized loss on commodity futures contracts         0.23           Net realized and uneralized loss on commodity futures contracts         0.23           Net decrease in the asset value         0.013           Net decrease in the asset value         0.013           Net decrease in the asset value         0.014           Net decrease in the asset value         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Net average Net Average Net Average Net Average Net Average Net Value         3.16%           Net average value a beginning of period         5.25	Total expenses, net	
Inola Return         5.0%           Ratio to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         4.20%           Total expenses, net         4.20%           Net investment income	Net increase in net asset value	
Ratios Navenge Net Assets (Annualized)   Total expenses, net   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006   2006	Net asset value at end of period	\$ 13.15
Total expenses, net   426% Net investment income   426% Net investment preformance   426% Net asset value at beginning of period   \$ 5 5 58 income (loss) from investment operations:   022 investment income   022 investment income   023 investment income   023 investment income   024 investment income   025 investment income   026 investment income   026 investment income   027 investment income   028 investment i	Total Return	5.70%
Total expenses, net         4.2%           Net investment income         0.99%           WEAT Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$         5.8           Income (loss) from investment operations         0.2           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         0.2         0.83           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13	Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)	
Net investment income         0.99%           WEAT Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value to beginning of period         \$         \$.98           Income (loss) from investment operations:         —           Investment income         0.22           Investment income         0.22           Investment income         0.23           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         (0.13)           Total expenses, net         (0.13)           Net decrease in et asset value         \$         2.24           Net decrease in et asset value         \$         2.54           Total Return         1.242%         2.24           Total expenses and saves (Annualized)         \$         3.16%           Total expenses, net         \$         3.16%           Total expenses, net         \$         3.16%           Total expenses, net         \$         2.245           Total expenses, net         \$         2.245           Total expenses, net         \$         2.245           Total expenses (Annualized)         \$         2.245           Total expenses (Annualized)         \$         2.245           Incomercian investment incomercian investment perations:         \$	Total expenses	4.26%
WEAT Per Share Operation Performance         S         5.98           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$         5.98           Income (loss) from investment operations:         C         2.28           Investment income         0.22         OR         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.23         0.24         0.23         0.24         0.25         0.24         0.25         0.24         0.25         0.24         0.25         0.24         0.25         0.25         0.24         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25         0.25	Total expenses, net	4.26%
Net asset value a beginning of period         5,8           Income (loss) from investment operations:         0.22           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         0.23           Net calized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         (0.13)           Net decrease in net asset value         (0.13)           Net asset value at end of period         5         0.54,           Net asset value at end of period         3.16%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           Net investment income         \$         2.94           Net investment income         \$         2.94           Net asset value at be ginning of period         \$         2.94           Incomerion investment operations:         \$         2.94           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$         2.55           Total expenses         \$         2.55           Net decrease in net asset value         \$         2.55           Net acquire du unrealized loss on investment transactions         \$         2.55           Total expenses         \$         2.55           Net decrease in net asset value         \$	Net investment income	0.99%
Net asset value a beginning of period         5.98           Income (loss) from investment operations:         0.22           Net realized and unrealized los on commodity futures contracts         0.23           Net calized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         (0.13)           Net decrease in net asset value         (0.13)           Net asset value at end of period         5.044           Net asset value at end of period         1.242%           Total exturn         3.16%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           Net investment income         \$ 2.94           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 2.94           Incomertom investment operations:         \$ 2.95           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 2.57           Total expenses         \$ 2.55           Net decrease in net asset value         \$ 2.55           Net decrease in net asset value         \$ 2.55           Net decrease in net asset value at end of period         \$ 2.55           Net decrease in net asset value         \$ 2.55           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 2.55           Net asset value at end of period		
Incest (loss) from investment operations:		
Investment income         0.22           Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts         (0.83)           Total expenses, net         (0.15)           Net decrease in net asset value         (0.74)           Net asset value at end of period         5.24           Total exturn         1.24%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Vet investment income         2.28%           IAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net investment income         \$ 2.945           Income from investment operations         (2.57)           Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (2.57)           Total expenses         (0.02)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net accessed value at net asset value         (2.57)           Net accessed value at end of period         5.28           Total Return         2.58%           Reticerease in net asset value         2.58%           Net accesses value at end of period         5.28%           Total Return         2.58%           Reticerease in net asset value         2.58%		\$ 5.98
Net realized and unrealized loss on commodify futures contracts         (0.83)           Total expenses, net         (0.74)           Net decrease in net asset value         \$ 5.24           Notal Return         \$ 5.24           Total Return         1.242%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 294           Income from investment operations:         (2.55)           Net algreenese in net asset value         (2.55)           Total expenses         (2.57)           Net accesse in net asset value         (2.57)           Net accesses in net asset value         (2.57)           Net accesses in net asset value         \$ 3.86           Total expenses         (2.57)           Net accesses in net asset value         \$ 2.88           Total expenses         \$ 3.06%           Total expenses         \$ 3.06%           Total expenses         \$ 2.57           Net accesses value at end of period         \$ 3.06%           Total expenses         \$ 2.57           Net accesses value at end of period </td <td></td> <td></td>		
Total expenses, net         (013)           Net decrease in net asset value         (074)           Net asset value at end of period         5.24           Total Return		
Net decrease in net asset value         (0.74)           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 5.24           Total Return         -12.42%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         -12.42%           Total expenses,         3.16%           Net investment income         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance         \$ 29.45           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         (0.02)           Net alized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (0.02)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         (3.8%           Total Return         (3.8%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         (3.8%           Total approach         5.8%           Total approach         5.8%           Total approach         (3.8%           Total approach         (3.8%           Total expenses         (3.8%           Total expenses         (3.8%           Total expenses	Net realized and unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts	
Net asset value at end of period         \$ 5.24           Total Return         -12.42%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         (2.55)           Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (2.55)           Total expenses         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 28.88           Total Expenses         \$ 2.87           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 2.87           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 2.87           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 2.87           Net asset value at end of period         \$ 2.88           Total Return         \$ 2.87           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         \$ 8.73 %           Total Return         \$ 2.87           Total Return         \$ 2.87           Total Appears         \$ 2.87           T		
Total Return         -1242%           Ratio sto Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at be beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         (5.5)           Net retailzed and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (5.5)           Total expenses         (0.02)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         2.68           Total Return         2.88           Total Return         5.873%           Rotios O Average Net Assets (Annualized)         5.873%           Total capenses         1.80%           Total expenses         0.00%	Net decrease in net asset value	
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         3.16%           Total expenses, net         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 2945           Income from investment operations:         (255)           Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (255)           Total expenses         (257)           Net accesse in net asset value         (257)           Net accessed under a do fiperiod         (257)           Total expenses         (257)           Net accessed value at end of period         2688           Total Perform         5 878           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         5 878           Total expenses         1,80%           Total expenses         0,00%	Net asset value at end of period	\$
State spenses   State spense		-12.42%
Total expenses, net         3.16%           Net investment income         2.08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 2945           Income from investment operations:         (2.55)           Net actized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (3.25)           Total expenses         (0.02)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         2.88           Total Return         5.873%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         *8.73%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses, et         0.00%	Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)	
Net investment income         2,08%           TAGS Per Share Operation Performance           Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         \$ (2.55)           Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (2.55)           Total expenses         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         5.88           Total Return         8.73%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         \$ 8.73%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses         0.00%	Total expenses	3.16%
TAGS Per Share Operation Performance         29.45           Ict asset value at beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         (255)           Net retaized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (0.02)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         2.87%           Total Repress         8.73%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses         0.00%	Total expenses, net	
Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         (2.57)           Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (2.57)           Total expenses         (0.02)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         26.88           Total Return         *87%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         1.80%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses, net         0.00%	Net investment income	2.08%
Net asset value at beginning of period         \$ 29.45           Income from investment operations:         (2.55)           Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (2.57)           Total expenses         (0.02)           Net acceptable         (2.57)           Net acceptable         2.83           Total Return         \$ 3.80           Ratios obverage Net Assets (Annualized)         1.80%           Total expenses         0.00%		
Income from investment operations: Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions Total expenses (0.02) Net decrease in net asset value Net asset value at end of period 8.873% Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized) Total Return Total expenses 1.80% Total expenses 1.80% Total expenses, net 1.80%		
Net realized and unrealized loss on investment transactions         (2.55)           Total expenses         (0.25)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         26.88           Total Return         -8.73%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         -8.73%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses, net         0.09%		\$ 29.45
Total expenses         (002)           Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         26.88           Total Return         -8.73%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         -1.80%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses, net         0.00%		
Net decrease in net asset value         (2.57)           Net asset value at end of period         26.88           Total Return         -8.73%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         1.80%           Total expenses         0.00%		
Net asset value at end of period         26.88           Total Return         8.73%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         1.80%           Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses, net         0.09%		
Total Return         -8.73%           Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         1.80%           Total expenses         0.00%           Total expenses, net         0.00%		
Ratios to Average Net Assets (Annualized)         1.80%           Total expenses         0.09%           Total expenses, net         0.09%		
Total expenses         1.80%           Total expenses, net         0.09%		-8.73%
Total expenses, net 0.09%		
Net investment loss		
	Net investment loss	-0.09%

Past performance of a Fund is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

### Results of Operations

The following includes a section for each Fund of the Trust.

The discussion below addresses the material changes in the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023. The following includes a section for each Fund of the Trust for the periods in which each Fund was in operation. CORN, SOYB, WEAT, CANE and TAGS each operated for the entirety of all periods.

Total expenses for the current and comparative periods are presented both gross and net of any expenses waived or paid by the Sponsor that would have been incurred by the Funds ("expenses waived by the Sponsor"). For all expenses waived in 2023 and 2024, the Sponsor has determined that no reimbursement will be sought in future periods. "Total expenses, net" is after the impact of any expenses waived by the Sponsor, are presented in the same manner as previously reported. There is, therefore, no impact to or change in the Net gain or Net loss in any period for the Trust and each Fund as a result of this change in presentation.

The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Funds in accordance with the objectives and policies of each Fund. In addition, the Sponsor arranges for one or more third parties to provide administrative, custodial, accounting, transfer agency, compliance, and other necessary services to the Fund, including services directly attributable to the Funds such as accounting, financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities. In some cases, at its discretion, the Sponsor may elect not to outsource certain of these expenses.

In addition, the Agricultural Funds, except for TAGS, which has no such fee, are contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum.

The Agricultural Funds generally pay for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therewith. Each Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses associated with the Trust's tax accounting and reporting requirements. Certain aggregate expenses sommon to all Funds within the Trust's tended based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, auditing, accounting and financial reporting, tax-preparation, regulatory compliance, trading activities, and insurance costs, as well as fees paid to the Marketing Agent, which are included in the related line item in the statements of operations. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are recessary services to the Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing accounting and financial reporting; regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Funds and are, primarily, included as distribution and marketing fees on the statements of operations. These amounts, for the Trust and for each Fund, are detailed in the notes to the financial statements included in Part I of this filing.

The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Funds or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. Expenses paid by the Sponsor and management fees waived by the Sponsor are, if applicable, presented as waived expenses in the statements of operations for each Fund.

#### Teucrium Corn Fund

The Teucrium Corn Fund commenced investment operations on June 9, 2010. The investment objective of the Corn Fund is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the Shares' NAV reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for corn ("Corn Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"), specifically (1) the second to expire CBOT Corn Futures Contract, weighted 35%, (2) the third to expire CBOT Corn Futures Contract, weighted 30%, and (3) the CBOT Corn Futures Contract expiring in the December following the expiration month of the third to expire contract, weighted 35%. The Fund does not track the spot price of corn.

On September 30, 2024, the Corn Fund held a total of 2,822 CBOT Corn Futures contracts with a notional value of \$63,280,126. The contracts had an asset fair value of \$1,480,759 and had a liability fair value of \$1,610,807. The weighting of the notional value of the contracts is as follows: (1) 55% to the MAR25 contracts, the econd to expire CBOT Corn Futures Contract, the CBOT Corn Futures Contract expiring in the December following the expiration month of the third to expire contract.

		Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending
	_	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	 June 30, 2024
Total Net Assets	\$	63,279,409	\$ 90,448,376	\$ 63,128,450
Shares Outstanding		3,425,004	4,100,004	\$ 3,450,004
Net Asset Value per share	\$	18.48	\$ 22.06	\$ 18.30
Closing Price	\$	18.49	\$ 22.02	\$ 18.31

Total net assets for the Fund decreased year over year by 30%, driven by a combination of a decrease in total shares outstanding of 675,000 shares or 16% and a decrease in the NAV per share of (\$3.58) or 16%. The net assets for the Fund increased by 0.24% when comparing September 30, 2024, to June 30, 2024. The change in total net assets year over year, in the opinion of management, was generally due to a combination of a depreciation of commodity prices and investor out-flows which was driven by excess supply estimates, and mandates for plant-based renewable fuels contributing to weakness.

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended
		September 30, 2024		September 30, 2023
	<del>-</del>		_	
Average daily total net assets	\$	59,243,872	\$	97,865,799
Net realized and unrealized (loss) gain on futures contracts	\$	327,116	\$	(1,711,635)
Interest income earned on cash equivalents	\$	937,064	\$	1,291,003
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets		1.58%		1.32%
Net Income (Loss)	\$	598,292	\$	(1,116,390)
Weighted average share outstanding		3,312,232		4,325,276
Management Fees	\$	148,919	\$	246,675
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$	355,794	\$	449,083
Brokerage Commissions	\$	17,785	\$	23,697
Total gross expense ratio		3.39%		2.82%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor		3.39%		2.82%
Net investment gain		1.82%		2.41%
Creation of Shares		500,000		550,000
Redemption of Shares		525,000		525,000

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 67,142,368	\$ 111,120,328
Net realized and unrealized loss on futures contracts	\$ (12,400,610)	\$ (25,219,303)
Interest income earned on cash equivalents	\$ 2,661,171	\$ 4,013,603
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	3.96%	3.61%
Net Loss	\$ (11,235,560)	\$ (23,294,832)
Weighted average share outstanding	3,462,778	4,571,341
Management Fees	\$ 502,651	\$ 831,119
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 993,470	\$ 1,258,013
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 39,697	\$ 54,865
Expenses waived by the Sponsor	\$ -	\$ -
Total gross expense ratio	2.98%	2.51%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	2.98%	2.51%
Net investment gain	2.32%	2.32%
Creation of Shares	1,200,000	800,000
Redemption of Shares	1,525,000	2,375,000

Realized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of: 1) the change in the price of the particular contracts sold as part of a "roll" in contracts as the nearest to expire contracts are exchanged for the appropriate contract given the investment objective of the fund, 2) the change in the price of particular contracts sold in relation to redemption of shares, 3) the gain or loss associated with rebalancing trades which are made to ensure conformance to the benchmark, 4) the number of contracts held and then sold for either circumstance aforementioned. The Fund recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per trade basis. Unrealized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of the change in the price of contracts held on the final date of the period versus the purchase price for each contract and the number of contracts held in each contract month. The Sponsor has a static benchmark as described above and trades futures contracts to adhere to that benchmark and to adjust for the creation or redemption of shares.

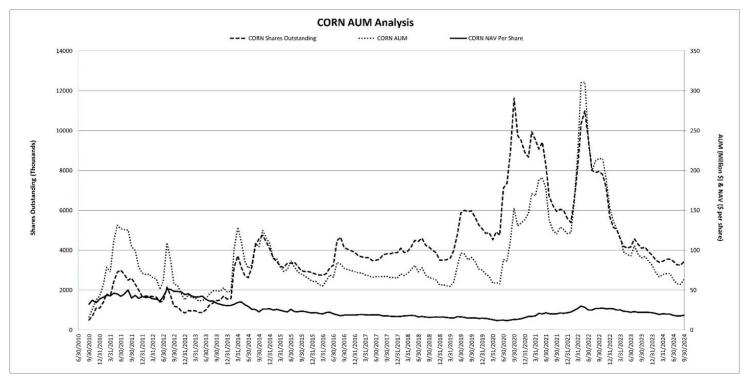
The decrease in interest and other income year over year was due to lower average net assets and declining interest rates. As a result, the amount of interest income earned was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The Fund seeks to earn interest and other income in investment grade, short-duration instruments or deposits associated with the pool's cash management strategy that may be used to offset expenses. These investments may include, but are not limited to, short-term Treasury Securities, demand deposits, money market funds and investments in commercial paper. These interest rate levels may be lower or higher than the projected interest rates stated in the prospectuses and thus will impact your breakeven point.

The increase/decrease in management fee paid to the Sponsor is a result of higher/lower average net assets. As a result of the decline in the amount of assets of the Fund, the amount of management fees was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1% of the Fund's daily average net assets.

Other than the management fee to the Sponsor and the brokerage commissions, most of the expenses incurred by the Fund are associated with the day-to-day operation of the Fund and the necessary functions related to regulatory compliance. These are generally based on contracts, which extend for some period of time and up to one year, or commitments regardless of the level of assets under management. The structure of the Fund and the nature of the expenses are such that as total net assets grow, there is a scalability of expenses that may allow the total expense ratio to be reduced. However, if total net assets for the Fund fall, the total expenses ratio of the Fund will increase unless additional reductions are made by the Sponsor to the daily expense accruals. The Sponsor can elect to adjust the daily expense accruals at its discretion based on market conditions and other Fund considerations.

The decrease in total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was generally due to the allocation of expenses and total net assets relative to the other Funds. The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Fund or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. The Sponsor has determined that no reimbursement will be sought in future periods for those expenses which have been waived for the period.

The graph below shows the actual shares outstanding, total net assets (or AUM) and net asset value per share (NAV per share) for the Fund from inception to September 30, 2024 and serves to illustrate the relative changes of these components.



The seasonality patterns for corn futures prices are impacted by a variety of factors. These include, but are not limited to, the harvest in the fall, the planting conditions in the spring, and the weather throughout the critical germination and growing periods. Prices for corn futures are affected by the availability and demand for substitute agricultural commodities, including soybeans and wheat, and the demand for corn as an additive for fuel, through the production of ethanol. The price of corn futures contracts is also influenced by global economic conditions, including the demand for exports to other countries. Such factors will impact the performance of the Fund and the results of operations on an ongoing basis. The Sponsor cannot predict the impact of such factors.

### Teucrium Soybean Fund

The Teucrium Soybean Fund commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011. The investment objective of the Fund is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the Shares' Net Asset Value ("NAV") reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for soybeans ("Soybean Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"). The three Soybean Futures Contracts, excluding August and September, will be: (1) second to expire CBOT Soybean Futures Contract, weighted 35%, (2) the third to expire CBOT Soybean Futures Contract, weighted 30%, and (3) the CBOT Soybean Futures Contract expiring in the November following the expiration month of the third to expire contract, weighted 35%.

On September 30, 2024, the Fund held a total of 584 CBOT soybean futures contracts with a notional value of \$31,710,188. The contracts had an asset fair value of \$376,038 and had a liability fair value of \$1,417,811. The weighting of the notional value of the contracts is as follows: (1) 35% to JAN25 CBOT contracts, (2) 30% to MAR25 CBOT contracts, and (3) 35% to NOV25 CBOT contracts.

	Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Total Net Assets	\$ 31,704,444	\$ 31,176,395	\$ 27,798,068
Shares Outstanding	1,375,004	1,150,004	1,175,004
Net Asset Value per share	\$ 23.06	\$ 27.11	\$ 23.66
Closing Price	\$ 23.05	\$ 27.07	\$ 23.65

Total net assets for the Fund increased year over year by 2%, driven by a combination of an increase in total shares outstanding of 225,000 shares or 20% and by a decrease in the NAV per share of (\$4.05) or 15%. The net assets for the Fund increased by 14% when comparing September 30, 2024, to June 30, 2024. The change in total net assets year over year, in the opinion of management, was generally due to a combination of a depreciation of commodity prices and investor out-flows which was driven by excess supply estimates, and mandates for plant-based renewable fuels contributing to weakness.

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 26,355,458	\$ 36,382,730
Net realized and unrealized loss on futures contracts	\$ (615,242)	\$ (196,495)
Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents	\$ 346,084	\$ 481,521
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	1.31%	1.32%
Net Loss	\$ (503,151)	\$ (42,697)
Weighted average share outstanding	1,176,363	1,296,471
Management Fees	\$ 66,249	\$ 91,704
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 167,744	\$ 236,019
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 1,806	\$ 2,220
Total gross expense ratio	3.53%	3.57%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	3.53%	3.57%
Net investment gain	1.69%	1.68%
Creation of Shares	250,000	100,000
Redemption of Shares	50,000	300,000

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 29,006,825	\$ 39,188,556
Net realized and unrealized loss on futures contracts	\$ (4,641,611)	\$ (2,624,949)
Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,151,359	\$ 1,426,307
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	3.97%	3.64%
Net Loss	\$ (4,178,596)	\$ (2,092,763)
Weighted average share outstanding	1,199,183	1,429,674
Management Fees	\$ 217,155	\$ 293,109
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 471,189	\$ 601,012
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 8,151	\$ 10,999
Expenses waived by the Sponsor	\$ -	\$ -
Total gross expense ratio	3.17%	3.05%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	3.17%	3.05%
Net investment gain	2.13%	1.81%
Creation of Shares	725,000	350,000
Redemption of Shares	425,000	1,250,000

Realized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of: 1) the change in the price of the particular contracts sold as part of a "roll" in contracts as the nearest to expire contracts are exchanged for the appropriate contract given the investment objective of the fund, 2) the change in the price of particular contracts sold in relation to redemption of shares, 3) the gain or loss associated with rebalancing trades which are made to ensure conformance to the benchmark, 4) the number of contracts held and then sold for either circumstance aforementioned. The Fund recognized the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per trade basis. Unrealized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of the change in the price of contracts held on the final date of the period versus the purchase price for each contract and the number of contracts held in each contract month. The Sponsor has a static benchmark as described above and trades futures contracts to adhere to that benchmark and to adjust for the creation or redemption of shares.

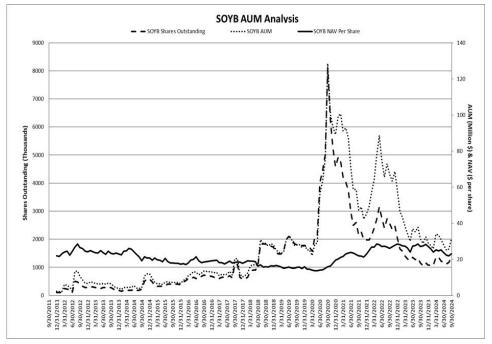
The decrease in interest and other income year over year was due to lower average net assets and declining interest rates. As a result, the amount of interest income earned as a percentage of average daily total net assets was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The Fund seeks to earn interest and other income in investment grade, short-duration instruments or deposits associated with the pool's cash management strategy that may be used to offset expenses. These investments may include, but are not limited to, short-term Treasury Securities, demand deposits, money market funds and investments in commercial paper. These interest rate levels may be lower or higher than the projected interest rates stated in the prospectuses and thus will impact your breakeven point.

The increase/decrease in management fee paid to the Sponsor is a result of lower/higher average net assets. As a result of the decline in the amount of assets of the Fund, the amount of management fees was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1% of the Fund's daily average net assets.

Other than the management fee to the Sponsor and the brokerage commissions, most of the expenses incurred by the Fund are associated with the day-to-day operation of the Fund and the necessary functions related to regulatory compliance. These are generally based on contracts, which extend for some period of time and up to one year, or commitments regardless of the level of assets under management. The structure of the Fund and the nature of the expenses are such that as total net assets grow, there is a scalability of expenses that may allow the total expenses ratio to be reduced. However, if total net assets for the Fund fall, the total expenses ratio of the Fund will increase unless additional reductions are made by the Sponsor to the daily expense accruals. The Sponsor can elect to adjust the daily expense accruals at its discretion based on market conditions and other Fund considerations.

The decrease in total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was generally due to the average net assets relative to the other Funds. The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Fund or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. The Sponsor has determined that no reimbursement will be sought in future periods for those expenses which have been waived for the period.

The graph below shows the actual shares outstanding, total net assets (or AUM) and net asset value per share (NAV per share) for the Fund from inception to September 30, 2024 and serves to illustrate the relative changes of these components.



The seasonality patterns for soybean futures prices are impacted by a variety of factors. These include, but are not limited to, the harvest in the fall, the planting conditions in the spring, and the weather throughout the critical germination and growing periods. Prices for soybean futures are affected by the availability and demand for substitute agricultural commodities, including corn and wheat. The price of soybean futures contracts is also influenced by global economic conditions, including the demand for exports to other countries. Such factors will impact the performance of the Fund and the results of operations on an ongoing basis. The Sponsor cannot predict the impact of such factors.

#### Teucrium Sugar Fund

The Teucrium Sugar Fund commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011. The investment objective of the Fund is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the Shares' Net Asset Value ("NAV") reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for sugar ("Sugar Futures Contracts") that are traded on ICE Futures US ("ICE Futures"), specifically: (1) the second to expire Sugar No. 11 Futures Contract (a "Sugar No. 11 Futures Contract"), weighted 35%, (2) the third to expire Sugar No. 11 Futures Contract, weighted 30%, and (3) the Sugar No. 11 Futures Contract expiring in the March following the expiration month of the third to expire contract, weighted 35%.

On September 30, 2024, the Fund held a total of 634 ICE sugar futures contracts with a notional value of \$14,465,192. The contracts had an asset fair value of \$483,746 and a liability fair value of \$36,726. The weighting of the notional value of the contracts is as follows: (1) 35% to the MAY25 ICE No 11 contracts, (2) 30% to the JUL25 ICE No 11 contracts, and (3) 35% to the MAR26 ICE No 11 contracts.

	Quarter Ending		Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending
	September 30, 2024		September 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Total Net Assets	\$ 14,46	,660	\$ 24,351,498	\$ 13,705,549
Shares Outstanding	1,10	,004	1,650,004	1,125,004
Net Asset Value per share	\$	3.15	\$ 14.76	\$ 12.18
Closing Price	\$	3.22	\$ 14.78	\$ 12.20

Total net assets for the Fund decreased year over year by 41%, driven by a combination of a decrease in total shares outstanding of 550,000 or 33% and a decrease in the NAV per share of (\$1.61) or 11%. The net assets for the Fund increased by 6% when comparing September 30, 2024, to June 30, 2024. This change was, in the opinion of management, due to the stabilization of prices worldwide, strong demand and with modestly higher production which accelerated investor interest.

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended
	 September 30, 2024	 September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 12,035,719	\$ 23,006,747
Net realized and unrealized gain on futures contracts	\$ 824,106	\$ 3,205,782
Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents	\$ 157,396	\$ 304,744
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	1.31%	1.32%
Net Income	\$ 850,848	\$ 3,311,140
Weighted average share outstanding	1,017,124	1,672,558
Management Fees	\$ 30,254	\$ 57,990
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 100,400	\$ 141,396
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 2,913	\$ 3,707
Total gross expense ratio	4.32%	3.44%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	4.32%	3.44%
Net investment gain	0.88%	1.82%
Creation of Shares	325,000	325,000
Redemption of Shares	350,000	500,000

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 14,072,144	\$ 27,491,693
Net realized and unrealized gain on futures contracts	\$ 793,469	\$ 11,951,716
Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents	\$ 553,337	\$ 1,007,430
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	3.93%	3.66%
Net Income	\$ 897,568	\$ 12,333,619
Weighted average share outstanding	1,133,854	2,241,121
Management Fees	\$ 105,349	\$ 205,623
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 343,889	\$ 419,904
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 8,529	\$ 19,661
Expenses waived by the Sponsor	\$ -	\$ -
Total gross expense ratio	4.26%	3.04%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	4.26%	3.04%
Net investment gain	0.99%	1.86%
Creation of Shares	375,000	1,525,000
Redemption of Shares	700,000	2,425,000

Realized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of: 1) the change in the price of the particular contracts sold as part of a "roll" in contracts as the nearest to expire contracts are exchanged for the appropriate contract given the investment objective of the fund, 2) the change in the price of particular contracts sold in relation to redemption of shares, 3) the gain or loss associated with rebalancing trades which are made to ensure conformance to the benchmark, 4) the number of contracts held and then sold for either circumstance aforementioned. The Fund recognizes the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per trade basis. Unrealized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of the change in the price of contracts held on the final date of the period versus the purchase price for each contract and the number of contracts held in each contract month. The Sponsor has a static benchmark as described above and trades futures contracts to adhere to that benchmark and to adjust for the creation or redemption of shares.

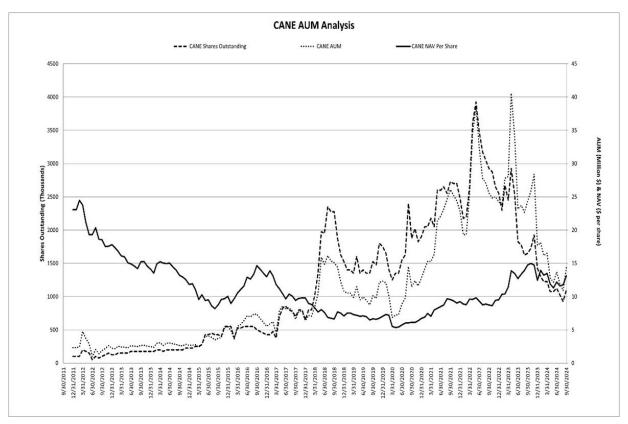
The decrease in interest and other income year over year was due to declining interest rates, decreased shares available, and was partially offset by higher average net assets. As a result, the amount of interest income earned as a percentage of average daily total net assets was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The Fund seeks to earn interest and other income in investment grade, short-duration instruments or deposits associated with the pool's eash management strategy that may be used to offset expenses. These investments may include, but are not limited to, short-term Treasury Securities, demand deposits, money market funds and investments in commercial paper. These interest rate levels may be lower or higher than the projected interest rates stated in the prospectuses and thus will impact your breakeven point.

The increase/decrease in management fee paid to the Sponsor is a result of lower/higher average net assets. As a result of the decline in the amount of assets of the Fund, the amount of management fees was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1% of the Fund's daily average net assets.

Other than the management fee to the Sponsor and the brokerage commissions, most of the expenses incurred by the Fund are associated with the day-to-day operation of the Fund and the necessary functions related to regulatory compliance. These are generally based on contracts, which extend for some period of time and up to one year, or commitments regardless of the level of assets under management. The structure of the Fund and the nature of the expenses are such that as total net assets grow, there is a scalability of expenses that may allow the total expense ratio to be reduced. However, if total net assets for the Fund fall, the total expenses ratio of the Fund will increase unless additional reductions are made by the Sponsor to the daily expense accruals. The Sponsor can elect to adjust the daily expense accruals at its discretion based on market conditions and other Fund considerations.

The decrease in total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was generally due to lower average net assets relative to the other Funds. The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Fund or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. The Sponsor has determined that no reimbursement will be sought in future periods for those expenses which have been waived for the period.

The graph below shows the actual shares outstanding, total net assets (or AUM) and net asset value per share (NAV per share) for the Fund from inception to September 30, 2024 and serves to illustrate the relative changes of these components.



The seasonality patterns for sugar cane futures prices are impacted by a variety of factors. In the futures market, contracts expiring during the harvest season are typically priced lower than contracts expiring in the winter and spring. While the sugar harvest seasons varies from country to country, prices of Sugar Futures Contracts tend to be lowest in the late spring and early summer, reflecting the harvest season in Brazil, the world's leading producer of sugarcane. Thus, seasonal fluctuations could result in an investor incurring losses upon the sale of Fund Shares, particularly if the investor needs to sell Shares when the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts represent the sale of Fund Shares, particularly if the investor needs to sell Shares when the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts are in whole or part, Sugar Futures Contracts represent the sale of Fund Shares, particularly if the investor needs to sell super futures contracts is also influenced by global economic conditions, including the demand for imports and exports to other countries. Such factors will impact the performance of the Fund and the results of operations on an ongoing basis. The Sponsor cannot predict the impact of such factors.

### Teucrium Wheat Fund

The Teucrium Wheat Fund commenced investment operations on September 19, 2011. The investment objective of the Fund is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the Shares' Net Asset Value reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for three futures contracts for wheat ("Wheat Futures Contracts") that are traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"), specifically: (1) the second to expire CBOT Wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, (2) the third to expire CBOT Wheat Futures Contract, weighted 30%, and (3) the CBOT Wheat Futures Contract expiring in the December following the expiration month of the third to expire contract, weighted 35%.

On September 30, 2024, the Fund held a total of 4,430 CBOT wheat futures contracts with a notional value of \$137,689,362. The contracts had an asset fair value of \$514,389 and a liability fair value of \$6,163,429. The weighting of the notional value contracts is as follows: (1) 35% to MAR 25 CBOT contracts, (2) 30% to MAY25 CBOT contracts, and (3) 35% to DEC25 CBOT contracts.

	Quarter Enging	Quarter Ending	Quarter Enging
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Total Net Assets	\$ 137,737,170	\$ 193,949,700	\$ 136,406,086
Shares Outstanding	26,300,004	34,825,004	25,775,004
Net Asset Value per share	\$ 5.24	\$ 5.57	\$ 5.29
Closing Price	\$ 5.31	\$ 5.57	\$ 5.31

Total net assets for the Fund decreased year over year by 29%, driven by a decrease in the NAV per share of (\$0.33) or 6%. The net assets for the Fund increased by 1% when comparing September 30, 2024 to June 30, 2024. The change in total net assets year over year, in the opinion of management, was generally due to a combination of the depreciation of commodity prices and investor out-flows which may be attributed to ample wheat stocks from Russia and record exports flowing from the Black Sea continue to weigh on global wheat prices.

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended
	 September 30, 2024	 September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 135,677,627	\$ 194,186,405
Net realized and unrealized loss on futures contracts	\$ (1,585,872)	\$ (32,117,209)
Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,765,233	\$ 2,538,278
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	1.30%	1.31%
Net Loss	\$ (999,368)	\$ (30,892,784)
Weighted average share outstanding	26,707,884	30,905,167
Management Fees	\$ 341,047	\$ 489,455
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 837,682	\$ 824,398
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 26,622	\$ 40,896
Total gross expense ratio	3.46%	2.68%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	3.46%	2.68%
Net investment gain	1.72%	2.50%
Creation of Shares	2,325,000	10,225,000
Redemption of Shares	1,800,000	850,000

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 150,659,375	\$ 185,503,552
Net realized and unrealized loss on futures contracts	\$ (22,344,800)	\$ (72,736,726)
Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,906,447	\$ 6,660,873
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	3.92%	3.59%
Net Loss	\$ (20,003,791)	\$ (69,779,924)
Weighted average share outstanding	27,659,858	27,538,649
Management Fees	\$ 1,127,887	\$ 1,387,465
Total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees	\$ 2,437,551	\$ 2,316,606
Brokerage Commissions	\$ 62,986	\$ 85,354
Expenses waived by the Sponsor	\$ -	\$ -
Total gross expense ratio	3.16%	2.67%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	3.16%	2.67%
Net investment gain	2.08%	2.13%
Creation of Shares	3,850,000	14,200,000
Redemption of Shares	8,350,000	8,050,000

Realized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of: 1) the change in the price of the particular contracts sold as part of a "roll" in contracts as the nearest to expire contracts are exchanged for the appropriate contract given the investment objective of the fund, 2) the change in the price of particular contracts sold in relation to redemption of shares, 3) the gain or loss associated with rebalancing trades which are made to ensure conformance to the benchmark, 4) the number of contracts held and then sold for either circumstance aforementioned. The Fund recognized the expense for brokerage commissions for futures contract trades on a per trade basis. Unrealized gain or loss on trading of commodity futures contracts is a function of the change in the price of contracts held on the final date of the period versus the purchase price for each contract and the number of contracts held in each contract month. The Sponsor has a static benchmark as described above and trades futures contracts to adhere to that benchmark and to adjust for the creation or redemption of shares.

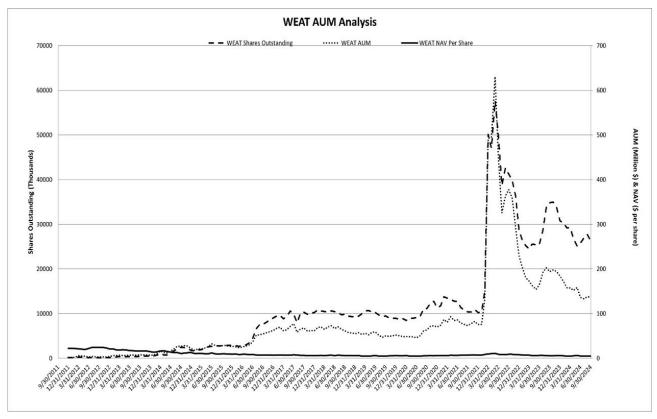
The decrease in interest and other income year over year was due to an decrease in average net assets and declining interest rates. As a result, the amount of interest income earned as a percentage of average daily total net assets was lower and slightly higher in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The Fund seeks to earn interest and other income in investment grade, short-duration instruments or deposits associated with the pool's cash management strategy that may be used to offset expenses. These investments may include, but are not limited to, short-term Treasury Securities, demand deposits, money market funds and investments in commercial paper. These interest rate levels may be lower or higher than the projected interest rates stated in the prospectuses and thus will impact your breakeven point.

The decrease in management fee paid to the Sponsor is a result of lower average net assets. As a result of the decline in the amount of assets of the Fund, the amount of management fees was lower in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1% of the Fund's daily average net assets.

Other than the management fee to the Sponsor and the brokerage commissions, most of the expenses incurred by the Fund are associated with the day-to-day operation of the Fund and the necessary functions related to regulatory compliance. These are generally based on contracts, which extend for some period of time and up to one year, or commitments regardless of the level of assets under management. The structure of the Fund and the nature of the expenses are such that as total net assets grow, there is a scalability of expenses that may allow the total expenses ratio to be reduced. However, if total net assets for the Fund fall, the total expenses ratio of the Fund will increase unless additional reductions are made by the Sponsor to the daily expense accruals. The Sponsor can elect to adjust the daily expense accruals at its discretion based on market conditions and other Fund considerations.

The increase/decrease in total gross fees and other expenses excluding management fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was generally due to a decrease/increase in average net assets relative to the other Funds. The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Fund or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. The Sponsor has determined that no reimbursement will be sought in future periods for those expenses which have been waived for the period.

The graph below shows the actual shares outstanding, total net assets (or AUM) and net asset value per share (NAV per share) for the Fund from inception to September 30, 2024 and serves to illustrate the relative changes of these components.



The seasonality patterns for wheat futures prices are impacted by a variety of factors. These include, but are not limited to, the harvest in summer and fall, the planting conditions, and the weather throughout the critical germination and growing periods. Prices for wheat futures are affected by the availability and demand for substitute agricultural commodities, including com and other feed grains. The price of wheat futures contracts is also influenced by global economic conditions, including the demand for exports to other countries. Such factors will impact the performance of the Fund and the results of operations on an ongoing basis. The Sponsor cannot predict the impact of such factors.

#### Teucrium Agricultural Fund

The Teucrium Agricultural Fund commenced operation on March 28, 2012. The investment objective of the Fund is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of its common units ("Shares") reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average (the "Underlying Fund Average") of the NAVs per share of four other commodity pools that are series of the Trust and are sponsored by the Sponsor: the Teucrium Corn Fund ("CORN"), the Teucrium Wheat Fund ("WAEAT"), the Teucrium Soybean Fund ("SOYB") and the Teucrium Sugar Fund ("CANE") (collectively, the "Underlying Funds"). The Underlying Fund Average will have a weighting of 25% to each Underlying Fund, add the Fund cases operation. In the Intervention of the Intervention o

The investment objective of each Underlying Fund is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of its shares' NAV reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average of the closing settlement prices for certain Futures Contracts for the commodity specified in the Underlying Fund's "Benchmark." the Futures Contracts that at any given time make up an Underlying Fund's Benchmark is: (1) the second to expire George for corn traded on the Chicago Board of Trade ("CBOT"), weighted 35%, (2) the third to expire CBOT own Futures Contract expiring in the December following the expiration month of the third to expire CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, (2) the second to expire contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT corn Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT wheat Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT soybean Futures Contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT soybean Futures Contract, weighted 35%, (2) the third to expire contract, weighted 35%, and (3) the CBOT soybean Futures Contract, weighted 35%, (2) the future Contract expiring in August and September will not be part of the Teucrium Soybean Futures Contract expiring in August and September will not be part of the Teucrium Soybean Futures Contract expiring in August and September will not be part of the Teucrium Soybean Futures Contract expiring in August and September will not be part of the Entures Sugar No. 11 Futures Contract expiring in the March following the expiration month of the third to expire contract, weighted 35%, (2) the third t

On September 30, 2024, the Fund held: 1) 159,401 shares of CORN with a fair value of \$2,945,045; 2) 562,112 shares of WEAT with a fair value of \$2,943,893; 3) 128,582 shares of SOYB with a fair value of \$2,964,805; and 4) 220,400 shares of CANE with a fair value of \$2,897,952. The weighting on September 30, 2024 was 25% to CORN, 25% to WEAT, 25% to SOYB and 25% to CANE.

	Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending	Quarter Ending
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Total Net Assets	\$ 11,761,445	\$ 21,986,775	\$ 13,574,739
Shares Outstanding	437,502	725,002	512,502
Net Asset Value per share	\$ 26.88	\$ 30.33	\$ 26.49
Closing Price	\$ 26.90	\$ 30.33	\$ 26.52

Total net assets for the Fund decreased year over year by 47%, driven by a decrease in shares outstanding of 287,500 shares or 40%. The net assets for the Fund decreased by 13% when comparing September 30, 2024 to June 30, 2024. The change in total net assets year over year, in the opinion of management, was generally due to a combination of depreciation of commodity prices and investor out-flows which was driven by the ample supply estimates and stabilization of prices worldwide.

 $\underline{For the Three \ Months \ Ended \ September \ 30, 2024, compared \ to \ the \ Three \ Months \ Ended \ September \ 30, 2023}$ 

	_	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$	11,754,904	\$ 23,042,727
Net realized and unrealized gain on securities	\$	98,087	\$ 32,532
Interest income earned on cash equivalents	\$	133	\$ 149
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets		0.00%	0.00%
Net Income	\$	95,560	\$ 27,455
Weighted average share outstanding		460,056	739,540
Total gross fees and other expenses	\$	43,217	\$ 82,708
Expenses waived by the Sponsor	\$	(40,557)	\$ (77,482)
Total gross expense ratio		1.46%	1.42%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor		0.09%	0.09%
Net investment loss		(0.09)%	(0.09)%
Creation of Shares		-	-
Redemption of Shares		75,000	62,500

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024, compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

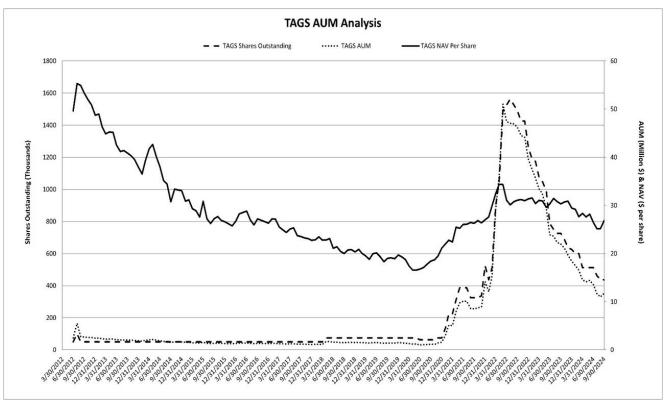
	Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2024		September 30, 2023
Average daily total net assets	\$ 14,247,514	\$	30,113,865
Net realized and unrealized loss on securities	\$ (1,567,165)	\$	(828,651)
Interest income earned on cash equivalents	\$ 386	\$	421
Annualized interest yield based on average daily total net assets	0.00%		0.00%
Net Loss	\$ (1,576,379)	\$	(848,500)
Weighted average share outstanding	520,805		972,896
Total gross fees and other expenses	\$ 192,076	\$	376,001
Expenses waived by the Sponsor	\$ (182,476)	\$	(355,731)
Total gross expense ratio	1.80%		1.67%
Total expense ratio net of expenses waived by the Sponsor	0.09%		0.09%
Net investment loss	(0.09)%		(0.09)%
Creation of Shares	-		-
Redemption of Shares	187,500		537,500

Realized gain or loss on the securities of the Underlying Funds is a function of 1) the change in the price of particular contracts sold in relation to redemption of shares, 2) the gain or loss associated with rebalancing trades which are made to ensure conformance to the benchmark and 3) the full-turn brokerage commission fee recognized on a per trade basis. Unrealized gain or loss on the securities of the Underlying Funds is a function of the change in the price of shares held on the final date of the period versus the purchase price for each and the number held. The Sponsor has a static benchmark as described above and trades futures contracts to adhere to that benchmark and to adjust for the creation or redemption of shares.

Other than the brokerage commissions, most of the expenses incurred by the Fund are associated with the day-to-day operation of the Fund and the necessary functions related to regulatory compliance. These are generally based on contracts, which extend for some period of time and up to one year, or commitments regardless of the level of assets under management. The structure of the Fund and the nature of the expenses are such that as total net assets grow, there is a scalability of expenses that may allow the total expense ratio to be reduced. However, if total net assets for the Fund fall, the total expense ratio of the Fund will increase unless additional reductions are made by the Sponsor to the daily expense accruals. The Sponsor can elect to adjust the daily expense accruals at its discretion based on market conditions and other Fund considerations.

The decrease in total gross fees and other expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was generally due to the decrease in average net assets and the net assets relative to the other Funds. The Sponsor has the ability to elect to pay certain expenses on behalf of the Fund or waive the management fee. This election is subject to change by the Sponsor, at its discretion. The Sponsor has determined that no reimbursement will be sought in future periods for those expenses which have been waived for the period.

The graph below shows the actual shares outstanding, total net assets (or AUM) and net asset value per share (NAV per share) for the Fund from inception to September 30, 2024 and serves to illustrate the relative changes of these components.



## Market Outlook

#### The Corn Market

Corn is currently the most widely produced livestock feed grain in the United States. The two largest demands of the United States' corn crop are used in livestock feed and ethanol production. Corn is also processed into food and industrial products, including starch, sweeteners, corn oil, beverages, and industrial alcohol. The United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") publishes weekly, monthly, quarterly, and annual updates for U.S. domestic and worldwide corn production and consumption, and for other grains such as soybeans and wheat which can be used in some cases as a substitute for corn. These reports are available on the USDA's website, www.usda.gov, at no charge. The outlook provided below is from the October 2024 USDA report.

As a general matter, the occurrence of a severe weather event, natural disaster, terrorist attack, geopolitical events, outbreak, or public health emergency as declared by the World Health Organization, the continuation or expansion of war or other hostilities, or a prolonged government shutdown may have significant adverse effects on the Fund and its investments and alter current assumptions and expectations. For example, in late February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine, significantly amplifying existing geopolitical tensions among Russia and other countries in the region and in the west. The responses of countries and political bodies to Russia's actions, Ukraine's military response and the potential for wider conflict may increase financial market volatility. Generally, these adverse effects may cause continued volatility in the price of com, com futures, and the share price of the Fund.

The price per bushel of corn in the United States is primarily a function of both U.S. and global production and demand. Long term impacts from sanctions, shipping disruptions, collateral war damage, and a potential expansion of the conflict between Russia and Ukraine could further disrupt the availability of corn supplies. These impacts remain important to track as both countries have played important roles in supplying grain to other parts of the world.

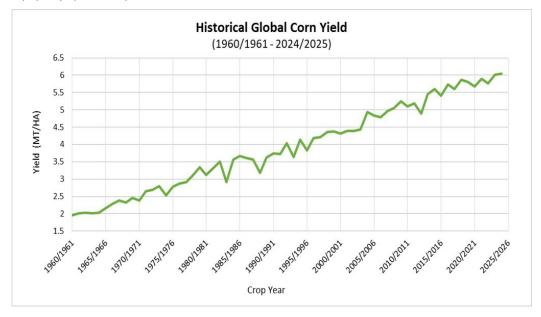
Geopolitical events have at times impacted the level of "backwardation" experienced by the Fund. As a result, near to expire contracts can trade at a higher price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "backwardation." Putting aside the impact of the overall movement in prices of corn and corn futures, the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts (the corn futures contracts that the Fund invests in to achieve its investment objective) would tend to rise as they approach expiration. This backwardation may benefit the Fund because it will sell more expensive contracts and buy less expensives contracts and buy less expensives contracts on an ongoing basis.

Conversely, in the event of a corn futures market where near to expire contracts trade at a lower price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "contango," then absent the impact of the overall movement in corn prices the value of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts would tend to decline as they approach expiration. If the price of corn and corn futures were to decline, the Fund would experience the negative impact of contango.

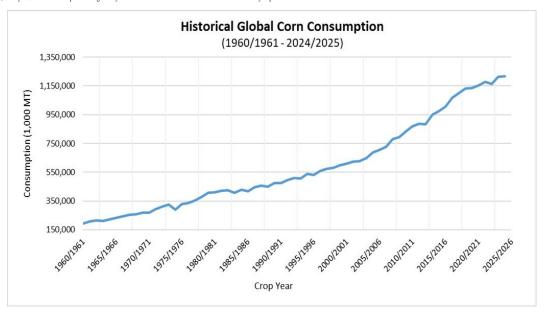
The United States is the world's leading producer and exporter of corn. For the Crop Year 2024-25, the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") estimates that the U.S. will produce approximately 32% of all the corn globally, of which about 15% will be exported. For 2024-2025, based on the October 2024, USDA reports, global consumption of 1,223 Million Metric Tons (MMT) is expected to be slightly higher than global production of 1,217 MMT. If the global demand for corn is not equal to global supply, this may have an impact on the price of corn. Besides the United States, other principal world corn exporters include Argentina, Brazil, Russia, South Africa, and Ukraine. Major import nations include Mexico, Japan, the European Union (EU), South Korea, Egypt, and parts of Southeast Asia. China's production at 292 MMT is approximately 7% less than its domestic usage.

According to the USDA, global corn consumption has increased just over 626% from crop years 1960/1961 to 2024/2025 as demonstrated by the graph below and is projected to continue to grow in coming years. Consumption growth is the result of a combination of many factors including: 1) global population growth, which, according to the U.S. Census Department, is estimated to reach 9.7 billion by 2050; 2) a growing global middle class which is increasing the demand for protein and meat-based products globally and most significantly in developing countries; and 3) increased use of biofuels, including ethanol in the United States.

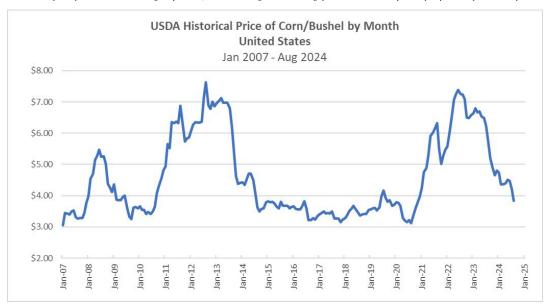
Global corn consumption may fluctuate year over year due to any number of reasons which may include, but is not limited to, economic conditions, global health concerns, international trade policy. Corn is a staple commodity used pervasively across the globe so that any contractions in consumption may only be temporary as has historically been the case.



While global consumption of corn has increased over the 1960/1961-2024/2025 period, so has production, driven by increases in acres planted and yield per acre. However, according to the USDA and United Nations, future growth in planted acres and yield may be inhibited by lower productive land, and lack of infrastructure and transportation. In addition, agricultural crops such as corn are highly weather dependent for yield and therefore susceptible to changing weather patterns. In addition, given the current production/consumption patterns, nearly 100% of all corn produced globally is consumed which leaves minimal excess inventory if production issues arise.



The price per bushel of corn in the United States is primarily a function of both U.S. and global production, as well as U.S. and global demand. The graph below shows the USDA published price per bushel by month for the period January 2007 to August 2024.



On October 11, 2024, the USDA released its monthly World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates (WASDE) for the Crop Year 2024-25. The exhibit below provides a summary of historical and current information for United States corn production.

## U.S. Corn Supply/Demand Balance Marketing Year September - August Million Bushels

Crop Year		13-14		14-15		15-16	16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	22-23	Oct 11 Est. USDA 23-24	23-24 to 22-23 % Change		24-25 to 23-24 Change
Planted Acres	95.4		90.6		8.0	94.0	90.2	88.9	89.7	90.7	92.9	88.2	94.6	23-24	7 % 90.7	24-237	-4%
Harvested Acres	87.5		83.1		0.8	86.7	82.7	81.3	81.3	82.3	85.0	78.7	86.5		10% 82.7		-4%
Difference	7.9		7.5		1.2	7.3	7.5	7.6	8.4	8.4	7.9	9.5	8.1		-15%	8	-1%
Yield	158.1		171.0		68.4	174.6	176.6	176.4	167.5	171.4	176.7	173.4	177.3		2 % 183.8		4 %
Beginning Stocks	821		1,232	1	,731	1,737	2,293	2,140	2,221	1,919	1,235	1,377	1,360		-1% 1,760		29%
Production	13,829		14,216	1	3,602	15,148	14,609	14,340	13,620	14,111	15,018	13,651	15,34	l	12% 15,203	3	-1%
Imports	36		32	(	8	57	36	28	42	24	24	39	28		-28% 25		-11%
Total Supply	14,686		15,479	1	5,401	16,942	16,939	16,509	15,88	16,055	16,277	15,066	16,72	)	11% 16,989	)	2 %
Feed	5,040		5,280	5	,114	5,470	5,304	5,429	5,900	5,607	5,671	5,486	5,814		6 % 5,825		0 %
Food/Seed/Industrial	6,493		6,601	6	,648	6,885	7,057	6,793	6,286	6,467	6,757	6,558	6,862		5 % 6,840		0 %
Ethanol for Fuel(incld above)	5,124		5,200		,224	5,432	5,605	5,378	4,857	5,028	5,320	5,176	5,471		6 % 5,450		0 %
Exports	1,920		1,867		,901	2,294	2,438	2,066	1,777	2,747	2,472	1,662	2,292		38% 2,325		1 %
Total Usage	13,454		13,748	1	3,664	14,650	14,798	14,288	13,96	14,821	14,900	13,706	14,96	)	9 % 14,990	)	0 %
Ending Stocks (Inventory)	1,232		1,731	1	,737	2,293	2,140	2,221	1,919	1,235	1,377	1,360	1,760		29% 1,999		14%
Stocks/Use Ratio farm Price (S/bushel)	s	9 % 4.46	\$	13% 3.70	s	13% 3.61 \$	16% 3.36	14% \$3.36	16% \$3.61	14% \$3.56	8 % \$4.53	9 % \$6.00	10% \$6.54	12% \$4.55	18%	13% \$4.10	13%
Calculations: Demand per day (incld expt) <sup>1</sup> Carry-out days supply <sup>1</sup> in millions of bushels per day		36.9 33.4		37.7 46.0		37.4 46.4	40.1 57.1	40.5 52.8	39.1 56.7	38.3 50.2	40.6 30.4	40.8 33.7	37.6 36.2	41.0 42.9	9 % 18%	41.1 48.7	0 % 13 %

Standard Corn Futures Contracts trade on the CBOT in units of 5,000 bushels. Three grades of corn are deliverable under CBOT Corn Futures Contracts: Number 1 yellow, which may be delivered at 1.5 cents over the contract price; Number 2 yellow, which may be delivered at the contract price; and Number 3 yellow, between a 2 and 4 cents per bushel under contract price depending on broken corn and foreign material and damage grade factors. There are five months each year in which CBOT Corn Futures Contracts expire: March, May, Ly, September, and December.

If the futures market is in a state of backwardation (i.e., when the price of corn in the future is expected to be less than the current price), the Fund will buy later to expire contracts for a lower price than the sooner to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no changes to either prevailing corn prices or the price relationship between immediate delivery, soon to expire contracts and later to expire contracts, the value of a contract will first eas it approaches expiration. Over time, if backwardation remained constant, the differences would continue to increase. If the futures market is in contange, the Fund will buy later to expire contracts than it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing comprices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts and later to expire contracts, the value of a contract will fall as it approaches expiration. Over time, if contango remained constant, the difference would continue to increase. Historically, the corn futures markets have experienced periods of both contango and backwardation. Frequently, whether contango or backwardation exists is a function, among other factors, of the seasonality of the corn market and the corn harvest cycle. All other things being equal, a situation involving prolonged periods of contango may adversely impact the returns of the Fund.

Futures contracts may be either bought or sold, long or short. The U.S Commodity Futures Trading Commission weekly releases the "Commitment of Traders" (COT) report, which depicts the open interest as well as long and short positions in the market. Market participants may use this report to gauge market sentiment.

## The Sovbean Market

Global soybean production is concentrated in the U.S., Brazil, Argentina, and China. The United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") has estimated that, for the Crop Year 2024-25, the United States will produce approximately 125 MMT of soybeans or approximately 29% of estimated world production, with Brazil production at 169 MMT. Argentina is projected to produce about 51 MMT. For 2024-25, based on the October 2024 USDA report, global consumption of 403 MMT is estimated slightly lower than global production of 429 MMT. If the global demand for soybeans is not equal to global supplys, in impact on the price of soybeans. Global soybean argument and production of estimated on any number of reasons which may include, but is not limited to, economic conditions, global health concerns, and international trade policy. Soybeans are a staple commodity used pervasively across the globe so that any contractions in consumption may only be temporary as has historically been the case. The USDA publishes weekly, monthly, quarterly, and annual updates for U.S. domestic and worldwide soybean production and consumption. These reports are available on the USDA's website, www.usda.gov, at no charge. The outlook provided below is from the October 2024 USDA report.

As a general matter, the occurrence of a severe weather event, natural disaster, terrorist attack, geopolitical events, outbreak, or public health emergency as declared by the World Health Organization, the continuation or expansion of war or other hostilities, or a prolonged government shutdown may have significant adverse effects on the Fund and its investments and alter current assumptions and expectations. For example, in late February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine, significantly amplifying existing geopolitical tensions among Russia and other countries in the region and in the west. Global response to Russia's actions, the larger overarching tensions, and Ukraine's military response may increase financial market volatility generally, have severe adverse effects on global economic markets, and cause volatility in the price of agricultural products, including agricultural furnes, and the share price of the Fund.

The price per bushel of soybeans in the United States is primarily a function of both U.S. and global production and demand. The price per bushel of soybeans can be affected by the price of corn; because corn and soybeans are planted on the same acres, farmers must choose which crop to plant each year. If com prices rise enough to incentivize the planting of corn over soybeans, the supply and price of soybeans could be affected. Long term impacts from sanctions, shipping disruptions, collateral war damage, and a potential expansion of the conflict between Rousia and Ukraine could further disrupt the availability of agricultural products and supplies. China remains the largest importer of soybeans in the world.

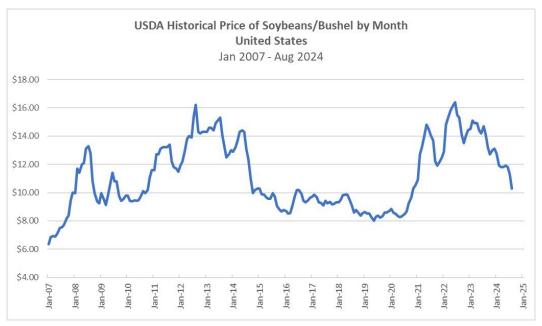
Geopolitical events may have impacted the level of "backwardation" experienced by the Fund. The Russian invasion and related developments have indirectly placed upward pressure on the price of soybean and soybean futures contracts. As a result, near to expire contracts trade at a higher price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "backwardation." Putting aside the impact of the overall movement in prices of soybean and soybean futures, the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts (the soybean futures contracts that the Fund invests in to achieve its investment objective) would tend to rise as they approach expiration. This backwardation may benefit the Fund because it will sell more expensive contracts and buy less expensive contracts on an ongoing basis. The degree of backwardation is also shown in the following table.

Conversely, in the event of a soybean futures market where near to expire contracts trade at a lower price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "contango," then absent the impact of the overall movement in soybean prices the value of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts would tend to decline as they approach expiration. If the prices of soybeans and soybean futures were to decline, for example the Fund would experience the negative impact of contango.

The soybean processing industry converts soybeans into soybean meal, soybean meal, soybean oil. Soybean meal and soybean hulls are processed into soy flour or soy protein, which are used, along with other commodities, by livestock producers and the fish farming industry as feed. Soybean oil is sold in multiple grades and is used by the food, petroleum, and chemical industries. The food industry uses soybean oil in cooking and salad dressings, baking and frying fats, and butter substitutes, among other uses. In addition, the soybean industry continues to introduce soy-bean oil is also converted to biodiesel and renewable diesel for use as fuel.

Standard Soybean Futures Contracts trade on the CBOT in units of 5,000 bushels, although 1,000 bushel "mini-sized" Soybean Futures Contracts also trade. Three grades of soybeans are deliverable under CBOT Soybean Futures Contracts: Number 1 yellow, which may be delivered at 6 cents per bushel over the contract price; Number 2 yellow, which may be delivered at the contract price; and Number 3 yellow, which may be delivered at 6 cents per bushel under the contract price. There are seven months each year in which CBOT Soybean Futures Contracts expire: January, March, May, July, August, September, and November.

If the futures market is in a state of backwardation (i.e., when the price of soybeans in the future is expected to be less than the current price), the Fund will buy later to expire contracts for a lower price than the soone to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no changes to either prevailing soybean prices or the price relationship between immediate delivery, soon to expire contracts and later to expire contracts, the value of a contract will rise as it approaches expiration. If the futures market is in contango, the Fund will buy later to expire contracts for a higher price than the soone to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing soybean prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts and later to expire contracts, the value of a contract will fall as it approaches expiration. Historically, the soybeans futures markets have experienced periods of both contango and backwardation. Frequently, whether contango or backwardation exists is a function, among other factors, of the soybean market and the soybean harvest eyele. All other things being equal, a situation involving prolonged periods of contango may adversely impact the returns of the Fund; conversely a situation involving prolonged periods of backwardation may positively impact the returns of the Fund;



On October 11, 2024, the USDA released its monthly World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates (WASDE) for the Crop Year 2024-25. The exhibit below provides a summary of historical and current information for United States soybean production.

## U.S. Soybean Supply/Demand Balance Marketing Year September - August Million Bushels

																	Oct 11 Est.	23-24 to	Oct 11 Est.	
a v		12.14		14.15		5.16			17.10	10	10	10.20	20.21		21.22	22.22	USDA	22-23	USDA	23-24
Crop Year		13-14		14-15		5-16		-17	17-18	18-		19-20	20-21		21-22	22-23	23-24	% Change		6 Change
Planted Acres		76.8 76.3		83.3 82.6		82.7 81.7		3.5 2.7	90.2 89.5	89 87		76.1	83.4		87.2	87.5 86.2	83.6 82.3	-4%	87.1 86.3	4 % 5 %
Harvested Acres												74.9	82.6		86.3			-5%		
Difference		0.5		0.7		1.0		0.8	0.7		.6	1.2	0.8		0.9	1.3	1.3	0 %	0.8	-38%
Yield		44.0		47.5		48.0	:	1.9	49.3	50	0.6	47.4	51.0	'	51.7	49.6	50.6	2 %	53.1	5 %
Beginning Stocks	141	9	2	19	1	197		302	438	3	909	525		257	274	264		-4% 342		30%
Production	3,358	3.	,927	3,9	26	4,29	96	4,412	4,4	28	3,552	4,21	6	4,464	4,270	4,162		-3% 4,582		10%
Imports	72	3.	3	24		22		22	14		15	20		16	25	21		-16% 15		-29%
Total Supply	3,570	4	,052	4,1	40	4,5	16	4,735	4,8	80	4,476	4,76	1	4,737	4,569	4,447	_	-3% 4,939		11%
Crushings	1,734	1	.873	1.8	886	1,90	)1	2,055	2,0	92	2,165	2,14	1	2,204	2,212	2,287		3 % 2,425		6 %
Seed, Feed and Residual	107	1	46	11:	5	147		109	127		108	97		107	114	123		8 % 114		-7%
Exports	1,638	1	842	1.9	042	2,10	56	2,134	1,7	52	1,679	2,26	6	2,152	1,980	1,695		-14% 1,850		9 %
Total Usage	3,478	3	,862	3,9	944	4,2		4,297	3,9		3,952	4,50		4,463	4,305			-5% 4,389		7 %
Ending Stocks (Inventory)		92		191		197		302	438	9	09	525	257	,	274	264 342		30% 550		61%
Stocks/Use Ratio farm Price (S/bushel)	s	2.6% 13.00		4.9% 10.10		5.0% 8.95		2% .47	10.2% \$9.33	22.9 \$8.		13.3% \$8.57	5.7% \$10.80		6.1% \$13.30	6.1% \$14.20	8 % \$12.40	36%	12.5% \$10.80	50%
Calculations: Demand per day (incld expt) <sup>1</sup> Carry-out days supply <sup>1</sup> in millions of bushels per day		9.5 9.7		10.6 18.1		10.8 18.2		1.5 6.2	11.8 37.2	10 83		10.8 48.5	12.3 20.8		12.2 22.4	11.8 22.4	11.2 30.4	-5% 36%	12.0 45.7	7 % 50 %

The Sugar Market

Sugarcane accounts for nearly 80% of the world's sugar production, while sugar beets account for the remainder of the world's sugar production. Sugar manufacturers use sugar beets and sugarcane as the raw material from which refined sugar (sucrose) for industrial and consumer use is produced. Sugar is produced in various forms, including granulated, powdered, liquid, brown, and molasses. The food industry (in particular, producers of baked goods, beverages, cereal, confections, and dairy products) uses sugar and sugarcane molasses to make sugar-containing food products. Sugar beet pulp and molasses products are used as animal feed ingredients. Ethanol is an important by-product of sugarcane processing. Additionally, the material that is left over after sugarcane is processed is used to manufacture paper, cardboard, and "environmentally friendly" eating utensils.

As a general matter, the occurrence of a severe weather event, natural disaster, terrorist attack, geopolitical events, outbreak, or public health emergency as declared by the World Health Organization, the continuation or expansion of war or other hostilities, or a prolonged government shutdown may have significant adverse effects on the Fund and its investments and alter current assumptions and expectations. For example, in late February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine, significantly amplifying existing geopolitical tensions among Russia and other countries in the region and in the west. The responses of countries and political bodies to Russia's actions, the larger overarching tensions, and Ukraine's military response and the potential for wider conflict may increase financial market volatility generally, have severe adverse effects on global economic markets, and cause volatility in the price of agricultural products, including agricultural futures, and the share price of the Fund.

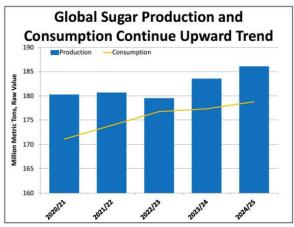
The price per pound of sugar in the United States is primarily a function of both U.S. and global production and demand as well as expansive protectionist policies implemented by the US Government. Long term impacts from sanctions, shipping disruptions, collateral war damage, and a potential expansion of the conflict between Russia and Ukraine could further disrupt the availability of agricultural products and supplies. Russian production of sugar comes primarily from sugar beets. Ukraine's sugar production is small and relatively inconsequential to global sugar markets.

Geopolitical events may have also impacted the level of "backwardation" experienced by the Fund. The Russian invasion and related developments may have placed upward pressure on the price of sugar and sugar futures contracts. As a result, near to expire contracts trade at a higher price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "backwardation." Putting aside the impact of the overall movement in prices of sugar and sugar futures, the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts (the sugar futures contracts that the Fund investing to the sugar future sugar futures to the price of sugar and sugar futures, the Benchmark Component Futures contracts that the Fund investing to the sugar future sugar future

Conversely, in the event of a sugar futures market where near to expire contracts trade at a lower price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "contango," then absent the impact of the overall movement in sugar prices the value of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts would tend to decline as they approach expiration. If the prices of sugar and sugar futures were to decline the Fund would experience the negative impact of contango.

The Sugar No. 11 Futures Contract is the world benchmark contract for raw sugar trading. This contract prices the physical delivery of raw cane sugar, delivered to the receiver's vessel at a specified port within the country of origin of the sugar. Sugar No. 11 Futures Contracts trade on ICE Futures US and the NYMEX in units of 112,000 pounds.

The United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") publishes two major reports annually on U.S. domestic and worldwide sugar production and consumption. These are usually released in November and May. In addition, the USDA publishes periodic, but not as comprehensive, reports on sugar monthly. These reports are available on the USDA's website, www.usda.gov, at no charge. The USDA's May 2024 report for the 2024-25 Marketing year estimated global production of 186 MMT with lower production in Brazil expected to more than offset higher production in Thailand, India, China, and Mexico. Consumption is expected to more than offset a rise in stocks in India. Sugar is a staple commodity used pervasively across the globe so that any contractions in consumption may only be temporary as has historically been the case.



Source: https://apps.fas.usda.gov/psdonline/circulars/sugar.pdf

If the futures market is in a state of backwardation (i.e., when the price of sugar in the future is expected to be less than the current price), the Fund will buy later to expire contracts for a lower price than the sooner to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no changes to either prevailing sugar prices or the price relationship between immediate delivery, soon to expire contracts and later to expire contracts for a higher price than the sooner to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing sugar prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing sugar prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts, the value of a contract will fall as it approaches expiration. Historically, the sugar futures markets have experienced periods of both contango and backwardation. Frequently, whether contango or backwardation exists is a function, among other factors, of the seasonality of the sugar market and the sugar harvest cycle. All other things being equal, a situation involving prolonged periods of contango may adversely impact the returns of the Funds; conversely a situation involving prolonged periods of backwardation may positively impact the returns of the Funds.

Futures contracts may be either bought or sold long or short. The U.S Commodity Futures Trading Commission weekly releases the "Commitment of Traders" (COT) report, which depicts the open interest as well as long and short positions in the market. Market participants may use this report to gauge market sentiment.

## The Wheat Market

Wheat is used to produce flour, the key ingredient for breads, pasta, crackers, and many other food products, as well as several industrial products such as starches and adhesives. Wheat by-products are used in livestock feeds. Wheat is the principal food grain produced in the United States, and the United States, output of wheat is typically exceeded only by that of China, the European Union, Russia, and India. The United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") estimates that for 2024-25, the principal global reproducers of wheat will be the EU, Russia, Ukraine, China, India, the United States, Australia, and Canada. The U.S. generates approximately 7% of global production, with approximately 42% of that being exported. For 2024-25, based on the October 2024 USDA report, global consumption of 803 MMT is estimated to be slightly higher than production of 794 MMT. If the global demand of wheat is not equal to global supply, this may have an impact on the price of wheat. Global wheat consumption may fluctuate year over year due to any number of reasons which may include, but is not limited to, economic conditions, global health concerns, international trade policy. Wheat is a staple commodity used pervasively across the globe so that any contractions in consumption may only be temporary as has historically been the case. The USDA publishes weekly, monthly, quarterly, and annual updates for U.S. domestic and worldwide wheat production and consumption. These reports are available on the USDA's website, www.usda.gov, at no charge. The outlook provided herein is from the October 2024 USDA report.

As a general matter, the occurrence of a severe weather event, natural disaster, terrorist attack, geopolitical events, outbreak, or public health emergency as declared by the World Health Organization, the continuation or expansion of war or other hostilities, or a prolonged government shutdown may have significant adverse effects on the Fund and its investments and alter current assumptions and expectations. For example, in late February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine, significantly amplifying already existing geopolitical tensions among Russia and other countries in the region and in the west. The responses of countries and political bodies to Russia's actions, the larger overarching tensions, Ukraine's military response may increase financial market volatility. The results can have severe adverse effects on global economic markets, and cause volatility in the price of wheat, wheat futures and the share price of the Fund.

The price per bushel of wheat in the United States is primarily a function of both U.S. and global wheat production and demand. Russia and Ukraine, historically, have constituted the top export supply of wheat by volume (approximately 30 percent of total global wheat exports) to the world. The escalating conflict between the two countries, including but not limited to, sanctions, shipping disruptions, and collateral war damage could further disrupt the availability of wheat supplies. The conflict has greatly impacted exports of the wheat crop that was harvested last season and is currently in storage.

Geopolitical events have also impacted the level of "backwardation" experienced by the Fund. The Russian invasion and related developments placed upward pressure on the price of wheat and wheat futures contracts. As a result, near to expire contracts traded at a higher price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "backwardation." Putting aside the impact of the overall movement in prices of wheat and wheat futures, the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts (the wheat futures contracts that the Fund invests in to achieve its investment objective) would tend to rise as they approach expiration. This backwardation may benefit the Fund because it will sell more expensive contracts and buy less expensive contracts on an ongoing basis. The degree of backwardation is also shown in the following table.

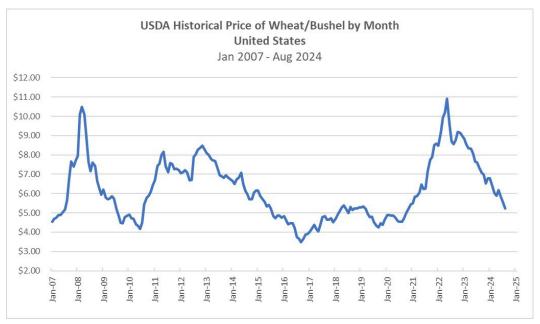
Conversely, in the event of a wheat futures market where near to expire contracts trade at a lower price than longer to expire contracts, a situation referred to as "contango," then absent the impact of the overall movement in wheat prices the value of the Benchmark Component Futures Contracts would tend to decline as they approach expiration. If the prices of wheat and wheat futures were to decline, for example, the Fund would experience the negative impact of contango.

There are several types of wheat grown in the U.S., which are classified in terms of color, hardness, and growing season. CBOT Wheat Futures Contracts call for delivery of #2 soft red winter wheat, which is generally grown in the eastern third of the United States, but other types and grades of wheat may also be delivered (Grade #1 soft red winter wheat, Hard Red Winter, Dark Northern Spring wheat may be delivered at 3 cents premium per bushel over the contract price and #2 soft red winter wheat, Hard Red Winter, Dark Northern Spring and Northern Spring wheat is planted in the fall and is harvested in the last spring or early summer of the following year, while spring wheat is planted in the spring and harvested in late summer or fall of the same year. Standard Wheat Futures Contracts trade on the CBOT in units of 5,000 bushels. There are five months each year in which CBOT Wheat Futures Contracts expire: March, May, July, September, and December.

If the futures market is in a state of backwardation (i.e., when the price of wheat in the future is expected to be less than the current price), the Fund will buy later to expire contracts for a lower price than the sooner to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no changes to either prevailing wheat prices or the price relationship between immediate delivery, soon to expire contracts and later to expire contracts, the value of a contract will rise as it approaches expiration. If the futures market is in contango, the Fund will buy later to expire price than the sooner to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing wheat prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing wheat prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing wheat prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing wheat prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing wheat prices or the price relationship between the spot price, soon to expire contracts that it sells. Hypothetically, and assuming no other changes to either prevailing wheat prices of the prices of the price of the price

Futures contracts may be either bought or sold, long or short. The U.S Commodity Futures Trading Commission weekly releases the "Commitment of Traders" (COT) report, which depicts the open interest as well as long and short positions in the market. Market participants may use this report to gauge market sentiment.

The price per bushel of wheat in the United States is primarily a function of both U.S. and global production, as well as U.S. and global demand. The graph below shows the USDA published price per bushel by month for the period January 2007 to August 2024.



On October 11, 2024, the USDA released its monthly World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates (WASDE) for the Crop Year 2024-25. The exhibit below provides a summary of historical and current information for United States wheat production.

## U.S. Wheat Supply/Demand Balance Marketing Year June - May Million Bushels

														Oct 11 Est.	23-24 to	Oct 11 Est. 2	
														USDA	22-23	USDA	23-24
Crop Year		13-14	1	4-15	15-16		16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	22-23	23-24	% Change	24-25%	Change
Planted Acres		56.2		56.8	55.0		50.1	46.1	47.8	45.5	44.5	46.7	45.8	49.6	8 %	46.1	-7%
Harvested Acres		45.3		46.4	47.3		43.8	37.6	39.6	37.4	36.8	37.1	35.5	37.1	5 %	38.5	4 %
Difference		10.9		10.4	7.7		6.3	8.5	8.2	8.1	7.7	9.6	10.3	12.5	21%	7.6	-39%
Yield		47.1		43.7	43.6		52.7	46.4	47.6	51.7	49.7	44.3	46.5	48.7	5 %	51.2	5 %
Beginning Stocks	718	59	90	752	9	76	1,181	1,09	99 1,08	0 1,02	8 84:	5 674	570		-15% 696		22%
Production	2,135	2,	026	2,06	2 2	,309	1,741	1,88	35 1,93	2 1,82	8 1,6	46 1,6	50 1,804		9 % 1,971		9 %
Imports	173	15	51	113	1	18	158	135	104	100	96	122	138		13 % 115		-17%
Total Supply	3,026	2,	768	2,92	7 3	,402	3,080	3,11	9 3,11	6 2,95	6 2,5	88 2,4	46 2,512		3 % 2,783		11%
Food	955	95	58	957	9	49	964	954	962	961	97	1 972	961		-1% 964		0 %
Seed	77	79		67	6		63	59	62	64	58	68	62		-9% 62		0 %
Feed and residual	228	11		149		60	47	88	95	93	88		85		15% 120		41%
Exports	1,176	86	54	778	1	.051	906	937	969	994	79		707		-7% 825		17%
Total Usage	2,436	2,	015	1,95	1 2	,222	1,981	2,03	39 2,08	7 2,111	1,9	13 1,8	76 1,815		-3% 1,971		9 %
Ending Stocks (Inventory)		590		752	976 1	,181	1,099	1,08	30 1,02	8 845	67	4 570	696		22% 812		17%
Stocks/Use Ratio		24.2%		.3%	50.0%		53.2%	55.5%	53.0%	49.3%	40.0%	35.2%	30.4%	38.3%	26%	41.2%	7 %
farm Price (\$/bushel)	S	6.87	\$	5.99	4.89	\$	3.89	\$4.72	\$5.16	\$4.58	\$5.05	\$7.63	\$8.83	\$6.96		\$5.70	
Calculations:																	
Demand per day (incld expt)1		6.7		5.5	5.3		6.1	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.2	5.1	5.0	-3%	5.4	9 %
Carry-out days supply in millions of bushels per day		88.4	1	36.2	182.6		194.0	202.5	193.3	179.8	146.1	128.6	110.9	140.0	26%	150.4	7 %

## Calculating the Net Asset Value

The NAV of each Fund is calculated by:

- · taking the current market value of its total assets, and
- subtracting any liabilities

The Administrator calculates the NAV of the Fund once each trading day. It calculates NAV as of the earlier of the close of the New York Stock Exchange or 4:00 p.m. (ET). The NAV for a particular trading day is released after 4:15 p.m. (ET).

In determining the value of the Futures Contracts for each Fund, the Administrator uses the closing price on the exchange on which the commodity or cryptocurrency is traded, commonly referred to as the settlement price. The time of settlement for each exchange is determined by that exchange and may change from time to time. The current settlement time for each exchange can be found at the respective website for the CBOT, CME, or ICE, as the case may be, as follows:

- 1) for the CBOT (CORN, SOYB and WEAT) http://www.cmegroup.com/trading hours/commodities-hours.html;
- 2) for ICE (CANE) http://www.theice.com/productguide/Search.shtml?tradingHours=

The Administrator determines the value of all other investments for each Fund as of the earlier of the close of the New York Stock Exchange or 4:00 p.m., (ET), in accordance with the current Services Agreement between the Administrator and the Trust.

The value of over-the-counter Commodity Interests will be determined based on the value of the commodity or Futures Contract underlying such Commodity Interest, except that a fair value may be determined if the Sponsor believes that a Fund is subject to significant credit risk relating to the counterparty to such Commodity Interest. For purposes of financial statements and reports, the Sponsor will recalculate the NAV of a specific Fund where necessary to reflect the "fair value" of a Futures Contract when the Futures Contract of such Fund closes at its price fluctuation limit for the day. Treasury Securities held by the Fund are valued by the Administrator using values received from recognized third-party vendors (such as Reuters) and dealer quotes. The NAV includes any unrealized profit or loss on open Commodity Interests and any other credit or debit accruing to each Fund but unpaid or not received by the Fund.

In addition, in order to provide updated information relating to the Funds for use by investors and market professionals, ICE Data Indices, LLC calculates and disseminates throughout the trading day an updated indicative fund value for each Fund. The indicative fund value is calculated by using the prior day's closing NAV per share of the Fund as a base and updating that value throughout the trading day to reflect changes in the value of the Fund's Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests during the trading day. Changes in the value of short-term Treasury Securities and cash equivalents will not be included in the calculation of indicative value throughout the day. For this and other reasons, the indicative fund value disseminated during NYSE Area trading hours should not be viewed as an actual real time update of the NAV for each Fund. The NAV is calculated only once at the end of each trading day.

The indicative fund value is disseminated on a per Share basis every 15 seconds during regular NYSE Area trading hours of 9:30 a.m., (ET), to 4:00 p.m., (ET). The CBOT, CME, and ICE are generally open for trading only during specified hours which vary by exchange and may be adjusted by the exchange. However, the futures markets on these exchanges do not currently operate twenty-four hours per day. In addition, there may be some trading hours which may be limited to electronic trading only. This means that there is a gap in time at the beginning and the end of each day during which the Fund's Shares are traded on the NYSE Area, when, for example, real-time CBOT trading prices for Corn Futures Contracts traded on such Exchange are not available. As a result, during those gaps there will be no update to the indicative fund values. The most current trading hours for each exchange may be found on the website of that exchange as listed above.

ICE Data Indices, LLC disseminates the intraday indicative value (also referred to in this report as "approximate net asset value") of the Fund's Shares through the facilities of Consolidated Tape Association's Consolidated Quotation High Speed Lines (also known as the "CTA/QC High Speed Lines"). ICE Data Indices, LLC will make the Benchmark information available through online information services, such as Yahoo Finance, Bloomberg, and Reuters.

Dissemination of the indicative fund value provides additional information that is not otherwise available to the public and is useful to investors and market professionals in connection with the trading of Fund Shares on the NYSE Arca. Investors and market professionals are able throughout the trading day to compare the market price of the Fund and the indicative fund value. If the market price of Fund Shares diverges significantly from the indicative fund value, market professionals may have an incentive to execute arbitrage trades. For example, if the Fund appears to be trading at a discount compared to the indicative fund value, a market professional could buy Fund Shares on the NYSE Arca, aggregate them into Redemption Baskets, and receive the NAV of such Shares by redeeming them to the Trust, provided that there is not a minimum number of shares outstanding for the Fund. Such arbitrage trades can tighten the tracking between the market price of the Fund and the indicative fund value.

## Critical Accounting Policies

The Trust's critical accounting policies for all the Funds are as follows:

- 1. Preparation of the financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires the application of appropriate accounting rules and guidance, as well as the use of estimates, and requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue and expense and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities during the reporting period of the combined financial statements and accompanying notes. The Trust's application of these policies involves judgments and actual results may differ from the estimates used.
- 2. The Sponsor has determined that the valuation of commodity or cryptocurrency interests that are not traded on a U.S. or internationally recognized futures exchange (such as swaps and other over the counter contracts) involves a critical accounting policy. The values which are used by the Funds for futures contracts will be provided by the broker who will use market prices when available, while over the counter contracts will be valued based on the present value of estimated future cash flows that would be received from or paid to a third party in settlement of these derivative contracts prior to their delivery date. Values will be determined on a daily basis.
- 3. Commodity or cryptocurrency futures contracts held by the Funds are recorded on the trade date. All such transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis and marked to market daily. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation or commodity or cryptocurrency futures contracts are reflected in the statement of operations as the difference between the original contract amount and the fair market value as of the last business day of the year or as of the last date of the financial statements. Changes in the appreciation or depreciation between periods are reflected in the statement of operations. Interest on cash equivalents and deposits are recognized on an accrual basis. The Funds earn interest on funds held at the custodian or other financial institutions at prevailing market rates for such investments.
- 4. Cash and cash equivalents are cash held at financial institutions in demand-deposit accounts or highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of three months or less at inception. The Funds report cash equivalents in the statements of assets and liabilities at market value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair value, because of their highly liquid nature and short-term maturities. The Funds have a substantial portion of assets on deposit with banks. Assets deposited with financial institutions may, at times, exceed federally insured limits.
- 5. The use of fair value to measure financial instruments, with related unrealized gains or losses recognized in earnings in each period is fundamental to the Trust's financial statements. In accordance with GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Trust uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with GAAP, a fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs reflect the Trust's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels: a) Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Trust has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities and financial instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities and financial instruments does not entail a significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, and c) Level 3 - Valuations based on quoted prices that are not applied to Level 1 securities and financial instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices in market, valuation of these securities and financial instruments does not entail a significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, and c) Level 3 - Valuations based on quoted prices in market stat are not active or for further information. The Funds and the Trust record their derivative activities af fair value. Gains and losses from derivative contracts are included in the statement of operations. Derivative contracts include futures contracts related to commodity or cryptocurrency prices. Futures, which are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the CBOT, ICE, or CME, or reported on another national market, are generally categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. OTC derivatives contracts (such as forward and swap contracts) which may be v

- 6. The Funds recognize brokerage commissions on a full trade basis
- 7. Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity or cryptocurrency interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular futures contract may be modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract. Brokerage firms, such as the Funds' clearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity or cryptocurrency interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties, so the counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out of the money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Funds' (trading, the Funds (and not its shareholders personally) are subject to margin calls.

Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated, and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

- 8. Due from/to broker for investments in financial instruments are securities transactions pending settlement. The Trust and TAGS are subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with whom it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The management of the Trust and the Funds monitors the financial condition of such brokers and does not anticipate any losses from these counterparties. The principal broker through which the Trust and TAGS has the ability to clear securities transactions for TAGS is U.S. Bank NA.
- 9. The Sponsor is responsible for investing the assets of the Funds in accordance with the objectives and policies of each Fund.

CORN, SOYB, CANE, WEAT, and TAGS pays for all brokerage fees, taxes, and other expenses, including licensing fees for the use of intellectual property, registration or other fees paid to the SEC, FINRA, formally the National Association of Securities Dealers, or any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of subsequent Shares after its initial registration and all legal, accounting, printing and other expenses associated therewith. The Fund also pays its portion of the fees and expenses for which the Sponsor elected not to outsource. Certain aggregate expenses common to all Teucrium Funds within the Trust are allocated by the Sponsor to the respective Funds based on activity drivers deemed most appropriate by the Sponsor for such expenses, including but not limited to relative assets under management and creation order activity. These aggregate common expenses include, but are not limited to, legal, and thing, accounting and financial reporting, tracplatory compliance, can lead to the Marketing Agent. A portion of these aggregate common expenses are related to the Sponsor or related parties of principals of the Sponsor; these are necessary services to the Teucrium Funds, which are primarily the cost of performing certain accounting and financial reporting, regulatory compliance, and trading activities that are directly attributable to the Fund and are included, primarily, in distribution and marketing fees. In addition, the Agricultural Funds, except for TAGS which has no such fee, are contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 1.00% per rannum.

DEFI is contractually obligated to pay a monthly management fee to the Sponsor, based on average daily net assets, at a rate equal to 0.94% per annum. From the Management Fee, the Sponsor pays all of the routine operational, administrative and other ordinary expenses of each Fund, generally as determined by the Sponsor, including but not limited to, fees and expenses, legal fees, ongoing diese, ongoing SE registration fees, individual Schedule K-1 preparation and mailing fees, and report preparation and mailing expenses. These fees and expenses are not included in the breakeven table because they are paid for by the Sponsor through the proceeds from the Management Fee. The Fund pays all of its non-recurring and unusual fees and expenses, if any, as determined by the Sponsor. Non-recurring and unusual fees and expenses are unexpected or unusual in nature, such as legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs or indemnification or other unanticipated expenses. Extraordinary fees and expenses also include material expenses which are not currently anticipated obligations of the Fund. Routine operational, administrative, and other ordinary expenses are not deemed extraordinary expenses.

- 10. The investment objective of TAGS is to have the daily changes in percentage terms of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of its common units ("Shares") reflect the daily changes in percentage terms of a weighted average (the "Underlying Fund Average") of the NAVs per share of four other commodity pools that are series of the Trust and are sponsored by the Sponsor: the Teucrium Com Fund, the Teucrium Wheat Fund, the Teucrium Soybean Fund and the Teucrium Sugar Fund (collectively, the "Underlying Fund As Teucrium Soybean Fund and the Teucrium Soybean Fund and the Teucrium Soybean Fund and the Teucrium Sugar Fund (collectively, the "Underlying Fund."). The Underlying Fund As useh, TAGS will busy, sell, and hold as part of its normal operations shares of the four Underlying Funds. The Trust excludes the shares of the other series of the Trust owned by the Teucrium Agricultural Fund from its statements of assets and liabilities. The Trust excludes the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation or deprecia
- 11. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Funds will be treated as partnerships. Therefore, the Funds do not record a provision for income taxes because the partners report their share of a Fund's income or loss on their income tax returns. The financial statements reflect the Funds' transactions without adjustment, if any, required for income tax purposes.
- 12. For commercial paper, the Agricultural Commodity Funds use the effective interest method for calculating the actual interest rate in a period based on the amount of a financial instrument's book value at the beginning of the accounting period. Accretion on these investments is recognized using the effective interest method in U.S. dollars and recognized in cash equivalents. All discounts on purchase prices of debt securities are accreted over the life of the respective security.

## Credit Risk

When any of the Funds enter into Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests, it will be exposed to the credit risk that the counterparty will not be able to meet its obligations. For purposes of credit risk, the counterparty for the Futures Contracts traded on the CBOT, ICE, and CME is the clearinghouse associated with those exchanges. In general, clearinghouses are backed by their members who may be required to share in the financial burden resulting from the nonperformance of one of their members, which should significantly reduce credit risk. Some foreign exchanges are not backed by their clearinghouse members but may be backed by a consortium of banks or other financial institutions. Unlike in the case of exchange traded futures contracts, the counterparty to an over-the-counter Commodity Interest contract is generally a single bank or other financial institution. As a result, there will be greater counterparty credit risk in over-the-counter transactions. There can be no assurance that any counterparty, clearinghouse, or their financial backers will satisfy their obligations to any of the Funds.

The Commodity Funds may engage in off exchange transactions broadly called an "exchange for risk" transaction, also referred to as an "exchange for swap." For purposes of the Dodd-Frank Act and related CFTC rules, an "exchange for risk" transaction is treated as a "wap." An "exchange for risk" transaction, sometimes referred to as an "exchange for swap." an "exchange for risk transaction for a swap or other over the counter instrument on the corresponding commodity. An exchange for risk transaction can be used by the Commodity Funds as a technique to avoid taking physical delivery of a commodity futures contract, corn for example, in that counterparty will at does not by its terms call for physical delivery. The Funds will become subject to the credit risk of a counterparty when it acquires an over-the-counter position in an exchange for risk transaction. The Fund may use an "exchange for risk" transaction in connection with the creation and redemption of shares. These transactions must be carried out only in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange where the futures contracts trade.

The Sponsor will attempt to manage the credit risk of each Fund by following certain trading limitations and policies. In particular, each Fund intends to post margin and collateral and/or hold liquid assets that will be equal to approximately the face amount of the Interests it holds. The Sponsor will implement procedures that will include, but will not be limited to, executing, and clearing trades and entering into over-the-counter transactions only with parties it deems creditworthy and/or requiring the posting of collateral by such parties for the benefit of each Fund to limit its credit exposure.

The CEA requires all FCMs, such as the Teucrium Funds' clearing brokers, to meet and maintain specified fitness and financial requirements, to segregate customer funds from proprietary funds and account separately for all customers' funds and positions, and to maintain specified books and records open to inspection by the staff of the CFTC. The CFTC has similar authority over introducing brokers, or persons who solicit or accept orders for commodity interest trades but who do not accept margin deposits for the execution of trades. The CEA authorizes the CFTC to regulate trading by FCMs and by their officers and better forms that CFTC to require action by exchanges in the event of market emergencies, and establishes an administrative procedure under which customers may institute complaints for damages arising from alleged violations of the CEA. The CEA also gives the states powers to enforce its provisions and the regulations of the CFTC.

On November 14, 2013, the CFTC published final regulations that require enhanced customer protections, risk management programs, internal monitoring and controls, capital and liquidity standards, customer disclosures and auditing and examination programs for FCMs. The rules are intended to afford greater assurances to market participants that customer segregated funds and secured amounts are protected, customers are provided with appropriate notice of the risks of futures trading and of the FCMs with which they may be activated by the properties of FCMs are monitoring and managing risks in a robust manner, the capital and liquidity of FCMs are strengthened to safeguard the continued operations and the auditing and examination programs of the CFTC and the SROs are monitoring the activities of FCMs in a thorough manner.

Marex and StoneX serve as the Fund's clearing brokers to execute futures contracts and provide other brokerage-related services.

The Commodity Funds, other than TAGS, will generally retain cash positions of approximately 95% of total net assets; this balance represents the total net assets less the initial margin requirements held by the FCM. These cash assets are either: 1) deposited by the Sponsor in demand deposit accounts of financial institutions which are deemed by the Sponsor to be of investment level quality, 2) held in a money-market fund which is deemed to be a cash equivalent under the most recent SEC definition, or 3) held in a cash equivalent with a maturity of 90 days or less that is deemed by the Sponsor to be of investment level quality.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Funds do not anticipate making use of borrowings or other lines of credit to meet their obligations. The Funds meet their liquidity needs in the normal course of business from the proceeds of the sale of their investments from the cash and cash equivalents that they intend to hold, and/or from the fee waivers provided by the Sponsor. The Funds' liquidity needs include redeeming their shares, providing margin deposits for existing Futures Contracts or the purchase of additional Futures Contracts, posting collateral for over-the-counter Commodity Interests, and paying expenses.

The Funds generate cash primarily from (i) the sale of Creation Baskets and (ii) interest earned on cash and cash equivalents. Generally, all of the net assets of the Funds are allocated to trading in Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests. Most of the assets of the Funds are held in cash and/or cash equivalents. The percentage that such assets bear to the total net assets will vary from period to period as the market values of the Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interest change. Interest canned on interest-bearing assets of a Fund are paid to that Fund. During times of extreme market volatility and economic uncertainty, the Funds may experience a significant change in interest stace, and as such the Funds may experience a change in the breakeyen point.

The investments of a Fund in Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests are subject to periods of illiquidity because of market conditions, regulatory considerations, and other reasons. For example, U.S. futures exchanges limit the fluctuations in the prices of certain Futures Contracts during a single day by regulations referred to as "daily limits." During a single day, no trades may be executed at prices beyond the daily limit. Once the price of such a Futures Contract has increased or decreased by an amount equal to the daily limit, positions in the contracts can neither be taken nor liquidated unless the traders are willing to effect trades at or within the limit. Such market conditions could prevent the Fund from promptly liquidating a position in Futures Contracts.

War and other geopolitical events in eastern Europe, including but not limited to Russia and Ukraine, may cause volatility in commodity prices including energy and grain prices, due to the region's importance to these markets, potential impacts to global transportation and shipping, and other supply chain disruptions. These events are unpredictable and may lead to extended periods of price volatility.

More generally, a climate of uncertainty and panic, including the contagion of the COVID-19 virus and other infectious viruses or diseases, may adversely affect global, regional, and local economies and reduce the availability of potential investment opportunities, and increases the difficulty of performing due diligence and modeling market conditions, potentially reducing the accuracy of financial projections. Under these circumstances, the Funds may have difficulty achieving their investment objectives which may adversely impact performance. Further, such events can be highly disruptive to economies and markets, significantly disrupt the operations of individual companies (including, but not limited to, the Funds' Sponsor and third-party service providers), sectors, industries, markets, securities and commodity exchanges, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the Funds' investments. These factors could cause substantial market volatility, exchange trading suspensions and closures that could impact the ability of the Funds to complete redemptions and otherwise affect Fund performance and Fund trading in the secondary market. A widespread crisis may also affect the global economy in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the current time. How long such events will last and whether they will continue or recur cannot be predicted. Impacts from these events could have significant impact on a Fund's performance, resulting in losses to your investment. The global economic shocks being experienced as of the date hereof may cause the underlying assumptions and expectations of the Funds to become outdated quickly or inaccurate, resulting in significant losses.

#### Manhat Biol

Trading in Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests such as Futures Contracts will involve the Funds entering into contractual commitments to purchase or sell specific amounts of commodities or cryptocurrencies at a specified date in the future. The gross or face amount of the contracts is expected to significantly exceed the future cash requirements of each Fund as each Fund intends to close out any open positions prior to the contractual expiration date. As a result, each Fund's market risk is the risk of loss arising from the decline in value of the contracts, not from the need to make delivery under the contracts. The Funds consider the "fair value" of derivative instruments to be the unrealized gain or loss on the contracts. The market risk associated with the commitment by the Funds to purchase a specific commodity or cryptocurrency will be limited to the aggregate face amount of the contracts held.

The exposure of the Funds to market risk will depend on a number of factors including the markets for the specific commodity or cryptocurrency, the volatility of interest rates and foreign exchange rates, the liquidity of the Commodity or Cryptocurrency Specific Interests markets and the relationships among the contracts held by each Fund.

#### Regulatory Considerations

The regulation of futures markets, futures contracts, and futures exchanges has historically been comprehensive. The CFTC and the exchanges are authorized to take extraordinary actions in the event of a market emergency including, for example, the retroactive implementation of speculative position limits, increased margin requirements, the establishment of daily price limits and the suspension of trading on an exchange or trading facility.

Pursuant to authority in the CEA, the NFA has been formed and registered with the CFTC as a registered futures association. At the present time, the NFA is the only SRO for commodity interest professionals, other than futures exchanges. The CFTC has delegated to the NFA responsibility for the registration of CPOs and FCMs and their respective associated persons. The Sponsor and the Fund's clearing broker are members of the NFA. As such, they will be subject to NFA standards relating to fair trade practices, financial condition, and consumer protection. The NFA also arbitrates disputes between members and their customers and conducts registration and fitness screening of applicants for membership and audits of its existing members. Neither the Tans or the Teucrium Funds are required to become a member of the NFA. The regulation of commodity interest transactions in the United States is a rapidly changing area of law and is subject to ongoing modification by governmental and judicial action. Considerable regulatory attention has been focused on non-traditional investment pools that are publicly distributed in the United States. There is a possibility of future regulatory changes within the United States altering, perhaps to a material extent, the nature of an investment in the Fund, or the ability of a Fund to continue to implement its investment strategy. In addition, various national governments outsides have expressed concern regarding the disruptive effects of speculative trading in the commodities markets and the need to regulate the derivatives markets in general. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Teucrium Funds is impossible to predict but could be substantial and adverse.

The CFTC possesses exclusive jurisdiction to regulate the activities of commodity pool operators and commodity trading advisors with respect to "commodity interests," such as futures, swaps, and options, and has adopted regulations with respect to the activities of those persons and/or entities. Under the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA"), a registered commodity pool operators, such as the Sponsor, is required to make annual filings with the CFTC and the NFA describing its organization, capital structure, management and controlling persons. In addition, the CEA authorizes the CFTC to require and review books and records of, and documents prepared by, registered commodity pool operators. Pursuant to this authority, the CFTC requires commodity pool operators to keep accurate, current, and orderly records for each pool that they operate. The CFTC may suspend the registration of a commodity pool operator (1) if the CFTC finds that the operator's trading practices tend to disrupt orderly market conditions, (2) if any controlling person of the operator is subject to an order of the CFTC denying such person trading privileges on any exchange, and (3) in certain other circumstances. Suspension, restriction, or termination of the Sponsor's registration as a commodity pool operator would prevent it, until that registration was to be reinstated, from managing the Fund, and might result in the termination of the Fund if a successor sponsor is not elected pursuant to the Trust Agreement. Neither the Trust nor the Fund is required to be registered with the CFTC in any capacity.

The Fund's investors are afforded prescribed rights for reparations under the CEA. Investors may also be able to maintain a private right of action for violations of the CEA. The CFTC has adopted rules implementing the reparation provisions of the CEA, which provide that any person may file a complaint for a reparations award with the CFTC for violation of the CEA against a floor broker or an FCM, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, CPO, and their respective associated persons.

The regulations of the CFTC and the NFA prohibit any representation by a person registered with the CFTC or by any member of the NFA, that registration with the CFTC, or membership in the NFA, in any respect indicates that the CFTC or the NFA has approved or endorsed that person or that person is trading program or objectives. The registrations and memberships of the parties described in this summary must not be considered as constituting any such approval or endorsement. Likewise, no futures exchange has given or will give any similar approval or endorsement.

Trading venues in the United States are subject to varying degrees of regulation under the CEA depending on whether such exchange is a designated contract market (i.e., a futures exchange) or a swap execution facility. Clearing organizations are also subject to the CEA and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder as administered by the CFTC. The CFTC's injustice is to implement the CEA's objectives of preventing price manipulation and excessive speculation and promoting orderly and efficient commodity interest markets. In addition, the various exchanges and clearing organizations themselves as SROs exercise regulatory and supervisory authority over their member firms.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") was enacted in response to the economic crisis of 2008 and 2009 and it significantly altered the regulatory regime to which the securities and commodities markets are subject. To date, the CFTC has issued proposed or final versions of almost all of the rules it is required to promulgate under the Dodd-Frank Act, and it continues to issue proposed versions of additional rules that it has authority to promulgate. Provisions of the new law include the requirement that position limits be established on a wide range of commodity interrests, including firstures contracts, options on such futures contracts and options ("Reference Contracts"); new registration and recordkeeping requirements for swap market participants; capital and margin requirements for "swap dealers" and "major swap participants," as determined by the new law and applicable regulations; reporting of all swap transactions to swap data repositories; and the mandatory use of clearing house mechanisms for sufficiently standardized swap transactions that were historically entered into in the over the counter market, but are now designated as subject to the clearing requirement; and margin requirements for over the counter swaps that are not subject to the clearing requirements.

In addition, considerable regulatory attention has recently been focused on non-traditional publicly distributed investment pools such as the Fund. Furthermore, various national governments have expressed concern regarding the disruptive effects of speculative trading in certain commodity markets and the need to regulate the derivatives markets in general. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Teucrium Funds is impossible to predict but could be substantial and adverse.

The Dodd-Frank Act was intended to reduce systemic risks that may have contributed to the 2008/2009 financial crisis. Since the first draft of what became the Dodd-Frank Act, supporters and opponents have debated the scope of the legislation. As the Administrations of the U.S. change, the interpretation and implementation will change along with them. Nevertheless, regulatory reform of any kind may have a significant impact on U.S. regulated entities.

Position Limits, Aggregation Limits, Accountability Levels, Price Fluctuation Limits

The CFTC and US futures exchanges impose limits on the maximum net long or net short speculative positions that any person may hold or control in any particular futures or options contracts traded on US futures exchanges. For example, the CFTC currently imposes speculative position limits on a number of commodities (e.g., corn, oats, wheat, soybeans, and cotton) and US futures exchanges currently impose speculative position limits on many other commodities. A Fund could be required to liquidate positions it holds in order to comply with position limits or may not be able to fully implement trading instructions generated by its trading models, in order to comply with position limits. Any such liquidation or limited implementation could result in substantial costs to a Fund. Limits are generally applied on an aggregate basis to positions held in accounts that are subject to 10% or greater common ownership or control. In December 2016, the CFTC adopted rule amendments that provide exemptions from the general requirement to aggregate all positions that are held pursuant to 10% or greater common ownership or control.

The Dodd-Frank Act significantly expanded the CFTC's authority to impose position limits with respect to futures contracts and options on futures contracts, swaps that are economically equivalent to futures or options on futures, and swaps that are traded on a regulated exchange and certain swaps that perform a significant price discovery function.

In October 2020, the CFTC adopted new speculative position limits with respect to futures and options on futures on many physical commodities, including energy, metals, and agricultural commodities (the "core referenced futures contracts"), and on economically equivalent swaps. The CFTC's new position limits rules include an exemption from limits for boan fide hedging transactions or positions. A bona fide hedging transaction or position may exceed the applicable federal position may enter the potential change in value of (A) assets which a person owns, produces, manufactures, processes or merchandises, or anticipates owning, producing, manufacturing, processing or merchandising; (B) liabilities which a person owns, produces, manufactures, processes or merchandises, or anticipates owning, producing, manufacturing, processing or merchandising; (B) liabilities which a person owns or anticipates incurring; or (C) services that a person provides or purchases, or anticipates providing or purchasing. The CFTC's new position rules set forth a list of enumerated bona fide hedge positions above the federal position limit. However, a market participant holding an enumerated bona fide hedge position is or required to request provides or purchasing. For non-enumerated bona fide hedge positions, a market participant may request CFTC approval which must be granted prior to exceeding the application must be submitted within five business days after the market participant exceeds the application limit, except where there is a demonstrated sudden or unforescen increase in bona fide hedging needs (in which case the application must be submitted within five business days after the market participant exceeds the application must be submitted within five business days after the market participant exceeds the application must be submitted within five business days after the market participant exceeds the application in the properties of the CFTC's new federal speculative position limits are January 1, 2022 for the core referenced fu

Position Aggregation. In general, a market participant is required by CFTC or exchange rules, as applicable, to aggregate all positions in accounts as to which the market participant has 10% or greater ownership or control. CFTC and exchange rules, as applicable, provide exemptions from this requirement. For example, a market participant is not required to aggregate positions in multiple accounts that it owns or controls if that market participant is able to satisfy the requirements of an exemption from aggregation of those accounts, including, where available, the independent account controller exemption or another exemption from the aggregation requirement could obligate the Sponsor to aggregate positions in multiple accounts under its control, which could include the Fund and other commodity pools or accounts under the Sponsor's control. In such a scenario, a Fund may not be able to obtain exposure to one or more contracts necessary to pursue its investment objective, or it may be required to liquidate existing contract positions in order to comply with a limit. Such an outcome could adversely affect a Fund's ability to pursue its investment objective or achieve favorable performance. The CFTC amended its position aggregation rules in December 2016. The CFTC staff subsequently issued time-limited no-action relief from compliance with certain requirements under the amended aggregation rules, including the general requirement to aggregate positions in the same commodity futures contracts traded pursuant to substantially identical trading strategies. This no-action relief expires on August 12, 2025.

Accountability Levels. Exchanges may establish accountability levels applicable to a futures contract instead of position limits, provided that the futures contract is not subject to federal position limits. An exchange may order a person who holds or controls a position in excess of a position accountability level not to further increase its position, to comply with any prospective limit that exceeds the size of the position owned or controlled, or to reduce any open position that exceeds the position accountability level for the exchange determines that such action is necessary to maintain an orderly market. Position accountability levels could adversely affect a Fund's ability to establish and maintain positions in commodity futures contracts to which such levels apply if a Fund were to trade in such contracts. Such an outcome could adversely affect a Fund's ability to pursue its investment objective.

Daily Limits. U.S. futures exchanges and some foreign exchanges have regulations that limit the amount of fluctuation in futures contract prices that may occur during a single business day. These limits are generally referred to as "daily price fluctuation limits" or "daily limits," and the maximum or minimum price of a contract on any given day as a result of these limits is referred to as a "limit price." Once a limit price has been reached in a particular contract, it is usually the case that no trades may be made at a different price than specified in the limit. The duration of limit prices generally varies. Limit prices may have the effect of precluding a Fund from trading in a particular contract or requiring the Fund to liquidate contracts at disadvantageous times or prices. Either of those outcomes could adversely affect a Fund's ability to pursue its investment objective.

Potential Effects of Positions Limits, Aggregation Limits, Accountability Levels, and Price Fluctuation Limits. The Funds are currently subject to position limits and may be subject to new and more restrictive position limits in the future. If a Fund reached a position limit or accountability level or became subject to a daily limit, its ability to issue new creation units or reinvest income in additional commodity futures contracts may be limited to the extent these restrictions limit its ability to establish new futures positions, add to existing positions, or otherwise transact in futures. Limiting the size of a Fund, or restricting a Fund's futures trading, under these requirements could adversely affect a Fund's ability to pursue its investment objective.

## Off Balance Sheet Financing

As of September 30, 2024, neither the Trust nor any of the Funds has any loan guarantees, credit support or other off-balance sheet arrangements of any kind other than agreements entered into in the normal course of business, which may include indemnification provisions relating to certain risks service providers undertake in performing services which are in the best interests of the Funds. While the exposure of each Fund under these indemnification provisions cannot be estimated, they are not expected to have a material impact on the financial positions of each Fund.

## Redemption Basket Obligation

Other than as necessary to meet the investment objective of the Funds and pay the contractual obligations described below, the Funds will require liquidity to redeem Redemption Baskets. Each Fund intends to satisfy this obligation through the transfer of cash of the Fund (generated, if necessary, through the sale of short-term Treasury Securities or other cash equivalents) in an amount proportionate to the number of units being redeemed.

#### Contractual Obligations

The primary contractual obligations of each Fund will be with the Sponsor and certain other service providers. Except for TAGS, which has no management fee, the Sponsor, in return for its services, will be entitled to a management fee calculated as a fixed percentage of each Agricultural Fund's NAV, currently 1.00% of its average net assets.

CORN, CANE, SOYB, WEAT and TAGS will also be responsible for all ongoing fees, costs and expenses of its operation, including (i) brokerage and other fees and commissions incurred in connection with the trading activities of the Fund; (ii) expenses incurred in connection with registering additional Shares of the Fund or offering Shares of the Fund; (iii) the routine expenses associated with the preparation and, if required, the printing and mailing of monthly, quarterly, annual and other reports required by applicable U.S. federal and state regulatory authorities, Trust meetings and preparing, printing and mailing proxy statement of any distributions related to redemption of Shares; (v) apyment for routine services of the Trustee, legal counsel and independent accountants; (vi) payment for routine accounting, bookkeeping, compliance, distribution and solicitation-related services, custodial and transfer agency services, whether performed by an outside service provider or by affiliates of the Sponsor; (vii) postage and insurance; (viii) costs and expenses associated with client relations and services; (ix) costs of preparation of all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns and any taxes payable on the income, assets or operations of the Fund; and (xi) extraordinary expenses (including, but not limited to, legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs and any indemnification related thereto).

While the Sponsor paid the initial registration fees to the SEC, FINRA and any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares offered through each Agricultural Fund prospectus, the legal, printing, accounting and other expenses associated with such registrations, and the initial fee of approximately \$5,000 for listing the Shares on the NYSE Area, each Fund will be responsible for any registration fees and related expenses incurred in connection with any future offer and sale of Shares of the Fund.

Any general expenses of the Trust will be allocated among the Funds and any other series of the Trust as determined by the Sponsor in its sole and absolute discretion. The Trust is also responsible for extraordinary expenses, including, but not limited to, legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs and any indemnification related thereto. The Trust and/or the Sponsor may be required to indemnify the Trustee, Marketing Agent, or Administrator under certain circumstances.

The parties cannot anticipate the amount of payments that will be required under these arrangements for future periods as the NAV and trading levels to meet investment objectives for each Fund will not be known until a future date. These agreements are effective for a specific term agreed upon by the parties with an option to renew, or, in some cases, are in effect for the duration of each Fund's existence. The parties may terminate these agreements earlier for certain reasons listed in the agreements.

#### Renchmark Performance

Investing in Commodity or Cryptocurrency Interests subjects the Funds to the risks of the underlying commodity or cryptocurrency market, and this could result in substantial fluctuations in the price of each Fund's Shares. Unlike mutual funds, the Funds currently are not expected to distribute dividends to Shareholders. Although this could change if interest rates rise, and the assets of the Funds increase. Investors may choose to use the Funds as a means of investing indirectly in the underlying commodity or cryptocurrency, and there are risks involved in such investments. Investors may choose to use the Funds as vehicles to hedge against the risk of loss, and there are risks involved in hedging activities.

During the period from January 1, 2024 through September 30, 2024 the average daily change in the NAV of each Fund was within plus/minus 10 percent of the average daily change in the Benchmark of each Fund, as stated in the applicable prospectus for each Fund.

Frequency Distribution of Premiums and Discounts: NAV versus the 4pm Bid/Ask Midpoint on the NYSE Arca.

CORN	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Total
Days at premium	26	20	32	30	108
Days at NAV	5	7	4	8	24
Days at discount	32	34	27	26	119

The performance data above for the Teucrium Corn Fund represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment return and value of the Fund's Shares will fluctuate so that an investor's Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance may be lower or higher than performance data quoted.

SOYB	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Total
Days at premium	40	46	28	35	149
Days at NAV	5	2	3	5	15
Days at discount	18	13	32	24	87

The performance data above for the Teucrium Soybean Fund represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment return and value of the Fund's Shares will fluctuate so that an investor's Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance may be lower or higher than performance data quoted.

CANE	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Total
Days at premium	31	28	30	34	123
Days at NAV	10	6	12	7	35
Days at discount	22.	27	21	23	93

The performance data above for the Teuerium Sugar Fund represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment return and value of the Fund's Shares will fluctuate so that an investor's Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance may be lower or higher than performance data quoted.

WEAT	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Total
Days at premium	26	16	21	28	91
Days at NAV	20	24	22	23	89
Days at discount	17	21	20	13	71

The performance data above for the Teucrium Wheat Fund represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment return and value of the Fund's Shares will fluctuate so that an investor's Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance may be lower or higher than performance data quoted.

TAGS	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Total
Days at premium	16	10	27	35	88
Days at NAV	13	5	10	9	37
Days at discount	34	46	26	20	126

The performance data above for the Teucrium Agricultural Fund represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment return and value of the Fund's Shares will fluctuate so that an investor's Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance may be lower or higher than performance data quoted.

For the period from August 2, 2012 through April 10, 2018, TAGS had 50,002 shares outstanding; this represents the minimum number of shares and, thus, no shares could be redeemed until additional shares have been created. This has generated a situation, at times, in which the spread between the bid/ask midpoint at 4pm and the NAV falls outside of the "1 to 49" or "-1 to -49" range. The situation does not affect the actual NAV of the Fund.

#### Description

The above frequency distribution charts present information about the difference between the daily market price for Shares of each Fund and the Fund's reported Net Asset Value per share. The amount that a Fund's market price is above the reported NAV is called the premium. The amount that a Fund's market price is below the reported NAV is called the discount. The market price is determined using the midpoint between the highest bid and the lowest offer on the listing exchange, as of the time that a Fund's NAV is calculated (usually 4:00 p.m., (ET)). Each value in the tables represents the number of trading days in which a Fund traded within the premium/discount range indicated. The premium or discount is expressed in basis points.

\*A unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1% and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument.

NEITHER THE PAST PERFORMANCE OF A FUND NOR THE PRIOR INDEX LEVELS AND CHANGES, POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, SHOULD BE TAKEN AS AN INDICATION OF THE FUND'S FUTURE PERFORMANCE.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

## Market Risk

The discussion and analysis which follows may contain trend analysis and other forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial results. Words such as "anticipate," "respect," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "outlook" and "estimate," as well as similar words and phrases, signify forward-looking statements. The Trust's forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future results and conditions, and important factors, risks and uncertainties may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in our forward-looking statements.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as expressly required by the Federal securities laws, the Sponsor undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or the risks, uncertainties or other factors described in this Report, as a result of new information, future events or changed circumstances or for any other reason after the date of this Report.

Trading in Commodity and Cryptocurrency Interests such as Futures Contracts will involve the Funds entering into contractual commitments to purchase or sell specific amounts of commodities or cryptocurrencies at a specified date in the future. The gross or face amount of the contracts is expected to significantly exceed the future cash requirements of each Fund as each Fund intends to close out any open positions prior to the contractual expiration date. As a result, each Fund's market risk is the risk of loss arising from the decline in value of the contracts, not from the need to make delivery under the contracts. The Funds considered with the commitment by the Funds to purchase a specific commodity or cryptocurrency will be limited to the aggregate face amount of the contracts held.

The exposure of the Funds to market risk will depend primarily on the market price of the specific commodities or cryptocurrency held by the Fund. The market price of the commodities or cryptocurrency depends in part on the volatility of interest rates and foreign exchange rates and the liquidity of the commodity or cryptocurrency specific markets. TAGS is subject to the risks of the commodity specific futures contracts of the Underlying Funds as the fair value of its holdings is based on the NAV of each of the Underlying Funds, each of which is directly impacted by the factors discussed above.

The tables below present a quantitative analysis of hypothetical impact of price decreases and increases in each of the commodity or eryptocurrency futures contracts held by each of the Funds, or the Underlying Funds in the case of TAGS, on the actual holdings and NAV per share as of September 30, 2024. For purposes of this analysis, all futures contracts held by the Funds and the Underlying Funds are assumed to change by the same percentage. In addition, the cash held by the Funds and any management fees paid to the Sponsor are assumed to remain constant and not impact the NAV per share. There may be very slight and immaterial differences, due to rounding, in the tables presented below.

## CORN:

	Septe	ember	30, 2024 as Rep	orted		10% Decrease	1	15% Decrease	2	0% Decrease	10	0% Increase	15	5% Increase	20% Increase
	Number of														
Holdings as of September 30, 2024	Contracts Held	C	Closing Price	No	tional Amount	Notional Amount	N	otional Amount	No	otional Amount	Not	tional Amount	No	tional Amount	Notional Amount
CBOT Corn Futures MAR25	1,007	\$	4.4125	S	22,216,938	\$ 19,995,244	\$	18,884,397	\$	17,773,550	\$	24,438,632	\$	25,549,479	\$ 26,660,326
CBOT Corn Futures MAY25	845	\$	4.5075	S	19,044,188	\$ 17,139,769	\$	16,187,560	\$	15,235,350	\$	20,948,607	\$	21,900,816	\$ 22,853,026
CBOT Corn Futures DEC25	970	\$	4.5400	\$	22,019,000	\$ 19,817,100	\$	18,716,150	\$	17,615,200	\$	24,220,900	\$	25,321,850	\$ 26,422,800
Total CBOT Corn Futures				S	63,280,126	\$ 56,952,113	\$	53,788,107	\$	50,624,100	\$	69,608,139	\$	72,772,145	\$ 75,936,152
Shares outstanding					3,425,004	3,425,004		3,425,004		3,425,004		3,425,004		3,425,004	3,425,004
Net Asset Value per Share attributable directly to CBOT Corn															
Futures				\$	18.48	\$ 16.63	\$	15.70	\$	14.78	\$	20.32	\$	21.25	\$ 22.17
Total Net Asset Value per Share as reported				S	18.48										
Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						\$ (1.85)	\$	(2.77)	\$	(3.70)	\$	1.85	\$	2.77	\$ 3.70
Percent Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						-10.00%		-15.00%		-20.00%		10.00%		15.00%	20.00%

SOYB:

	Septe	mber 30, 2024 a	s Report	ed	10% Decrease	1	15% Decrease	20% Decrease	10% Increase	15% Increase	20% Increase
	Number of										
Holdings as of September 30, 2024	Contracts Held	Closing Price		Notional Amount	Notional Amount	N	otional Amount	Notional Amount	Notional Amount	Notional Amount	Notional Amount
CBOT Soybean Futures JAN25	207	\$ 10.7	525 \$	11,128,838	\$ 10,015,954	\$	9,459,512	\$ 8,903,070	\$ 12,241,722	\$ 12,798,164	\$ 13,354,606
CBOT Soybean Futures MAR25	175	\$ 10.8	850 \$	9,524,375	\$ 8,571,938	\$	8,095,719	\$ 7,619,500	\$ 10,476,813	\$ 10,953,031	\$ 11,429,250
CBOT Soybean Futures NOV25	202	\$ 10.9	475 \$	11,056,975	\$ 9,951,278	\$	9,398,429	\$ 8,845,580	\$ 12,162,673	\$ 12,715,521	\$ 13,268,370
Total CBOT Soybean Futures			S	31,710,188	\$ 28,539,170	\$	26,953,660	\$ 25,368,150	\$ 34,881,208	\$ 36,466,716	\$ 38,052,226
Shares outstanding				1,375,004	1,375,004		1,375,004	1,375,004	1,375,004	1,375,004	1,375,004
Net Asset Value per Share attributable directly to CBOT Soybean											
Futures			S	23.06	\$ 20.76	\$	19.60	\$ 18.45	\$ 25.37	\$ 26.52	\$ 27.67
Total Net Asset Value per Share as reported			S	23.06							
Change in the Net Asset Value per Share					\$ (2.31)	\$	(3.46)	\$ (4.61)	\$ 2.31	\$ 3.46	\$ 4.61
Percent Change in the Net Asset Value per Share					-10.00%	ó	-15.00%	-20.00%	10.00%	15.00%	20.00%

# CANE:

	Septe	mber 3	0, 2024 as Rep	orted		10% Decrease	1	15% Decrease	20	% Decrease	104	% Increase	159	% Increase	20% Increase
	Number of														
Holdings as of September 30, 2024	Contracts Held	Cl	osing Price	Not	ional Amount	Notional Amount	N	lotional Amount	No	tional Amount	Noti	onal Amount	Noti	onal Amount	Notional Amount
ICE #11 Sugar Futures MAY25	215	\$	0.2105	S	5,068,840	\$ 4,561,956	\$	4,308,514	\$	4,055,072	\$	5,575,724	\$	5,829,166	\$ 6,082,608
ICE #11 Sugar Futures JUL25	193	\$	0.2012	S	4,349,139	\$ 3,914,225	\$	3,696,768	\$	3,479,311	\$	4,784,053	\$	5,001,510	\$ 5,218,967
ICE #11 Sugar Futures MAR26	226	\$	0.1994	S	5,047,213	\$ 4,542,492	\$	4,290,131	\$	4,037,770	\$	5,551,934	\$	5,804,295	\$ 6,056,656
Total ICE #11 Sugar Futures				S	14,465,192	\$ 13,018,673	\$	12,295,413	\$	11,572,153	\$	15,911,711	\$	16,634,971	\$ 17,358,231
Shares outstanding					1,100,004	1,100,004		1,100,004		1,100,004		1,100,004		1,100,004	1,100,004
Net Asset Value per Share attributable directly to ICE #11 Sugar															
Futures				\$	13.15	\$ 11.84	\$	11.18	\$	10.52	\$	14.47	\$	15.12	\$ 15.78
Total Net Asset Value per Share as reported				S	13.15										
Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						\$ (1.32)	\$	(1.97)	\$	(2.63)	\$	1.32	\$	1.97	\$ 2.63
Percent Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						-10.00%		-15.00%		-20.00%		10.00%		15.00%	20.00

# WEAT:

	Septe	mber 30	), 2024 as Rep	orted		10% 1	Decrease	1:	5% Decrease	20%	Decrease	10	% Increase	15	% Increase	20	0% Increase
	Number of																
Holdings as of September 30, 2024	Contracts Held	Clo	sing Price	Not	tional Amount	Notiona	al Amount	No	otional Amount	Notio	nal Amount	Not	ional Amount	Noti	ional Amount	Not	tional Amount
CBOT Wheat Futures MAR25	1,595	\$	6.0425	S	48,188,937	\$	43,370,043	\$	40,960,596	\$	38,551,150	\$	53,007,831	\$	55,417,278	\$	57,826,724
CBOT Wheat Futures MAY25	1,344	\$	6.1575	\$	41,378,400	\$	37,240,560	\$	35,171,640	\$	33,102,720	\$	45,516,240	\$	47,585,160	\$	49,654,080
CBOT Wheat Futures DEC26	1,491	\$	6.4550	\$	48,122,025	\$	43,309,823	\$	40,903,721	\$	38,497,620	\$	52,934,228	\$	55,340,329	\$	57,746,430
Total CBOT Wheat Futures				\$	137,689,362	\$ 1	123,920,426	\$	117,035,957	S	110,151,490	\$	151,458,299	\$	158,342,767	\$	165,227,234
Shares outstanding					26,300,004		26,300,004		26,300,004		26,300,004		26,300,004		26,300,004		26,300,004
Net Asset Value per Share attributable directly to CBOT Wheat																	l.
Futures				S	5.24	\$	4.71	\$	4.45	\$	4.19	\$	5.76	\$	6.02	\$	6.28
Total Net Asset Value per Share as reported				\$	5.24												
Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						\$	(0.52)	\$	(0.79)	\$	(1.05)	\$	0.52	\$	0.79	\$	1.05
Percent Change in the Net Asset Value per Share							-10.00%		-14.99%		-19.99%		10.00%		14.99%		19.99%

# TAGS:

	September 30, 2024 as Reported				10% Decrease		15% Decrease		20% Decrease	10% Increase	1	5% Increase	2	0% Increase	
	Number of Shares								Г						
Holdings as of September 30, 2024	Held	C	losing NAV		Fair Value	Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value	Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value
Teucrium Corn Fund	159,401	\$	18.4757	S	2,945,045	\$ 2,650,541	\$	2,503,288	\$	2,356,036	\$ 3,239,550	\$	3,386,802	\$	3,534,054
Teucrium Soybean Fund	128,582	\$	23.0577	S	2,964,805	\$ 2,668,325	\$	2,520,084	\$	2,371,844	\$ 3,261,286	\$	3,409,526	\$	3,557,766
Teucrium Wheat Fund	562,112	\$	5.2372	S	2,943,893	\$ 2,649,504	\$	2,502,309	\$	2,355,114	\$ 3,238,282	\$	3,385,477	\$	3,532,672
Teucrium Sugar Fund	220,400	\$	13.1486	S	2,897,952	\$ 2,608,157	\$	2,463,259	\$	2,318,362	\$ 3,187,747	\$	3,332,645	\$	3,477,542
Total value of shares of the Underlying Funds				S	11,751,695	\$ 10,576,527	\$	9,988,940	\$	9,401,356	\$ 12,926,865	\$	13,514,450	\$	14,102,034
Shares outstanding					437,502	437,502		437,502		437,502	437,502		437,502		437,502
Net Asset Value per Share attributable directly to shares of the															
Underlying Funds				S	26.86	\$ 24.17	\$	22.83	\$	21.49	\$ 29.55	\$	30.89	\$	32.23
Total Net Asset Value per Share as reported				S	26.88										
Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						\$ (2.69)	\$	(4.03)	\$	(5.37)	\$ 2.69	\$	4.03	\$	5.37
Percent Change in the Net Asset Value per Share						-9.99%	ó	-14.99%		-19.98%	9.99%		14.99%		19.98%

Margin is the minimum amount of funds that must be deposited by a commodity or cryptocurrency interest trader with the trader's broker to initiate and maintain an open position in futures contracts. A margin deposit acts to assure the trader's performance of the futures contracts purchased or sold. Futures contracts are customarily bought and sold on initial margin that represents a small percentage of the aggregate purchase or sales price of the contract. Because of such low margin requirements, price fluctuations occurring in the futures markets may create profits and losses that, in relation to the amount invested, are greater than customary in other forms of investment or speculation. As discussed below, adverse price changes in the futures contract may result in margin requirements that greatly exceed the initial margin. In addition, the amount of margin required in connection with a particular futures contract is set from time to time by the exchange on which the contract is traded and may be modified from time to time by the exchange on which the contract. Brokerage firms, such as the Funds' clearing brokers, carrying accounts for traders in commodity or cryptocurrency interest contracts generally require higher amounts of margin as a matter of policy to further protect themselves. An FCM may impose a financial cciling on initial margin that could change and become more or less restrictive on a Fund's activities depending upon a variety of conditions beyond the Sponsor's control. Over the counter trading generally involves the extension of credit between counterparties, so the counterparties may agree to require the posting of collateral by one or both parties to address credit exposure.

When a trader purchases an option, there is no margin requirement; however, the option premium must be paid in full. When a trader sells an option, on the other hand, he or she is required to deposit margin in an amount determined by the margin requirements established for the underlying interest and, in addition, an amount substantially equal to the current premium for the option. The margin requirements imposed on the selling of options, although adjusted to reflect the probability that out-of-the-money options will not be exercised, can in fact be higher than those imposed in dealing in the futures markets directly. Complicated margin requirements apply to spreads and conversions, which are complex trading strategies in which a trader acquires a mixture of options positions and positions in the underlying interest.

Ongoing or "maintenance" margin requirements are computed each day by a trader's clearing broker. When the market value of a particular open futures contract changes to a point where the margin on deposit does not satisfy maintenance margin requirements, a margin call is made by the broker. If the margin call is not met within a reasonable time, the broker may close out the trader's position. With respect to the Funds' trading, the Funds (and not their shareholders personally) are subject to margin calls.

Finally, many major U.S. exchanges have passed certain cross margining arrangements involving procedures pursuant to which the futures and options positions held in an account would, in the case of some accounts, be aggregated, and margin requirements would be assessed on a portfolio basis, measuring the total risk of the combined positions.

The Dodd-Frank Act requires the CFTC, the SEC and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Farm Credit System and the Federal Housing Finance Agency (collectively, the "Prudential Regulators") to establish "both initial and variation margin requirements on all swaps that are not cleared by a registered clearing organization" (i.e., uncleared or over the counter swaps). The proposed rules would require swap dealers and major swap participants to collect both variation and initial margin from counterpartical end-users" swap that such as the Funds or Underlying Funds and in certain circumstances require these swap dealers or major swap participants to post variation margin or initial margin to the Funds or Underlying Funds. The CFTC and the Prudential Regulators finalized these rules in 2016 and compliance became necessary in September 2016.

An "exchange for related position" ("EFRP") can be used by the Fund as a technique to facilitate the exchanging of a futures hedge position against a creation or redemption order, and thus the Fund may use an EFRP transaction in connection with the creation and redemption of shares. The market specialist/market maker that is the ultimate purchaser or seller of shares in connection with the creation or redemption basket, respectively, agrees to sell or purchase a corresponding offsetting futures position which is then settled on the same business day as a cleared futures transaction by the FCMs. The Fund will become subject to the credit risk of the market specialist/market maker until the EFRP is settled within the business day, which is typically 7 hours or less. The Fund reports all activity related to EFRP transactions under the procedures and guidelines of the CFTC and the exchanges on which the futures are traded.

The Funds, other than TAGS, will generally retain cash positions of approximately 95% of total net assets; this balance represents the total net assets less the initial margin requirements held by the FCM. These cash assets are either: 1) deposited by the Sponsor in demand deposit accounts of financial institutions which are deemed by the Sponsor to be of investment level quality, 2) held in a money-market fund which is deemed to be a cash equivalent under the most recent SEC definition, or 3) held in a cash equivalent with a maturity of 90 days or less that is deemed by the Sponsor to be of investment level quality.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

## Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Trust and each Fund maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Trust's periodic reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms for the Trust and each Fund thereof.

Management of the Sponsor of the Funds ("Management"), including Sal Gilbertie, the Sponsor's Principal Financial Officer, who perform functions equivalent to those of a principal executive officer and Cory Mullen-Rusin, the Sponsor's Principal Financial Officer, who perform functions equivalent to those of a principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Trust if the Trust had any officers, have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Trust's and each Fund's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of such period, to ensure that information the Trust is required to disclose in the reports that it files or submits with the SEC under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Trust in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange and communicated to management of the Sponsor, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The scope of the evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures covers the Trust, as well as separately for each Fund that is a series of the Trust.

The certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are applicable to each Fund individually as well as the Trust as a whole.

## Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in the Trust's or the Funds' internal controls over the financial reporting (as defined in the Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during the Trust's last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Trust's or the Funds' internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

## Litigation and Claims

A settlement agreement ("Agreement"), by and among Teucrium Trading, Salvatore Gilbertie, Carl Miller III, Cory Mullen-Rusin, Steve Kahler, and Dale and Barbara Riker, was entered into as of April 26, 2024 and became effective on May 10, 2024. The Agreement resolves all of the claims raised in the actions captioned Dale Riker v. Sal Gilbertie et al., C.A. 656794/2020 (N.Y. Supreme Court), Sal Gilbertie, et. al. v. Dale Riker, et al., C.A. 2020-1018-LWW (Del. Ch.) and Dale Riker, et al. v. Teucrium Trading, LLC, C.A. 2022-1030-LWW (Del. Ch.).

On May 10, 2024, Van Eck Associates Corporation replaced Dale Riker as a Class A member of the Sponsor.

Except as described above, within the past 10 years of the date of this report, there have been no material administrative, civil, or criminal actions against the Sponsor, the Trust or any of the Funds, or any principal or affiliate of any of them. This includes any actions pending, on appeal, concluded, threatened, or otherwise known to them.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors applicable to Funds

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, filed on February 29, 2024 other than those noted below:

Risks Arising from the Israel-Hamas War

A recent report by the World Bank's Commodity Markets Outlook raised concerns about the global commodity markets, indicating that an escalation of the ongoing conflict in the Middle East, coupled with disruptions caused by Russia's invasion of Ukraine, could lead to unforeseen challenges in the world's commodities, which could lead to additional volatility in commodity futures contracts.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) None.
- On July 31, 2010, for all Funds listed below except the Teucrium Agricultural Fund for which the contribution was made on April 1, 2011, the Sponsor made the following capital contributions and received the following shares for that contribution prior to each Fund's commencement of operations; such shares were sold in private offerings exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended:
- a \$100 capital contribution to the Teucrium Corn Fund, another series of the Trust, in exchange for four shares of such fund; a \$100 capital contribution to the Teucrium Soybean Fund, another series of the Trust, in exchange for four shares of such fund;
- a \$100 capital contribution to the Teucrium Sugar Fund, another series of the Trust, in exchange for four shares of such fund; a \$100 capital contribution to the Teucrium Wheat Fund, another series of the Trust, in exchange for four shares of such fund; and a \$100 capital contribution to the Teucrium Agricultural Fund, another series of the Trust, in exchange for two shares of such fund.

## Teucrium Corn Fund

	Registration Statement on Form S-1	File Number	Registered Common Units	Effective Date
1		333-162033	30,000,000	June 7, 2010
2		333-187463	-	April 30, 2013
3		333-210010	· ·	April 29, 2016
4		333-230626	-	April 29, 2019
5		333-237234	10,000,000	May 1, 2020
6		333-248546	20,000,000	October 2, 2020
7		333-263434	Indeterminate Number of Shares	April 7, 2022

From June 9, 2010 (the commencement of operations) through September 30, 2024, 47,800,000 Shares of the Fund were sold at an aggregate offering price of \$1,067,238,258 The Fund paid fees to the Marketing Agent for its services to the Fund from June 9, 2010 (the commencement of operations) through September 30, 2024 in an amount equal to \$1,254,691, resulting in net offering proceeds of \$1,065,983,567. The offering proceeds were invested in corn futures contracts and cash and cash equivalents in accordance with the Fund's investment objective stated in the prospectus.

## Teucrium Soybean Fund

	Registration Statement on Form S-1	File Number	Registered Common Units	Effective Date
1		333-167590	10,000,000	June 13, 2011
2		333-196210		June 30, 2014
3		333-217247		May 1, 2017
4		333-223940	5,000,000	April 30, 2018
5		333-241569	15,000,000	August 24, 2020
6		333-263448	Indeterminate Number of Shares	April 7, 2022

From September 19, 2011 (the commencement of the offering) through September 30, 2024, 17,500,000 Shares of the Fund were sold at an aggregate offering price of \$327,483,337. The Fund paid fees to the Marketing Agent for its services to the Fund through September 30, 2024 in an amount equal to \$276,887, resulting in net offering proceeds of \$327,206,450. The offering proceeds were invested in soybean futures contracts and cash and cash equivalents in accordance with the Fund's investment objective stated in the prospectus.

## Teucrium Sugar Fund

	Registration Statement on Form S-1	File Number	Registered Common Units	Effective Date
1		333-167585	10,000,000	June 13, 2011
2		333-196211	-	June 30, 2014
3		333-217248	-	May 1, 2017
4		333-223941	5,000,000	April 30, 2018
5		333-248545	15,000,000	October 2, 2020
6		333-263438	Indeterminate Number of Shares	April 7, 2022

From September 19, 2011 (the commencement of the offering) through September 30, 2024, 13,675,000 Shares of the Fund were sold at an aggregate offering price of \$131,301,928. The Fund paid fees to the Marketing Agent for its services to the Fund through September 30, 2024 in an amount equal to \$119,180, resulting in net offering proceeds of \$131,182,748. The offering proceeds were invested in sugar futures contracts and cash and cash equivalents in accordance with the Fund's investment objective stated in the prospectus.

## Teucrium Wheat Fund

	Registration Statement on Form S-1	File Number	Registered Common Units	Effective Date
1		333-167591	10,000,000	June 13, 2011
2		333-196209		June 30, 2014
3		333-212481	25,050,000	July 15, 2016
4		333-230623	30,000,000	April 29, 2019
5		333-263293	Indeterminate Number of Shares	March 9, 2022

From September 19, 2011 (the commencement of the offering) through September 30, 2024, 134,600,000 Shares of the Fund were sold at an aggregate offering price of \$1,249,453,196. The Fund paid fees to the Marketing Agent for its services to the Fund through September 30, 2024 in an amount equal to \$637,270, resulting in net offering proceeds of \$1,248,815,926. The offering proceeds were invested in wheat futures contracts and cash and cash equivalents in accordance with the Fund's investment objective stated in the prospectus.

# Teucrium Agricultural Fund

Registration	on Statement on Form S-1	File Number	Registered Common Units	Effective Date
1		333-173691	5,000,000	February 10, 2012
2		333-201953		April 30, 2015
3		333-223943		April 30, 2018
4		333-254650		April 30, 2021
5		333-263450	Indeterminate Number of Shares	April 7, 2022

From March 28, 2012 (the commencement of the offering) through September 30, 2024, 2,287,500 Shares of the Fund were sold at an aggregate offering price of \$77,555,646. The Fund paid fees to the Marketing Agent for its services to the Fund through September 30, 2024 in an amount equal to \$37,007, resulting in net offering proceeds of \$77,518,639. The offering proceeds were invested in Shares of the Underlying Funds and cash and cash equivalents in accordance with the Fund's investment objective stated in the prospectus.

## Issuer Purchases of CORN Shares:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Avera	ge Price Paid per Share		Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 to July 31, 2024	250,000	\$	18.09	N/A	N/A
August 1 to August 31, 2024	225,000	\$	17.54	N/A	N/A
September 1 to September 30, 2024	50,000	\$	18.06	N/A	N/A
Total	525,000	\$	17.85		
January 1 to September 30, 2024	1,525,000	\$	19.36	N/A	N/A

# Issuer Purchases of CANE Shares:

Period Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per S	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs hare	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 to July 31, 2024	125,000	\$ 11.63	N/A	N/A
August 1 to August 31, 2024	100,000	\$ 11.11	N/A	N/A
September 1 to September 30, 2024	125,000	\$ 12.87	N/A	N/A
Total	350,000	\$ 11.92		
January 1 to September 30, 2024	700,000	\$ 12.60	N/A	N/A

# Issuer Purchases of WEAT Shares:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Av	erage Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 to July 31, 2024	-	\$		N/A	N/A
August 1 to August 31, 2024	325,000	\$	5.04	N/A	N/A
September 1 to September 30, 2024	1,475,000	\$	5.19	N/A	N/A
Total	1,800,000	\$	5.16		
January 1 to September 30, 2024	8,350,000	\$	5.57	N/A	N/A

# Issuer Purchases of SOYB Shares:

Period	Total Number of Shares	Average Price Paid per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May		
reriou	Purchased			Announced Plans or Programs	Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs		
July 1 to July 31, 2024	50,000	\$	23.30	N/A	N/A		
August 1 to August 31, 2024	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A		
September 1 to September 30, 2024	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A		
Total	50,000	S	23.30				
	425.000		24.05	27/4	27/4		
January 1 to September 30, 2024	425,000	- 5	24.95	N/A	N/A		

# Issuer Purchases of TAGS Shares:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Av	verage Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 to July 31, 2024	50,000	\$	25.88	N/A	N/A
August 1 to August 31, 2024	25,000	\$	24.60	N/A	N/A
September 1 to September 30, 2024	-	\$		N/A	N/A
Total	75,000	\$	25.45		
January 1 to September 30, 2024	187,500	\$	27.05	N/A	N/A

# Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

(a) None.

(b) Not Applicable.

# Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report as required under Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

Certification by the Principal Executive Officer of the Registrant pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Exchange Act. (1)
Certification by the Principal Financial Officer of the Registrant pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Exchange Act. (1)
Certification by the Principal Executive Officer of the Registrant pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Exchange Act. (1)
Certification by the Principal Executive Officer of the Registrant pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (1)
Certification by the Principal Financial Officer of the Registrant pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (1)
Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document 31.1 31.2 32.1 32.2 101.INS 101.SCH 101.CAL 101.DEF 101.LAB 101.PRE 104

(1) Filed herewith.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

# Teucrium Commodity Trust (Registrant)

Teucrium Trading, LLC its Sponsor By:

/s/ Cory Mullen-Rusin Cory Mullen-Rusin Chief Financial Officer By: Name:

Date: November 12, 2024

# Teucrium Commodity Trust (Registrant)

Teucrium Trading, LLC its Sponsor By:

Name:

/s/ Sal Gilbertie
Sal Gilbertie
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 12, 2024

## CERTIFICATION

- I, Sal Gilbertie, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Teucrium Commodity Trust (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
  - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By:/s/ Sal Gilbertie

Sal Gilbertie Chief Executive Officer Teucrium Trading, LLC Sponsor of Teucrium Commodity Trust

## CERTIFICATION

- I, Cory Mullen-Rusin, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Teucrium Commodity Trust (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
  - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By:/s/ Cory Mullen-Rusin

Cory Mullen-Rusin Chief Financial Officer/Chief Accounting Officer Teucrium Trading, LLC Sponsor of Teucrium Commodity Trust

# CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, I, Sal Gilbertie, Principal Executive Officer of Teucrium Trading, LLC, the Sponsor of Teucrium Commodity Trust (the "Registrant"), hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the Registrant's report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 the "Report"), which accompanies this certification, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By:/s/ Sal Gilbertie

Sal Gilbertie Chief Executive Officer Teucrium Trading, LLC, Sponsor of Teucrium Commodity Trust

# CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, I, Cory Mullen-Rusin, Principal Financial Officer of Teucrium Trading, LLC, the Sponsor of Teucrium Commodity Trust (the "Registrant"), hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the Registrant's report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024, (the "Report"), which accompanies this certification, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By:/s/ Cory Mullen-Rusin

Cory Mullen-Rusin Chief Financial Officer/Chief Accounting Officer Teucrium Trading, LLC, Sponsor of Teucrium Commodity Trust